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VOL: XXXVIII NO. 157 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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U.S. ADVANCE POST CUT OFF

REDS POISED FOR MAJOR CLASH

American Infantry Unit Isolated

TOKYO, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

NORTH Korean forces estimated at three or four divisions in a sweeping outflanking movement from Suwon, cut off an American advance post, and are now poised for a major clash with main American troops straddling their southward drive.

No news has come through of the fate of the American infantry unit by-passed by Communist tanks which rumbled on down the main highway from Suwon defying American artillery fire and over head American and Australian fighter planes.

Latest despatches reported that somewhere between Suwon and Osan on the road to the American advanced headquarters at Taejon, the American gunners came under small-arms fire.

Communist tanks had skirted round the American flank and pierced through between the infantry and its supporting artillery.

In teeming rain, the frontline Americans called up reinforcements of men and anti-tank weapons to stiffen the front for the now inevitable clash, awaited any moment. Stepping up the unremitting air onslaught on the North Koreans communications lines, fighter planes of British and American aircraft-carriers completed a two-day hammering of bridges, trains, troop buses and airfield installations. No losses or casualties are reported. They shot down two Russian-built Yak-9's and strafed six Yaks and two LI-2's on the ground. Roaring over battered Pyongyang, North Korean capital, they heavily damaged building and hangar areas on the town's airfield, according to Vice-Admiral Charles T. Joy, United States Far East Naval Forces Commander.

Nearby other planes bombed and strafed the approaches to the main railway bridge across the Taedong River.

In air strikes by naval planes yesterday, bombs hurtled down on the northern span of this bridge and on railway marshalling yards north of Pyongyang. The aircraft veered off home to their carriers leaving smoke curling up from large fires at Chinnampo.

Over the area of Suwon, which fell two days ago to the Communists now pressing on to Osan, fighters of the American and Australian Air Forces were up again today strafing the Communists tank and infantry columns.

Murky, wet weather with low clouds, alternating with brighter flying conditions, threatened to peg back the airmen, now near to chalking up their 1,000th sortie of the war.

Leaflet-dropping planes were still carrying on the propaganda war which, according to Koreans fleeing from areas overrun by the Communists, is having "favourable results."

An announcement by General Douglas MacArthur's headquarters said "drops are being made behind North Korean lines in the late afternoon to enable South Koreans, hiding during daylight to avoid capture, to find leaflets without being detected and to lessen the possibility of North Korean troops gathering up leaflets."

With the Communists pushing on in the centre of the straggling front, South Koreans falling back from eva-

(Continued on Page 7)

RUSSIA WILL COME ROUND

LONDON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter).

Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Minister, "does not despair" of Russia's eventually becoming a full working member of the United Nations, co-operating with other countries in the interests of peace.

This was stated today by Lord Henderson, Foreign Affairs Under-Secretary, replying to a question in the House of Lords.

Lord Vansittart, former diplomatic adviser to the Foreign Office, had asked what practical advantage was gained by Russia's "nominal membership" of the United Nations.

He recalled that Russia had refused to "help in restoring peace in Korea."

Lord Henderson replied that any step taken now away from eventual Russian co-operation would only make it more difficult to attain that end.

Delhi Surprised

'INDIA'S POLICY WAS NOT INFLUENCED'

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): Official circles in New Delhi have been "astonished" at the statement made by Mr. Arthur Krock the New York Times political writer that President Truman's assurance of military aid in Indo-China greatly influenced India's acceptance of United Nations Korean resolution.

These circles point out that as was clearly indicated in their statement, the Government of India's decision regarding the second resolution of the Security Council was limited to the Korean dispute and did not in any way involve any change in the foreign policy of India. India has not recognised either of the two contending parties in Indo-China and has repeatedly expressed the view that it was for the people of Indo-China to chose their Government without any interference from outside.

The suggestion made by Mr. Krock that the promise of a military aid in Indo-China by President Truman had in any way influenced India's acceptance of the second resolution of the Security Council is described as being "without foundation."

3 Alleged Robbers Arrested

AMBALA July 5, (PTI): The Railway Police arrested today two of the three alleged culprits concerned with robbery case in which Miss C. Hutton of the Indian Military Nursing Services was relieved of her cash and jewellary while trasvelling by train between Panipat and Karnal on July 2.

INDIA HAS MADE NO OFFICIAL APPROACH

Britain Denies Mediation Move Over Korea

LONDON, July 5. (PTI-Reuter).

A British Foreign Office spokesman told a press conference today that "no official approach" had been received from India proposing mediation over Korea.

He repeated this denial when a correspondent alleged that such approaches had been made by Indian Representatives in Washington and Moscow.

He said that Mr. Benegal Narsinga Rau, Indian Representative at Lake Success had himself stated that the remarks he had made in support of mediation were a purely personal view.

Asked whether any approach in favour of mediation made by Mr. Rau would be considered in these circumstances to be "unofficial", the spokesman refused to make any further statement.

In reply to another questioner asking whether the British Government favoured a direct approach to the Soviet Government, the spokesman said "Britain had already made one approach to which it was still awaiting a reply".

He was referring to the call paid by the British Ambassador in Moscow, Sir David Kelly, at the Soviet Foreign Office last week to urge the Soviet Government to use its influence to end the Korean fighting.

RIVER-SIDE BRAWL LEADS TO STABBING

Assailants Arrested

NEW DELHI, July 5, (UPI): A brawl over bathing in the Jamuna last evening culminated in a stabbing and the arrest of the two alleged stabbers, who tried their best to escape after the incident.

It is stated that Mangal Sain, a young man, was bathing in Jamuna. When he jumped from a high spot into the river. The water spalshed on two persons named Banwari Lal and Banke Lal.

Both of whom got furious and protested angrily. Hot words it was reported, soon degenerated into a physical clash and Banwari Lal and Banke Lal are alleged to have stabbed Mangal Sain.

After the incident they, it is reported, fled away, but were chased and taken into custody. A case for attempt to murder has been registered against both of them.

Security Council Meets

A general view of the Security Council Conference room during the vote of the sanction resolution presented by U.S.A. The vote was seven to one in favour of the Resolution that time.

BOMBAY TO FLOAT 3 CRORES LOAN

Repayable In 1960

BOMBAY, July 5, (PTI): Two State Governments, Bombay and Madras, will shortly float loans of Rs. three crores each, it was reported in Financial circles in Bombay today.

Both are likely to be short-dated loans repayable in 1960. The interest rate will be three per cent, but the issue prices have not been determined yet.

Bombay's Finance Minister had stated in his budget speech that the State Government would borrow Rs. six and a half crores in the current financial year.

The Madras Government's capital expenditure during this year was estimated at Rs. 15 crores.

Strike Threat

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 5: Mill Kamdars of Saurashtra have threatened to go on strike if the demand of minimum wages, equalisation in salaries and enhancement in dearness allowance are not granted.

THREE KILLED BY CYANIDE GAS

Scores Affected Aboard 'Cheshire'

BIRKENHEAD, CHESHIRE, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

CYANIDE Gas killed one man and overcame scores of others after sweeping into the engine room of the 10,552-ton immigrant liner "Cheshire" here today. More than 40 men, most of them Indian seamen, were taken to hospital after a pocket of gas, which had been used for fumigation, penetrated into the engine room.

Two of the men, whose names and nationality were not immediately known, died in hospital.

The "Cheshire" was preparing to sail for Australia with 650 emigrants.

Firemen in gas masks searched the bows of the ship for any missing men while the unconscious seamen were hauled to the deck and loaded into ambulances.

All but the six men seriously affected by the gas were expected to leave the hospital later today. Many of the men working in the engine room were overcome when the gas seeped through. One of the crew said the ship had been fumigated last night but was today declared "all clear" There were, however, pockets of gas in the closed ventilators, which when opened forced the cyanide into the engine room.

Many of the men were gassed when they went to aid one of the crew who was suddenly overcome. Most recovered on deck and on the dockside.

State Of War In Moluccas

ANTI-INDONESIAN ACTIVITIES

THE HAGUE, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): The Indonesian Cabinet was reported today by "Aneta" Netherland's news agency to have declared a 'State of war and selge" in the Moluccas.

It was assumed here that the order applied to the South Moluccas round the Amboina area where a "Republic of the South Moluccas" was proclaimed on April 26.

The Indonesian High Commissioner's office here said nothing was known of any anti-United states of Indonesia movement in the North Moluccas. Latest reports from there said the situation was normal.

Razvi Wants Nizam Too To Be Made Accused

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 5, (PTI): Syed Kasim Razvi today submitted an application before the special tribunal trying him, Mir Laik Ali, former Prime Minister of Hyderabad, and fifteen others, requesting that the Nizam, the Rajpramukh of Hyderabad should be made a party accused to the case.

Young Men At Work!

CALCUTTA, July 5 (PTI).

Six young men, armed with revolvers and daggers, held up a motor van carrying about Rs. 64,000 in Cossipore, a northern suburb of Calcutta, this afternoon and drove away with the money after forcing the five occupants of the van to get down at the point of revolvers.

The occupants were employees of a alcuttta firm and were carrying the money to the firm's factory at Cossipore.

Police investigation is proceeding, but neither the van nor the culprits have been traced.

More Penicillin For Doctors

STOCK POSITION IMPROVES

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Due to an improvement in the stock position of penicillin, the Government of Bombay has decided to release to Registered Medical Practitioners up to 20 lakh units of crystalline penicillin and 12 lakh units of procaine thereafter, at a time, says a press note. Registered Medical Practitioners in the districts can, therefore, replenish their supplies from time to time on furnishing names and addresses of the patients for whom the previous supplies were used. Arrangements are being made to despatch the requisite additional quantities of penicillin to the Civil Surgeons of the districts. Members of the public will, however, be given penicillin only up to six lakh units of crystalline penicillin and one vial of procaine penicillin on the production of a prescription of a Registered Medical Practitioner.

CASUALTIES IN LANDSLIDES

131 Dead And 83 Injured In Darjeeling

CALCUTTA, July 5, (PTI): The death-roll in last month's landslides in Parjeeling district now totals 131, according to information received by the West Bengal Government today.

Eighty-three others were injured and 188 houses were damaged.

Rescue and relief operations are continuing. There has been some improvement in the road communication between Darjeeling and Kalimpong, and nearly a hundred maunds of rice and wheat products reached Kalimpong today.

The Food Minister, Mr. P. C. Sen, and Mr. Bhupati Majumdar, Minister for Works and Buildings, are leaving tomorrow morning on a week's tour of the affected areas in Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong. They will be accompanied by the Food Commissioner and the Chief Engineer of the Works and Buildings Department.

324 Punjab Teachers On Token Fast

AMBALA, July 5, (PTI): Three hundred and twenty-four members of the staff of the thirteen Government technical institutes in the Punjab observed a one-day token fast today to register their protest against the non-revision of their salary grades by the Government, it is learnt here.

The staff of the Government Technical Institute, Ambala, also went without food.

Open New Talks With Soviet Russia

CHURCHILL'S CALL IN COMMONS

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL today called for new talks with the Russians to seek a settlement before they possess the "devastating power" of atomic weapons.

"It is my belief that the American superiority in atomic warfare is, for the time being, an effective deterrent against a general Communist onslaught", Britain's war-time Premier told the House of Commons, debating the Korea war.

The Conservative Opposition leader joined Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee in declaring that British and American action in Korea gave the best chance of maintaining world peace. Amid the applause of a crowded House, Mr. Attlee said the world was "indebted to the United States Government" for its prompt action in defending South Korea against "naked aggression".

RESOLUTE EFFORT

Mr. Churchill, making his call for "a resolute effort" to come to a settlement with the Russians by peaceful means, added that there could be no better prelude to such discussions than "the successful repulse of the Communist forces now invading Korea."

He urged a secret session to give the House more information in "this deepening crisis."

ACTION AGAINST REDS

Appealing for unanimous support for the Government's action, Mr. Attlee had spoken of Korea as only one manifestation of Communist pressure. "We are resisting this attack in Malaya. We have to be on our guard in other parts of the world", he said. Britain was taking "all possible steps to build up conditions in the world which will not be fruitful soil for Communist propaganda."

Mr. Attlee's Labour administration, which has a majority of only six, was assured in advance of overwhelming all-party backing for a Government motion asking Parliamentary approval of its action on Korea.

Rebutting the allegation that the Security Council resolutions were invalid because of Russia's absence, Mr. Attlee said: "It was never intended the

Continued on Page 7

Formosa Can Start Real War

MANY LIKE TO GET RID OF CHIANG

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
LONDON, July 5.

It is unlikely the Russia will intervene in the Korean war while the fighting is confined south of the 38 parallel but Formosa could start a real war. It might also create a split in the United Nations as many members question the wisdom of American decision to screen Formosa. If American fleets attempt defence of Formosa it will be considered intervention in Chinese affairs and fully resisted.

In China Chiang Kai-shek is the most despised person and it is felt in many quarters that to avert war he should be got rid of. India is expected to mediate in this matter but such a move will receive no welcome so far the status quo remains unrestored.

5 Injured In Communal Clash At Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, July 5 (PTI): Five persons are reported to have been injured in a communal clash at Jubbulpore this evening.

The trouble arose from a scuffle between two flour mill owners belonging to rival communities. In the course of the affray free exchange of brickbats took place, accompanied by cases of arson and looting.

The police immediately arrived on the spot and the situation was brought under control.

Steel-helmeted pickets and mobile squads are guarding the locality.

SOLDIERS TO EASE LONDON STRIKE

Stoppage Of Work Spreads

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): Soldiers and airmen today marched into twenty-eight strikebound provision warehouses in Central London to take over the delivery of butter, margarine bacon, cheese, eggs, and other food.

Convoys of lorries took the supplies to thousands of grocers shops in the capital which have had no deliveries since Monday.

The Government decided to order the troops in when more than 1,000 warehousemen and drivers employed by wholesale provisions firms joined the twelve-day-old London food strike. Wholesale chiefs had appealed to the Government for immediate aid to enable London's eight million to get their full food rations.

More than 4,000 men are now involved in the strike which broke when 1,400 meat delivery drivers in the Smithfield central meat market stopped work as a protest against alleged delay in handling their claim for a nineteen shillings a week wage increase.

They were joined by the meat market porters and shopmen and men in the neighbouring cold storage plants and a poultry market.

IRON MERCHANTS ARRESTED

Blackmarketing Charge

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 5: The Central Enforcement Branch today arrested two owners of iron firms for alleged blackmarketing. It is said that a bogus customer with marked currency notes was sent to buy iron bars from Messrs Jotanuram Iron Firm. The iron bars were sold at a price higher than the control rate. Both the owners of the firm were arrested.

SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT OF MADRAS ASSEMBLY

Centre Takes Very Serious View

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, July 5.

ADJOURNMENT sine die of the Madras Legislative Assembly immediately after the Finance Bill was transmitted to the Legislative Council has potentialities of a political crisis, it is feared here. The issue is engaging the serious attention of the Government of India which has tken a grave view of it.

The Constitution lays down that after a money bill is passed by the Legislative Assembly "it shall be transmitted to the Legislative Council for its recommendations and the Legislative Council shall within a period of fourteen days from the receipt of the bill return the bill to the Legislative Assembly with its recommendations and the Legislative Assembly may thereupon either accept or reject all or any of the recommendations of the Legislative Council". The Constitution, it will thus be seen, makes it encumbent upon the Legislative Assembly to remain in session to consider the recommendations, if any, of the Legislative Council.

Apart from the question of courtesy, adjournment of the lower house sine die will have the effect of depriving the Upper House of the opportunity to consider the bill dispassionately. The Governor, in the circumstances, would be justified if he were to withhold his assent to the bill on the ground that the Upper House was deprived of its legitimate right to discuss the Finance Bill. The Madras Government, it is felt here, should have sought the advice of the Centre. The Centre did not force the Upper House on any State, it is claimed here. The decision to have second chambers was left to the free vote of the States' representative in the Constituent Assembly. After deciding for the Second Chamber, provisions relating to it in the Constitution should be faithfuly carried out, it is asserted here.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

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EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce— Golden Jubilee Session just commenced. Enrol immediately for Specialised Diploma Courses, such as Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Chartered or International Accountants, General Commerce. Gregg Shorthand, etc., Morning Classes. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51. Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (1943)

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore

Last Chance! Admissions closing for Senior Cambridge Examination Bombay Tutorial College 545, Kalbadevi Road. Dhobi Talao. (1924)

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

1947-Standard 8-Grey. Owner driven, 22,000 miles, tyres good, Engine excellent, original Battery, leather upholstery. Showroom Condition. Rs. 7,500/-. Owner, "Monteclaire", Hill View, Coimbatore. (3134)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to: Mr. G. S. Monga, Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1913)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg Co., Howrah. (3052)

Wanted Agents for selling our fancy Leather Suitcases, Holdalls, Chappals, Shoes and Sandals on a Salary of Rs. 250/- per month in every city and town. Write immediately for Agency terms and samples. J. K. Leather Works, P B 286, Kanpur 8118

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Nagari, Underwood, both excellent Marathi Typewriters, For Sale. "Bangale", 646, Sachapeer Street, Poona Cantonment. (1935)

D C Meters (Counte Belgium) 5 & 3 ampers limited stock. Write A. Das & Co, Sadar Bazar Delhi. 8166

PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES.

NOTIFICATION.

AUTOMOBILE EXPORT COMMITTEE.

IN PURSUANCE of the assurance given by the Hon'ble Ministers, Finance and Industry and Supply, in parliament in the course of discussion on the revision of Import Tariff as applicable to automobile components, the Government of India have appointed a Committee to re-examine the position in regard to the inclusion of particular parts in categories bearing different rates of duties. The Committee have decided to obtain suggestions from the manufacturers, automobile parts dealer associations and Transport organisations and to this end have issued questionnaires. A copy of the relevant questionnaire can be obtained from the undersigned on application, stating whether the applicant represents manufacturers or a spare par dealer association or a Transport organisation. Replies to the questionnaire have to be submitted by 30th July, 1950.

P. L. KUMAR
Secretary,
Automobile Export Committee.
Block NO: 6. Shahjahan Road,
NEW DELHI
NO CD3/9/354/'50.

(8192)

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

NOTICE

AS THE AHMEDABAD MUNICIPAL CORPORATION has been established in the City of Ahmedabad with effect from 1st July, 1950 and as the Chief Officer's post under the Municipal Boroughs Act, has ceased to exist, the public are requested to send all their correspondence, cheques, tenders, etc., addressed to Municipal Commissioner, Municipal Corporation, Ahmedabad.

(Sd.) B. P. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner,
Municipal Corporation,
Ahmedabad

Municipal Office, Ahmedabad,
Dt. 3-7-1950. (8190)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GAYA SUGAR MILLS LIMITED

NOTICE OF DEBENTURE-HOLDERS' MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that General Meeting of the holders of debentures of the abovenamed Company secured by the Debenture Trust Deed, dated the 23rd day of May, 1946 and made between the said Company of the One Part and Baldeodas Jhunjhunwala and another as Trustees of the Other Part will be held on TUESDAY, the 18th day of July, 1950, at 4 P. M. at No. 6 Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, the Office of Messrs. P. D. Himatsingka & Co., for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing the subjoined resolutions as Extra-Ordinary resolutions in accordance with the provisions contained in the Third Schedule of the said Debenture Trust Deed.

1. That this meeting of the holders of the Debentures of Gaya Sugar Mills Ltd. secured by the Trust Deed dated the 23rd day of May, 1946 hereby sanctions and approves the modifications of the rights of the holders of the said debentures and the provisions of the said Trust Deed.

(a) by reducing the date of maturity of the debentures to the 1st day of July 1950.

(b) by giving the Company liberty to redeem the said debentures wholly or in part at any time after the 1st of July 1950 by giving one week's notice as provided in the Third Schedule to the said Trust Deed and that the said Debenture Trust Deed and debentures be read modified as aforesaid.

2. That this meeting further approves the action of the Trustees in taking possession of some of the properties secured by the Trust Deed and the steps taken by them to realise the mortgage security.

NOTICE is hereby further given that the only persons, who shall be recognised at the aforesaid Meeting as the holders of any debenture or be entitled to vote or be present at the Meeting aforesaid shall be the persons producing (1) such debentures at the meeting, (2) or a certificate by a Scheduled Bank that the bank is holding the said debentures on behalf of such persons, (3) or a certificate from a solicitor of the Calcutta High Court of not less than 10 years standing or a Notary Public that the person holds the debentures.

Dated Calcutta the 1st day of July, 1950.

By order of the Board.
(Sd.) GURUSARAN LAL
Managing Director.

(8191)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from the India United Mills, Ltd., No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, which will be received upto 15-7-1950 at the Registered Office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender Forms can be obtained from this Office.

(8185)

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for a full time post of a Studio Assistant, Architectural Section, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.

Applicants must be holders of Government Diploma in Architecture, or Final Certificate in Architecture of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay or other equivalent architectural qualification. The appointment will be for 1 year. The candidates must be competent to act as teachers in Architecture.

PAY: Rs. 300-25-350 plus dearness allowance as may be admissible under the rules.

Age should not exceed 30 years on the date of application but this condition may be relaxed in case of candidates having exceptional qualifications.

Applications superscribed "Studio Assistant in the Architectural Section" muct reach the Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, not later than 15th July, 1950.

V. S. ADURKAR,
Director,
Sir J. J. School of Art, B'bay
(8193)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY

No. 76 of 1950.

Re: PANACHAND DOONGERSEY SHAH, of Bombay, residing at 3rd floor, Mohanlal Sakerchand's Mala, Dubash Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay and working as a Sub-broker in Shares in the Firm of Mohanlal Sakerchand at Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay: .... A Debtor.

Ex parte: MADANLAL DHARNIDHARKA: ... Petitioning Creditor.

ON THE PETITION of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditor presented on the 30th day of June, 1950, an Order was made this day by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 4th day of July 1950.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay.

(8189)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE NO. 3/50-51.

STORES PURCHASE DEPARTMENT, PUNJAB, KALKA.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed as:—

GROUP A.

1. IGP/15/11 Supply of 1,29,372 yards of Flannellette to the Police Department.
2. IGP/15/7 Supply of 10860 tins of Dubbin cleansing material to the Police Department.
3. EDU/3/11 Supply of Chemicals and glasswares.
4. IRR/H/3/13/ Supply of Rivets, Bolts Nuts, Wire Nails, Wool Worsted, M. S. Screws etc.
5. Vety/10/9 Supply of Microscopes.
6. IRR/H/3/11 Supply of Non Ferrous Metals viz. tin, copper ingots, brass rods and brass sheets of different sizes, copper sheets of different sizes white metal.
7. PHD/M/3/22/ Supply of two electric motors each 25 H.P.
8. WC/12/3/1/ Supply of 2 high speed Lock Stitch machines.
9. WC/55/6 Supply of Boiler, Hydro entractor, Dye Jiggers, Dye Wince, Calendar for Dyeing and Calico Printing.
10. WC/9/4/ Supply of 8,000 lbs. of white scoured fine woollen yarn 25/30 counts for Carpet Manufacture.
11. WC/23/1/ Supply of Munj, San Ban, Coir Ban.

will be received by the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Kalka upto 10 a.m. on the 20th July, 1950.

GROUP B.

12. IGJ/9/3/Supply of Sole leather chrome, belt leather, and Madrasi Mesha white.
13. EDU/3/6/ Supply of Apparatus and Chemicals for Physiology Department.
14. IGJ/4/5 Supply of 9,600 Sarancha Bamboos.
15. Cont/Tex/2/ Rate contract for the supply of various kinds of ropes.
16. IRR/H/3/16 Supply of 36 dozens each of wheel cocks and main cocks.
17. IRR/H/3/19/ Supply of 40,000 Galvanised Iron, Bolts and Nuts, 93,000 washers. 8,000 galvanised crank bolts, and 7,000 galvanised U Bolts.
18. IRR/H/3/20/ Supply of small workshop stores anvils files, half round etc.
19. IRR/H/3/12/Supply of Emery powder, cloth and carborundum, asbestos packing etc.
20. IRR/H/3/35/ Supply of 131 strainers 4,251 feet 2" or 3" dia, pipes and 131. reducing sockets to join strainer.
21. IRR/H/3/17/ Supply of 2,000 ft. canvas Hose pipe 1½" bore with coupling, 2,000 ft. Rubber Hose pipe 2" bore outside armoured, with coupling and 700 ft. rubber hose pipes air pressure 300 lbs. 3/4" bore with coupling.
22. WC/34/ Supply of cross cut saw, tram line etc.

will be received by the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Kalka, upto 10 A.M. on the 27th July, 1950.

GROUP C.

23. Vety/M/2/2/ Supply of one Aerogen Gas Plant Portable electrically driven with maximum output 100 cft. per hour.
24. IRR/M/3/5 Supply of two Ruston Diesel Engines, four stroke, developing 7½ to 10 H.P. each.
25. EDU/M/2/2/ Supply of Refrigerator, 5 cft. capacity, vacuum cleaner and blowers electric A. C. 220 volts with ½ H.P. motor.
26. PHD/M/3/3/ Supply of electrically operated pumps to deliver 15,000 to 18,000 gallons per hour against head of 120 ft. and 180 ft. respectively.
27. PHD/M/3/4/ Supply of Oil Engine, driven water jet pumping sets capable of delivering about 2,000 to 4,000 gallons per hour to heads varying from 40 ft. to 120 ft.
28. Misc/H/1/2/ Supply of 200 Nos. 45 gallons capacity barrels, 5 Nos. 4 gallons capacity petrol tins and 5 Nos. 2 gallons capacity petrol tins.
29. AGR/M/3/1/ Supply of Refrigerator complete with motor compressor and cooling coil to work with A. C. current 220 volts, single phase 50 cycles, size 36½" x 20-3/4" x 45".
30. Vety/M/2/1/ Supply of spencer camera, Demonstration eye epidiascope and spencer precision rotary Microtome.
31. PHD/M/3/2/ Supply of Fire Brigade equipment viz. reciprocating plunger pump, telescopic ladder, breachings etc.
32. WC/39/3/ Supply of 120 tons Cast Iron Scrap.

will be received by the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab Kalka upto 10 a. m. on the 3rd August, 1950.

Tender forms and other details which are non transferable may be had from the office of the undersigned, or of the Extra Assistant Director of Industries, Ambala City/Amritsar/Ferozepore/Gurgaon/ Jullundur/Panipat/Bata and the Superintendent of Industries, Hissar/Ludhiana/Rohtak/Hoshiarpur on payment of Rs. 3/- (for each of the above superscribed tenders) in cash, by money orders or by uncrossed postal orders which money is not refundable. When asking for tender forms superscribed numbers of required tender forms must be clearly stated. Each tender must be accompanied by earnest money of Rs. 500/-. The earnest money may be deposited in Government Treasury, Post Office, Savings Bank or any branch of Imperial Bank or National Savings Certificates pledged to the Assistant Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Kalka and deposit receipt/pass book attached. The tenderers are also permitted to make, either by suitable deposit or a guarantee arrangement with any bank which should deposit Government Securities to cover the amount of security demanded with a margin of 5 p.c. below the market value. Alternatively a sum of Rs. 1,500/- pledged in a similar manner as a permanent deposit will enable such depositor to tender every time quoting reference to this permanent deposit until any part of it or whole is forfeited in any instance and this is again recouped.

Tenders should be addressed to the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Kalka, by designation and not by name. The tenders will be opened at 10-30 a.m. on the prescribed dates in the presence of such tenderers or duly authorised representatives thereof as may care to attend.

Rates will hold good for six weeks exclusive of date of opening of tender.

Samples are wanted for items 1, 2, 4, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, and 28 These must be properly labelled, should be sealed and sent so as to reach this office before or by the time of opening tenders.

Non receipt of samples or deparrture from any other conditions of tender may disqualify it.

The tender is for supplies to be made in one lot, except for Nos. 15 which will be on contract basis as per requirements of Punjab Government indentors.

STORES PURCHASE OFFICER,
Punjab.
(8186)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY

No. 70 of 1950.

Re: JAGMOHANDAS MAKANJI VORA, of Bombay residing at 3rd floor, Gordhan Nivas, Khetwadi Main Road, Bombay and carrying on business in Foreign Photo Goods Chemicals and Cloth at 160, Hornby Road, Bombay:—

.... A Debtor.

Ex parte: NAROTAM PADAMSEY SAMPAT:—

.... Petitioning Creditor.

ON THE PETITION of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditor presented on the 21st day of June, 1950, an Order was made this day by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 4th day of July, 1950.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay.
(8187)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY

No. 71 of 1950.

Re: Messrs. CHOKSEY & CO., a firm carrying on business as chemists and druggists at Champsey Building, Princess Street, Bombay: ... ... Debtors.

Ex parte: PRANJIWAN HARGOVANDAS GANDHI:

... ... Petitioning Creditor.

ON THE PETITION of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditor presented on the 23rd day of June, 1950, an Order was made this day by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 4th day of July 1950.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay.
(8188)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE AUCTION SALE

of Household furniture in the bungalow of the compound of Bombay Dyeing and Dye Works Manufacturing Co., Ltd., on the Road opposite Kismat Cinema and Cadell Road and New Parbhadevi Road.

Sale on SUNDAY, the 9th July, 1950 at 10-30 A. M. The property of W. Pennington, Esquire:—

Drawing, Dining and Bed rooms furniture including Upright Piano by W. Denemann & Co., Godrej Steel cupboard, Singer Sewing machine, brass and wooden beds, book case, curi cabinet and similar other household articles.

Will be on view one day before the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE of 4 Cases coloured Linen (balance of the contract of 6 c/s) of Simplex Mill No. F 96, Shedo, Total Yds. 2409 Approx. 36" width, on 8-7-50 at 2 P.M. at Champa Gully, near Bambakhana gate, M. J. Market, under instructions from M/S Damodar Devram and on a/c & at risk of Tha. Haridas Premji (of Champa Gully) the defaulting purchasers.

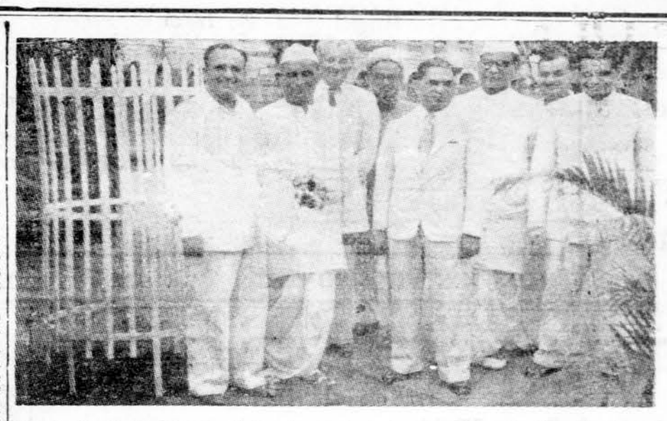
Terms:- 25 per cent cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED PACKAGES.

Under instruction from the B.B. & C.I. Railway, in accordance with the provisions of Section 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways' Act No. IX of 1890. Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 21st July, 1950 at 2 P.M. S.T. at the Parcel Dept., near Grant Road Railway Station.

MENESSE & CO.



Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay planted a sapling in the Horniman Circle Gardens on Wednesday morning. Photo shows Mr. Patil with the Municipal Commissioner and others who witnessed the ceremony.

Mayor Plants A Tree

BOMBAY, Wednesday: "Tree planting is symbolic of the determination of the people of India in making an all-out drive for increasing the production of food and this cannot succeed without the fullest co-operation of the people", stated Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, this morning when he planted a sapling, in observance of the Vanamahotsava, at the Horniman Circle.

The Mayor expressed the hope that with the tree planting drive enough enthusiasm would be generated in the common people, that it would bring about self-sufficiency with regard to food eventually.

Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, received the Mayor.

POONA MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

Issue Of Two Loans

The Poona Municipality is coming to the money market for the first time for loans sanctioned by Bombay Government to finance its capital works programme. This ancient and historical city has grown up in recent years and is given the status of a Municipal Corporation under the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporation's Act.

The Corporation has offered favourable terms for its two debenture loans as under:—

The first loan of Rs. 30 lakhs for Municipal purposes bears interest at 3½% p.a. 15 years currency and is guaranteed by Bombay Government both as to principal and interest. Issue price Rs. 100 per Rs. 100 (nominal).

The second loan of Rs. 14,32,900 for Municipal Transport undertaking also bears the same rate of interest (i.e. 3½% p.a.) and has a currency of 10 years. Issue price Rs. 100 per Rs. 100 (nominal).

Both the loans have been fully underwritten The loans are thrown open for public subscription from the 12th to the 14th July 1950, subject to the terms and conditions specified in the Loan Notifications.

Looking to the sound position of the Municipality with its existing outstanding loan commitments of only Rs. 10 lakhs and its yearly revenue account yielding surplus to the tune of Rs. 16 lakhs, the proposed Debentures offer excellent scope for every safe and conservative type of investment.

Rs. 1 CRORE TOWARDS DAMAGES

LUCKNOW, July 5, (UPI): The authorities of the East Indian Railway are reported to have paid an amount of Rs. one crore during the last financial year to the claimants for damages caused to the goods booked on this railway.

In this connection the authorities have warned their staff to be more careful and vigilant in handling the goods booked through their railway.

Five Acts Applied To Saurashtra

RAJKOT, July 5. (PTI): Five acts passed by the Indian Parliament have been applied to Saurashtra according to a press note issued today.

They are: The Displaced Persons (Claims) Act, the Air Force Act, the Army Act, the Insurance (Amendment) Act, and the Industrial Disputes (Appellate Tribunal) Act. All the acts have been passed during the current year.

Expect Rains In 2 Days

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The city and suburbs may experience the first full burst of the monsoon within the next two days, preceding which there will be cloudy weather with a few intermittent showers tonight or tomorrow. According to the Santa Cruz Weather Forecasting Station, which is hopeful about the early break of the monsoon, Bombay's total rainfall for the season is only 11.5 inches, a deficit of 11 inches for the period

The monsoon has been strong in the South Konkan, where widespread heavy rain has fallen. A trough of low pressure has formed in the Arabian Sea off the Konkan Coast. Under its influence the monsoon is expected to become vigorous in the South Konkan and strengthen elsewhere.

PUBLIC SUGGESTIONS ON EDUCATION

State Instructs To Send Them To Expert Bodies

BOMBAY, Tuesday

THE Government of Bombay receives from time to time suggestions from the members of the general public regarding the improvement in the educational system in the State. These suggestions relate to widely varied sub jects and from persons in various walks of public life. The Government welcomes these suggestions which, apart from indications the keen interest the general public takes in the educational problems of the State are often of considerable value.

At the same time, the Government would invite the attention of the general public that various expert bodies have been set up to advise the Government on the special problems relating to education. Any suggestions received by the Government are ordinarily scrutinised by these expert bodies. Members of the general public are, therefore, requested to forward their suggestions on educational problems to the Secretaries of the appropriate bodies as mentioned below:

PRIMARY EDUCATION (Secretary, Provincial Advisory Committee for Primary Education, C/o Office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona); SECONDARY EDUCATION (Secretary, Board of Secondary Education, C/o Office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona); BASIC EDUCATION (Secretary, Board of Basic Education, C/o Office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona); PHYSICAL EDUCATION (Secretary, Board of Physical Education, Law College Building, Churchgate, Bombay); VISUAL EDUCATION (Inspector for Visual Education, Elphinstone Technical High School, Dhobi Talao, Bombay); SOCIAL EDUCATION (Secretary, Regional Social Education Committee for Maharashtra, 282, Rasta Peth Poona, for Gujarat - Daria Mahal, P. O. Box No. 14 Surat - and for Karnatak - Thalak Wadi, Belgaum); and TECHNICAL EDUCATION (Secretary, Board of Industrial and Technical Training, Elphinstone Technical High School, Dhobi Talao, Bombay).

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

As regards University education or the Secondary School Certificate Examination, the Universities and the Secondary School Certificate Examination Board are autonomous bodies, and any suggestions relating to their work should be addressed either to the Registrar of the University concerned or to the Secretary of the Secondary School Certificate Examination Board.

The Government also proposes to continue to acknowledge any latters received by it containing suggestions for the improvement or reform of Government's educational activities and to forward them to the Boards where desirable. These suggestions will also be taken into consideration by the Government while formulating policy. But it regrets that it will not be possible to give individual replies with regard to the action taken on every suggestion received by it.

COURSES OF STUDIES

The Government also receives various enquiries with regard to courses of studies, admission to educational institutions, etc. Requests for such information should be made to the heads of the institutions concerned and not direct to the Government. As regards the examinations held directly under the authority of the Government, the following officers should be addressed:-

PRIMARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (Educational Inspector of the appropriate division); COMMERCIAL CERTIFICATES (Principal Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics Bombay); TECHNICAL CERTIFICATES (Secretary Board of Industrial and Technical Training, Elphinstone Technical High School, Dhobi Talao, Bombay); HINDI SHIKSHAK SANAD EXAMINATION (Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, Bombay), DRAWING GRADE EXAMINATIONS AND HIGHER ART EXAMINATIONS INCLUDING EXAMINATIONS IN DRAWING AND PAINTING, MODELLING, ARCHITECTURE AND COMMERCIAL ART (Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay); SECONDARY TEACHERS CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (Principal, Secondary Training College, Bombay-Belgaum-Kolhapur); PRIMARY TEACHERS CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (Educational Inspector of the appropriate division); HIGH SCHOOL AND MIDDLE SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIP EXAMINATIONS (Educational Inspector of the Division concerned); KINDERGARTEN AND JUNIOR SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (Educational Inspector, Bombay Division and Inspector of Anglo-Indians Schools, Bombay); DIPLOMA AND CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION (Principal, Training stitute for Physical Education, Kandivli.

ANJIDIV RID OF BOOTLEGGERS

Surprise Raid

KARWAR, July 5, (PTI)—Goa Police, co-operating with Bombay Prohibition Staff, are reported to have rid the Portuguese islet of Anjidiv— three miles off the Karwar coast— of illicit trade in liquor.

Although Portuguese territory, the islet—the first resort of bootleggers from Bombay—lies within the dry belt separating Bombay State from Goa which the Portuguese Indian Government had agreed to maintain.

In a surprise raid of the islet during the weekend about 600 gallons of Goa liquor was seized, two unlicensed liquor booths shut down and some arrests made.

(Smuggling of liquor from Anjidiv had been a long-standing affair and had defied so far the attempts of police and Home Guards to stamp out).

ISSUE OF BEER LICENSES SEVERELY CRITICISED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The executive action of the Government of Bombay in issuing licenses for the sale of two per cent beer in the City came in for severe criticism today, when the City Prohibition Committee met at the Civil Secretariat under the chairmanship of Mr M. M. Naik-Nimbalkar, Labour Minister, Government of Bombay.

An assurance it was learnt, was given on behalf of the Government at the meeting that the licenses so issued would be revoked by Government, and notices terminating the authorisation of the sale of two per cent beer, would be issued shortly.

Dr. Birje, it was learnt, raised the question as to why Government had issued these licenses, without consulting the committee, and without advertising for tenders in the newspapers; also why the licenses had been issued indiscriminately without regard to the fact that such persons were affected liquor interests or not.

The question cropped up as some more applications asking for licenses to sell two per cent beer had been received by the Excise Department, and a decision had to be taken.

After considerable discussion, during which many members vigorously opposed the sale of the two per cent beer, it was decided that the issue or otherwise of fresh licenses should be considered at the meeting of the sub-committee, which will met on Tuesday next.

The issue of notices cancelling existing licenses will be taken up immediately, or after the meeting of the sub-committee, according to the discretion of the executive.

Another point which was raised at the meeting was, that though the Prohibition Act penalised the mere act of drinking liquor, the police were taking action only in such cases where people found not only drunk, but disorderly also.

Deputy Commissioner Nagarwalla, it was learnt refuted this statement, maintaining that the police made no difference between "drunk and disorderly" and merely drunk, for purposes of arrest. Many persons who were smelling of liquor, but were otherwise behaving normally, had been taken in custody and prosecuted, for violation of the Prohibition Act.

HISTORIC MONUMENTS IN INDONESIA

Move For Protection

NEW DELHI, July 5 (PTI): The Indonesian Government was taking steps to protect the historic monuments, incidentally preserving the influence of ancient Indian culture on that country, said Dr. N. P. Chakravarty of the Archaeological Department of the Government of India in an interview yesterday

Dr. Chakravarty, accompanying the Prime Minister during his recent visit to Indonesia had inspected a number of monuments in Central Java at the invitation of the Indonesian Government and recommended measures for their preservation.

Among the monuments he saw was the 1,000-year-old Borobudur, the symbol of ancient Indian culture in Indonesia, whose porous volcanic stones were letting in rain, causing formation of lichen and moss. Dr. Chakravaarty had advised the Indonesian Chief Engineer to make the monument watertight.

Work of reconstruction of a huge Shiva temple, that he saw in Prambenen had been started in 1938 It would take another 12 years for completion, Dr. Chakravarty added.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Daring Escape Of Bank Dacoity Accused

CHILLY POWDER THROWN ON ESCORTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

ALL the five principal accused in the Central Bank Dacoity Case made a sensational escape this morning while being brought in a police lorry from the Byculla jail to face their trial before Presidency Magistrate D. S. Parikh at the Esplanade Court, after blinding their police escort which consisted of four armed constables, with chilly powder, sprinkled with extreme ingenuity.

The names of the five men, who slipped away from police custody are, Hasan Khan Mehboob Khan, Ibrahim Abdul Karim, Mustakh Ahmed Siddique, Babu Shanker, and Chandradeep Muneshwar alias Yunus.

The entire network of police stations in Greater Bombay and the CID were alerted by an S.O.S. sent over the police wireless to organise a manhunt for the escaped prisoners, and within a few minutes, 400 picked men from Bombay's CID, plain clothes men and uniformed constabulary were on the move.

The police, however did not succeed in arresting any of the accused till the time of going to press, in spite of their vast dragnet.

It appears that the five men were being brought to the Esplanade Court in the police truck, accompanied by an escort of four armed constables. The undertrials were seated on wooden benches on either flanks of the vehicle, along with 22 other prisoners. Three of them, it is said, were seated near a police guard of two armed constables on the left side and the other two on the opposite side, also in the company of two armed police men.

POLICE RUB EYES!

As the truck arrived on Mohamedali Road and was passing Zackaria Masjid, one of the accused is said to have pulled out a bundle swathed in some blackish cloth and ferreted out from it an insignificant looking packet. As this was being done, another member of the gang is stated to have given a slight jolt to the constable in his neighbourhood, knocking the policeman's headgear on the road. The constable's immediate reaction was to retrieve his lost cap and he, therefore, ordered the truck to stop.

As the vehicle came to a halt, the accused who had fished out the fishy packet, scattered its contents in the air. The moment this was done, every one in the truck and the escort comprising of the four police constables, simultaneously started rubbing their eyes. None knew what had happened, but all were instantly blinded temporarily.

Taking advantage of the situation, and the confusion that followed, the five accused are said to have jumped overboard, sprinted away into the adjacent crowded gullies, and disappeared. Since they escaped from the truck despite a four-hour vigorous combing-out of every hide-out, where criminal elements are concentrated, there has been no trace of the missing men.

The accused were arrested in December last in the sensational Central Bank Dacoity Case, when they decamped with a booty of Rs. 5,61,000 from a van that was proceeding to the Sandhurst Road branch of the bank.

The Sindh Hindu Seva Samiti of Bombay has set up a committee of 12 leading Sindhi business men to collect funds and spend them in co-operation with the Government on rehabilitation of refugees from Sindh.

ORDNANCE DEPOT THEFT CASE

Accused Granted Rs. 10,000 Bail

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Chief Presidency Magistrate ordered the release on bail of Mr. Abdul Rauf Shahjehan, who had been arrested by the Detective Branch of the C.I.D. in what is known as the Military Ordinance Depot Theft Case. The theft involves property over Rs. 50,000 and the property consists of amplifiers and other electrical goods.

Mr. Shahjehan, who is represented by Mr. Manek Shahani, Advocate, was released on bail of Rs. 10,000/-. Originally, a bail of Rs. 25,000/- had been ordered but was reduced to Rs. 10,000/-. The accused Shahjehan it is alleged was Technical Advisor to the Military Ordinance Depot.

There are more than a dozen persons involved and it is learned that major part of the stolen property has been successfully recovered. The bail period of the accused was yesterday extended to 18th July 1950.

NEGLIGENT STORING OF COMBUSTIBLE

Company Director Fined

BOMBAY, Wednesday: H. Premchand Shah, Managing Director of the Hind Commercial Company, Bombay, was today fined Rs. 200 in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment for negligently storing combustible oil in a godown at Champa Gully, Kalbadepi, which resulted in a disastrous fire some time last month.

The defence plea was that he had a license for storing oil, but it was meant for a godown at Thana. The accused had sold the consignment of oil to another party and it was kept in the godown at Kalbadrepi only temporarily as no transport was immediately available.

The Magistrate rejected the defence plea and sentenced the accused as above.

NO REASON FOR MORE DELAY

Externee Discharged

BOMBAY, Wednesday: In discharging an externee who was arrested as far back as 14th April by the Dongri Police, Mr. M. Nasrullah, Presidency Magistrate, remarked: "This is the 7th application for extension of bail period. The police were reminded last time to put in the Charge Sheet. They have failed to do so and are delaying this case for no valid reason."

In another case where a man who was wanted by the Dongri police, but who had absconded and efforts to trace him had failed, the police thought it fit to arrest his father instead. That was on 2nd May. Mr. Nasrullah in discharging the accused, one Habibullah Noorbux remarked: "The police themselves state in their application that there is no evidence against the accused. If that is so, there is no ground for further extension of time."

Industrial Dispute

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Industrial dispute between Messrs. G. Claridge and Company, Limited, Bombay, and its workers has been referred by the Government of Bombay for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Shri Salim M. Merchant.

Opening Tomorrow
FRIDAY, 7th
NEW THEATRES' Unique Creation

PAHELA ADMI

KRISHNA Daily: 3-30 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30 (Adv. 10 to 12: 4 to 6)
EXCELSIOR (FOR ONE WEEK ONLY) Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 (Adv. 9-30 to 1: 2 to 7)
CHITRA Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-15 Sat. Sun. Holi. 12-30 (Adv. 4 to 6)

OPENING TOMORROW
SADIQ PRODUCTIONS LTD.'S

Directed By M. SADIQ

SABAK

Starring: MUNAWAR SULTANA, JAGIRDAR, KARAN DEWAN, KUMAR and OM PRAKASH

ROXY Plans open: 9 to 1 and 3-30 to 8 p.m. | PALACE Plans open 10 to 12, 2 to 8 | PARADISE Plans open 10 to 2, 4 to 8

VYANKATESH (Parle), DIAMOND (Borivli). JAWAHAR (Kurla), ALLWYN (Kalyan).

CITY & SUBURBS

Domestic Ocrurence

DEATH

Dhanji Purshottam Govindjee, aged 64, Agent, Bharat Mills, Hubli, passed away on Tuesday morning, 4th July. Uthamna today (Thursday) 6th July at 3-40 p.m. (S.T.) at his residence Vithalwadi, off Kalbadevi Road.

Today's Engagements

Y.W.C.A.: Brains Trust at 6-30 p.m. at 12 Wodehouse Road. On the panel: Mr. M. R. Masani, Mr. Narayanswami Naidu, Dr. C. D. S. Lakshmanan, Mr. M. B. Vora and Mr. Wayne M. Hartwell.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL: Social at Durbar Hall (Town Hall) on Friday July 7, Mr. A. Joostan, Personal Representative of Madame Montessori, will speak on "Montessori Methods for Indian Schools and Homes." Films also will be shown. Members and others are invited.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN: C. H. Timberlake, Esq., Consul for U.S.A. will speak on "War Against Aggression", today at 6-30 p.m. Tomorrow Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, will speak on "Municipal Schemes and Development of Greater Bombay" at 6-30 p.m.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Special Meeting at Corporation Hall to mourn the death of Shri Yusuf Meherally, at 2-45 p.m.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Adjourned June Meeting will be held today at 3 p.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, JULY 6

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bohr Bhaee. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 8-15 Ameer Khan, Vocal Music. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari. 12-50 Narayandas Jekisandas, Bhai Maro Sathido. 1-10 Rashdharati. 4-20 School Brodcast. 5-30 Wonderland. 6-10 Ameer Bux. 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar, Khayal. 7 Narayandas Jekisandas, Gujarati song. 7-10 Locals. 7-30 Radha Mundkur, Khayal. 7-45 Kamgar Sabha. 8-45 Ghapni Shodhama. 9-15 Nrayandas Jekisandas G. Bhajan. 9-45 Aspects of Religion. 10 The N B C Symphony Orchestra.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 8 Ameer Bux, Sarangi recital. 8-45 U.P. Dharwadkar, L M songs. 1 p.m. U P Dharwadkar, M.Pad. 1-30 Madhur Geeten. 1-50 Vanita Mandal. 5-30 Dhareshwar Bhajan, Mandali, Abhang aur Gaulan. 5-45 Manikrao, L K songs. 6 U. P. Dharwadkar, M song. 6-20 Gaon Panchayat. 6-50 Gramapanchyati. 7-20 Dhareshwar Bhajan Mandali, Abhang. 7-30 Commercial News. 8-15 Hindi by Radio. 8-45 Kavita Vachan. 9 Songs from "Kulvadhu". 9-30 Chitrapat Se, 9-45 Ameer Khan, Vocal Music.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Archan. 7-45 Today and Tomorrow. 7-50 Nildhara Desai. 8-30 Samayno Raag. 6-10 p.m. Dilruba Par Patdeep. 6-20 Nildhara Desai, Geet. 6-30 Programme for Rural Listeners. 7 Talat Mahmud. 7-30 Sarangi Par Kamod. 7-45 Krishnarao L. Jadhav. 8 Nildhara Desai. 8-10 Locals. 9-30 Swapna Vilas.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Prabhat. 7-40 Lila. 8-15 Sakhu Aaj Nandlal, Khayal. 8-30 Nathalal Dave Krut Geeto. 5-30 p.m. Babulal Andharia, Khayal. 6-10 As in Baroda. 6-30 Rakhe Bhulta. 6-45 Ahmed Darbar. 7 Swapnabhang. 7-15 Talk in Gujarati. 7-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 8 Locals. 8-30 Babulal Andharia, Khayal. 9-30 Pankaj.

B B C

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7-a.m. Land and Livestock. 7-45 Here's Howard. 8-15 Sterling Value. 8-30 From the Third Programme. 10 Programme Parade. 10-30 Starlight Hour. 11-45 Sports Review. 12-45 Programme Parade. 1 p.m. BBC Midland Light Orchestra. 2-15 Merchant Navy News-letter 2-30 Puffney Post Office. 3 BBC Northern Orchestra. 3-45 Sentences and Words. 4 Charlie Kunz at the Piano. 3-45 Sporting Record 4-45 Jane Eyre. 5 The Piano for Pleasure. 5-45 Pavilion Players. 6

Books for today. 6-15 Thearte Talk 6-45 Jack Train's Record Variety Bill 7-45 Starlight Hour. 8-45 Me, The Composer and You. 9-48 Listeners' Choice. 10-30 Gerald Barry Speaking.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 p.m. Tamilosai, A Tamil Magazine Programme. 8 Behnon Ki Khidmat Men. 8-15 Sunne Ki Baten.

A.I.R. Talk On Religion

The meaning of religion will be the subject of a broadcast talk in the series "Aspects of Religion" by Dr. R. N. Dandekar, at 9-45 p.m. tomorrow on 244 and 41.44 metres.

One More Government Cloth Shop In Bombay

In addition to the 12 Government Cloth Shops already functioning in Bombay one more Government Cloth Shop has been opened at Gogte Mansion, Bhatwadi, near Opera House Tram Terminus. All varieties of first grade Indian Mill made cloth are available at controlled rates.

OPENING CARE PARCELS

The first CARE parcels for India were unloaded at Alexandra Docks on Wednesday morning. Mr. B. Rama Rao, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. P. R. Nayak and Mr. Melvin T. Johnson, Director of CARE were present at the unloading ceremony.

Low Pressure In Bay Of Bengal

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 5 (PTI).

The following is the All India weather summary for Wednesday:

The unsettled conditions in the Bay of Bengal off the Circars coast have moved inland as a low pressure wave. Well-distributed light to moderate rain has occurred over the country outside east Uttar Pradesh, the Punjab (I), Rajasthan and Saurashtra and Kutch. Locally heavy falls of rain have been reported from the South Konkan, South Kanara and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal.

FORECAST valid until the evening of 6th: The monsoon will extend into Gujarat, Madhya Bharat and East Rajasthan and strengthen in the north Konkan, Deccan (Desh) and West Madhaya Pradesh. Rainfall will decrease in sub-Himalayan West Bengal. Well-distributed rain will occur over the country outside Orissa, Bihar, East Uttar Pradesh, West Rajasthan and the east coast of the peninsula where local or scattered showers are likely.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely in the Konkan and Malabar-South Kanara during the next 48 hours.

CHART

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June, 1950, and departure from normal, recorded at 08-30 hrs. I.S.T. on 5-7-50.

Ahmedabad 97 79 0.1 1.4 minus 4.0, Ajmer 99 81 0.2 1.5 minus 1.9, Allahabad 94 82 0 3.9 minus 3.1, Bangalore 78 65 0.1 1.7 minus 1.7, Baroda 97 79 T 0.2 minus 3.2, Bhopal 97 77 0.1 1.5 minus 7.2, Bhuj 95 79 0 0 minus 1.9, BOMBAY 88 80 0 11.5 minus 11.9, Calcutta 89 80 0.2 15.7 plus 2.0, Cherrapunji 67 60 1.7 141.6 plus 23.3, Cochin 89 72 1.5 30.6 minus 2.4, Colombo 83 77 0 6.9 minus 2.0, Cuttack 89 78 0.2 3.2 minus 3.9, Delhi 90 80 0 0.7 minus 3.5, Hyderabad (Dn.) 83 74 0 2.1 minus 3.1, Indore 92 74 0.1 1.9 minus 5.7, Jaipur 100 80 0 0.3 minus 3.1, Lucknow 94 81 0 2.7 minus 3.4, Madras 100 78 0 2.4 minus 0.1, Mussoorie 67 60 0.1 9.7 minus 1.9, Mysore 78 67 0.1 1.8 minus 0.9, Nagpur 87 76 0.5 5.7 minus 5.2, Pachmarhi 82 70 0.3 8.0 minus 4.4, Patiala 90 80 0 12.6 plus 3.7, Patna 90 80 0 12.6 plus 3.7, Poona 86 73 0 0.9 minus 4.3, Port Blair 80 78 1.7 17.8 minus 6.3, Rajkot 97 79 0.1 0.1 minus 5.3, Ranchi 83 72 0.3 19.3 plus 8.3, Simla 66 60 0.6 18.9 plus 9.9, Trivandrum 82 74 0.1 8.1 minus 6.6.

Reception To Editors

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Feroz Chand, Editor of "The Times of India", Bombay and Rana Jung Bahadur Singh, Editor of the New Delhi edition of the paper, were the guests of honour at a reception arranged by the Middle Class National Front (Bombay Region) at the Club of the Bombay Union of Journalists this evening. Mr. K. C. Desai presided.

Mr. U. K. Oza, President of the National Front, said that the middle class people formed the backbone of the country and stressed the need for their uplift. He also referred to the activities of the Front and made an appeal to support this infant organisation which was fighting for the cause of the poor middle classes.

Mr. Feroz Chand and Rana Jung Bahadur Singh assured all support to the organisation through the medium of their papers. Mr. Feroz Chand recalled his association with Bombay which dated back to 1925 when he began his apprenticeship in journalism in "The Bombay Chronicle" under the late Mr. S. A. Brelvi.

Teachers With 'External' Degrees

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Orders giving the graduate's scale of pay to the teachers holding "external" degrees in Government and non-Government secondary schools have been passed by the Government of Bombay.

Earlier, the Government had decided that the scale of pay prescribed for graduates on the recommendation of the Secondary Schools Committee's Report should be given only to such persons as had obtained the degrees after regular attendance at a college and not to persons who had obtained "external" degrees. It was, later on, represented to the Government that this decision tended to take away incentive from young teachers to acquire higher qualifications and that, therefore, external degree-holders should also be given the graduate's pay-scale. The Government agreed with this viewpoint and, accordingly, passed the necessary orders.

HOMAGE TO YUSUF MEHERALLY

Municipal Body Adjourns

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned today as a mark of respect to the late Mr. Yusuf Meherally who was the Mayor of Bombay for the year 1942-43.

Moving a resolution for the adjournment of the Standing Committee, Mr. B. A. Dalal, Chairman of the Committee proposed that as a mark of respect to the deceased the body should adjourn without transacting any business.

In the course of his speech the Chairman stated that Mr. Meherally's ardent nationalism, his spirit of sacrifice and his deep sympathy for the down-trodden had won the hearts of the rich and poor alike. He was the idol, the Chairman said, of the youth who were inspired by his courage and burning patriotism. With the passing away of Yusuf Meherally the city and the country had lost a great leader, a patriot and a scholar.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. V. S. Velinker, who also paid a tribute to the Socialist leader.

Other members of the Standing Committee also paid homage to the deceased.

CHOLERA OUTBREAK: Cholera has broken out in Chaibasa town and several deaths have already been reported. The local municipality has started mass inoculation as a preventive measure.

Anti-Rabic Centres In Bombay City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Though there are five centres giving anti-rabic treatment in the Bombay City, experience has shown that a majority of the general public is not ware of the four centres at St. George's Hospital (Fort), G. T. Hospital (Dhobi Talao), J. J. Hospital (Byculla) and K. E. M. Hospital (Parel). Generally, patients rush to the anti-rabic centre at Haffkine Institute.

The four centres mentioned above were opened two to there years ago, since many patients coming from different parts of the City found it inconvenient to visit the centre at the Haffkine Institute owing to long distances.

The members of the public are advised to take advantage of all the five anti-rabic treatment centres in the City.

Estates And Trusts

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The report of the working of the office of the Administrator-General, Bombay, for the year 1949 shows that 160 estates of the estimated value of Rs. 10,99,000 were under administration at the end of the year. Ten new estates, of the total value of Rs. 1,85,000, were received during the year, while 26, of the total value of Rs. 46,000, handed over to the parties concerned.

During the same period, 15 new trusts, of the market value of Rs. 9,00,000, were received by the Official Trustees and 29, of the estimated market value of Rs. 4,25,000 handed over to the parties concerned. At the end of the year, 925 trusts of the estimated value of Rs. 50,41,33,000, were in the hands of the Official Trustees.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

CONVEYANCE OF PASSENGERS' LUGGAGE FROM VICTORIA TERMINUS STATION TO RESIDENCES IN BOMBAY

In modification of the scheme now existing at Victoria Terminus for the conveyance of Passengers' luggage to residences, passengers can now pre-pay the carting charges at the starting station for luggage booked in the brakevan which they desire to be delivered at their residence in Bombay. Arrangements have been made at Victoria Terminus to collect such luggage and deliver it at the address to be clearly shown on the packages. This arrangement is coming into force from July 10, 1950, as far as G.I.P. Railway stations are concerned. Other Railways have been requested to introduce the system with effect from August 1, 1950. With effect from July 10, 1950, the carting charges for delivery of the luggage at any place upto Mahim (inclusive) will be two annas (0/2/0) for every 5 seers or part thereof, subject to a minimum of annas four (0/4/0) a consignment. Each packet should not exceed the weight and dimension limits applicable to parcels and luggage.

The services of the delivery Contractor will be available, as at present, for transport of other luggage from Victoria Terminus. The revised charges will be applicable for this service also from July 10, 1950.

VANASPATI
IS A WHOLESOME, MUCH NEEDED PRODUCT

WHY BAN IT?

SCIENTISTS CONFIRM ITS WHOLESOMENESS,
MILLIONS OF HOMES LIKE IT AND NEED IT,
THE DEFENCE SERVICES NEED IT,
HOSPITALS AND HOTELS NEED IT,
REFUGEES IN CAMP NEED IT,
BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS AND BAKERIES NEED IT.

Because Vanaspati, unlike liquid oil, is suitable for most cooking. It keeps fresh longer than oil. It has a pleasant texture and flavour. It is produced under strict Government specification. It is, in short, a first-rate, wholesome alternative for those who cannot afford ghee. AND YET, IN SPITE OF ALL THESE ADVANTAGES, a private member's Bill was introduced in Parliament asking for a ban on Vanaspati. HOWEVER, THE GOVERNMENT HAVE RIGHTLY DECIDED THAT THEY WILL NOT CONSIDER ANY ACTION BEFORE THE VIEWS OF THE PUBLIC ARE KNOWN.

TELL GOVERNMENT YOU NEED VANASPATI!

This is how you can do it:

1 See your dealer, the man you buy Vanaspati from. He will show you the petition to Government to which you must add your signature. He wants as many signatures as possible. He will also show you interesting literature, which is being sent to responsible authorities and which sets out the case for Vanaspati.

2 Write yourself, in your own words, to the Chief Secretary of your State Government, marking the envelope 'Vanaspati', and tell him why you need Vanaspati.

BUT THE MATTER IS URGENT
WHY NOT ACT TODAY?

Issued by The Vanaspati Manufacturers' Association of India

VMA.13-50

The Case For And Against SHOULD VANASPATI BE BANNED?

Industry Has Right To Exist

MANUFACTURERS' VIEW

Popular Food: "Proved Harmless"

PANDIT Thakurdas Bhargava's Bill to ban Vanaspati was introduced in Parliament in the last session and has now been circulated for public opinion. Vanaspati is being criticised by a few people and it is clear from the lines of attack on Vanaspati that it critics are influenced by prejudice and sentiment with little regard to the scientific and other facts about Vanaspati and the industry.

In order to help the public to express an independent and impartial opinion, the following facts deserve due appreciation by the public:—

The three lines of criticism against Vanaspati are: (a) That Vanaspati is of doubtful nutritive value, (b) that the product is extensively used for adulteration of ghee, (c) that the industry has an adverse effect on the dairy industry and therefore on the agricultural economy of the country. Furtherfore, the size and importance of the industry in our national economy are not adequately realised.

Let us examine briefly each of these points.

NUTRITIVE VALUE:

When doubts were cast some three years ago on the nutritive value of Vanaspati, the Government of India decided that such doubts must be investigated, although expert scientific opinion in Europe, England and the U.S.A. has established beyond all doubt that hydrogenated oil (Vanaspati) is a wholesome article of food. Government therefore appointed a special Committee of eminent scientists to go into the question and after two and half years of exhaustive experiments on human beings and rats the scientists came to the unanimous conclusion that Vanaspati produced no deleterious effects. This conclusion is identical to the one reached by hundreds of scientists the world over during the last 30 years. It will be clear that scientific opinion regarding the wholesomeness of Vanaspati is unequivocal and therefore should not be ignored in favour of any prejudice or sentiment.

ADULTERATION:

Nearly 45 per cent of Vanaspati produced in India is sold in small tins which are purchased by domestic consumers as Vanaspati. Our Armed forces take up 8 per cent of the Industry's output for distribution to the troops five days a week. Biscuit factories, bakers, confectioners, hotels, resturants, hospitals, institutions and others take up nearly 25 per cent of the production. Of the remaining balance of 22 per cent (which in 1949 amounted to barely 30,000 tons) a substantial quantity is sold in small quantities to consumers as Vanaspati. This can be seen by any one who cares to walk through the bazar in any of our towns. Therefore, the quantity that can be available for use as an adulterant is a maximum of 22 per cent of the Industry's output; in point of fact, however, it is considerably less. Therefore, the part that Vanaspati does play in the adulteration of nearly 5,00,000 tons of ghee produced, or 3,00,000 tons of ghee which is estimated to leave the villages for the urban areas, is insignificant and it is quite incorrect to allege that Vanaspati is extensively used as an adulterant of ghee.

The fact remains, however, that ghee is being extensively adulterated and it is common knowledge that the usual adulterants are crude and refined vegetable oils, animal tallow and even mineral oil. The banning of Vanaspati will, therefore, not minimise the adulteration of ghee but will surely tend to aggravate it as the gap left by Vanaspati will be sought to be filled by more adulterated ghee. The increased pressure on the limited supplies of ghee will push up its price even higher than it already is because of the likelihood of greater profit.

What is the remedy against adulteration of ghee as of other foodstuffs? Increased production of the articles in short supply, stringent laws against adulteration and their vigorous enforcement, education of public opinion against all adulteration and above all the active co-operation of the public with th eauthorities in the prevention and detection of adulteration—these have produced satisfactory results in most countries of the world and there is no reason why they should not succeed in India as well. In any case the problem of adulteration of foodstuffs will have to be tackled separately because the banning of a product is no solution. Encouragement of the production of suitable alternatives is another positive step which will minimise the incentive for adulteration. It should be remembered that the adulterator, and not the articles used by him which may have their own legitimate uses, is really to blame and it would be putting the cart before the horse to attempt to solve the problem of adulteration of ghee by banning Vanaspati and leaving the adulterator free to carry on his trade.

ECONOMIC EFFECTS:

It is sometimes contended that the increase in the production of Vanaspati has adversely affected ghee. Facts do not support this. "The Report on the Marketing of Ghee and other Milk Products in India", published in 1948, while dealing with the position in 1940, stated that "there has been a slight increase in the production of ghee during the last 25 years.... Enquiries show that the production of ghee has also increased after the outbreak of the second world war due to the increased military demand and because ghee producers, in view of the prevailing high prices of ghee, prepare ghee in the maximum possible quantities".

The ghee price index in Bombay in March 1950 was 394 compared with the cost of living index at 302. The price of ghee has increased much more than those of other foodstuffs.

It is obvious from the above that the producers of ghee have every incentive to step up the production of ghee. And if the agriculturist still feels that he cannot afford to maintain cows and bullocks, the fault is clearly attributable to causes entirely other than the operations of Vanaspati Industry.

SIZE OF INDUSTRY:

It must not be overlooked that the Vanaspati Industry has expanded in recent years largely with the encouragement of Government and today the Industry comprises more than 40 large factories spread all over the country, represents an investment of nearly Rs. 25 crores, employ directly and indirectly something like 60,000 workers and contributes to the State Revenues more than Rs. 4 crores per annum by way of taxes, excise duty, railway freight, etc. Those who agitate for banning the industry do not seem to show any regard for the industrial progress of the country which has been recognised on all hands as the only solution to the grinding poverty of our masses.

It is to be seriously considered by the reader in forming his opinion, that the banning of the Vanaspati Industry, whose product has been proved harmless by the scientists, is no solution to the adulteration, or the shortage, of ghee. Vanaspati is used by millions of homes, the defence services, hospitals, institutions, hotels, restaurants, biscuit makers, etc., to all of whom it is a wholesome article of daily necessity. The Industry has, therefore, a right to exist and develop along healthy lines. There need be no doubt whatsoever that both Vanaspati and ghee have ample scope for development for the benefit of the people.

Artificial Product Must Go!

MASHRUWALA'S VIEW

Easy Adulterant Of Ghee: Affects Nation's Health

ON 15th June last, two representatives of the Vanaspati industry came specially from Bomby to discuss with me the subject of Vanaspati. Shri Radhakrishna Bajaj, Secretary, All India Gosewa Sangh, was also present at my request. We had a long discussion embracing several points but the point on which the representatives laid the greatest stress was what our attitude towards the industry would be if it was agreed between the Government and the industry that Vanaspati should be so made that it does not resemble genuine ghee in colour or aroma and is rendered incapable of being adulterated with it.

I was also informed that while the selection of a suitable colour presented difficulties not perhaps capable of quick solution, that of putting in an unmistakable different aroma might be effected without delay, and in fact they were already working upon it.

GRAVE OBJECTIONS

I have to answer this question. There are several grave objections to the hydrogenated oils. They have been dealt with at length by several writers herebefore and so, without giving any arguments, I may only recapitulate them in brief:

(1) Oil extraction is fundamentally a village industry, i.e., capable of being carried on in the widest decentralized manner.

(2) As a village industry, it (a) supplies to the consumer fresh oil which does not require to be refined or deodourized to prevent rancidity, (b) gives for the cattle an oilcake which is richer in fat and purer in dirt, (c) solves the problem of distribution, (d) reduces the necessity of transportation and package and cost of tins, bottles, etc., (e) preserves the village wealth, and gives employment to villagers, (f) reduces considerably the possibility of and temptation for adulterating oil with baser oils, and (g) does not in any way conflict with cattle-keeping or dairying industry.

(3) Hydrogenation having grown out of oil-mill industry and as a corrective of the evils arising out of it, it is not an essential part of the country's economic system.

(4) It has not proved its superiority as an article of diet (a) over fresh oil, or (b) even over raw or refined oil of the factories, for purposes of health.

(5) The experiments hitherto conducted are negative in result even as far as they go; besides there are grounds to believe that they were conducted in an unsatisfactory and inconclusive manner.

(6) It does not stand comparison with pure ghee, which is the article needed by those, who would not eat oil or cannot tolerate it.

(7) People,—mostly of the poor middle class are made to incur unnecessary expenditure on a showy material and are deceived or helped to deceive themselves into believing (a) that they are taking and feeding their family and friends with ghee, or (b) at least with something better than oil.

FALSE ODOUR & TASTE

(8) It has been observed that the false odour and taste of hydrogenated oil, or their complete absence creates when its use is prolonged, a loss of memory in the consumer of the taste and odour of genuine ghee. Consequently, when he happens to be served with pure home made ghee at any place, he actually thinks that the ghee stinks as it does not taste and smell like Vanaspati, to which he is used. This is a permanent injury (a) to the senses of taste and the smell of the consumer, and (b) to the cause of ghee, since even if its production were increased and it were made available in larger quantity than now, the artificial tastes and smells of the various brands of hydrogenated oils would have set artificial habits, which it would become difficult to correct. Its is like producing and popularising designs of the Dalwara Temples and the Taj Mahal on cement slabs or iron sheets by a mechanised process, and permanently injuring the sculptor of the marble, the aptitude for appreciating seal human skill, and the capacity to distinguish between artificial (mechanised) beauty and artistic beauty.

(9) The hydrogenation business prospers by providing not only an easy adulterant of ghee, but also of refined oil in the form of the waste residue of the oil-mills.

(10) The vice of adulteration has spread over the entire ghee and oil trade, and has permeated also in the villages. It affects the morals of the nation. Even if all the other grounds did not exist, it would be sufficient reason for condemning Vanaspati.

DEMAND FOR COLOURISATION

The demand for colourisation is now pending before the Government and the industry for at least three years but nothing has been done; the experts are unable to find any colour and possibly do not even believe in getting it. Dr. Bhatnagar feels satisfied that Vegetable ghee is the least harmful of all the adulterants commonly used in India. We do not know if he has, therefore, given up his search for a colour and, if so, who else has been entrusted with that task.

Under the circumstances, mere assurances that attempts would be renewed to find a colour will not. I think be acceptable to the people as satisfactory. The question of time has become vital. But if the hydrogenated oil is immediately given a colour and an aroma so distinct that it would be impossible to use it as an adulterant of ghee, the last objection to it namely that it is a spoiler of people's business morale will have been met, and the question would have to be considered on the remaining grounds.

STRONG GROUNDS FOR BANNING INDUSTRY

I believe that they are sufficiently strong for banning this industry altogether. But I can conceive that some of them might be regarded as debatable or consideration might be urged, which might make the Legislators and Government hesitate to take the extreme step at one bound. So time might again be sought. For this, the change of colour and the aroma is the most urgent of the demands on behalf of the people. Hydrogenation must not be allowed in any case unless and until these conditions are fulfilled.

But sooner or later this artificial product should go altogether, and people must be given, and if necessary, trained to prefer pure fresh wholesome oil or ghee. Recolourisation and reodourisation must not be taken as an end of the matter.

Before concluding I wish to make an appeal to the Government, the industry as well as experts and journalists. The above might appeared to have been written in the style of a person bent upon destroying this industry. May be they will be generous enough not to attribute to me any base motive for it, and regard it as a quixotic zeal for a pet theory or cause, perhaps out of a sense of loyalty to Gandhiji, who had his face set against it.

AFFECTS NATION'S MORALS

My humble request is to look at the question impartially and with an open mind, keeping apart the opinions of Gandhiji or any other person, on considerations based on mere sentimental grounds; also to put aside materialistic considerations of the amount of capital invested and the great profit or revenue accruing to the industry and the Government; and to regard the whole question as affecting the morals, health and safety of the Nation—the masses—and take these as the most important decisive factors.

Let us apply the parable of the three sieves: What is its contribution to the moral uplift of the people, to the health of those, who are its greatest consumers, having regard to the fact that their diet is generally very deficient both in quality as well as quantity and to the safety of the country, in case of sudden breakdown of any of the huge factors on which its production transport and distribution depends? It entalls the destruction of the method of producing oils and ghee on decentralised methods hitherto pursued. It also involves at every stage the concentration of large stocks of seeds, liquid oil and Vanaspati in small areas.

A single accident or an act of sabotage (an activity which is unfortunately on the increase) means permanent destruction of large amounts of food. Its having been covered with insurance helps only the investor of the capital. To the nation so much food is lost for good. On the one hand, we spend crores of rupees for getting more food grown; on the other, we tamper with natural food in various ways, removing some of its essential constituents, reducing their bulk, then on our attempt to restore the loss, seeking to reintroduce them artificially through synthetic products. We want to bring down prices, but take every step to make the articles of food more expensive. We preach economy and spend lakhs on advertisements and other propaganda, full of exaggerations and mutilations of facts. Why is all this? If this is all in the interest of the Nation it is necessary to know how it is.

—K. G. MASHRUWALA.

Wardha,
23-6-1950.

An Old Town Near 'New' Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 5. (PTI).

GOVERNMENT of India's Archaeological Department has excavated a township, over 2,500 years old at a place called Tilpat, 13 miles from Delhi on the Delhi-Mathura Road.

Considered by experts to have been under occupation as early as the sixth-fifth Century B. C. the site is expected to throw light on the dark age in the Indian archaeology that separates the Indus Valley Civilisation of the third-second Millenia B C. from the cultures of the early historical period.

Potteries and coins and brick structures unearthed are known to have been in use in periods ranging from sixth century B. C. to the early centuries A. D. It has not been possible for experts however to decide what ancient site these ruins represent.

According to Mahabharat, Hastinapura was the capital of the Kauravas while Achinchchatra of the north was of the Panchalas. Tilapat, by this name, does not seem to occur in the Mahabharat texts but it may have been one of the villages which the Pandavas wanted to get from the Kauravas during the course of the negotiation which preceded the epic battle.

Further excavations and explorations at this and other Mahaoharat sites like Kurukshetra, Indrapat, Baghvat and Barnava, all within 100 miles of Delhi, are thought likely to throw light on this problem.

E. Bengal Riots

EVIDENCE BEFORE ENQUIRY BODY

DACCA, July 5 (PTI).

Evidences of a ten-year-old boy, two women and eight others were recorded when the East Bengal Disturbances Enquiry Commission resumed its session yesterday.

A retired employee of the Dacca Collectorate deposing first narrated how his village home, across the Buringanga River in Sadar Division, was burnt down during his absence in Dacca. This was during the last week of March.

A few days before the incident, witness said, a few Muslim youngmen, of his village enquired of him whether he would sell his cattle, tin sheets and the timber of his house. He answered in the negative since he did not intend leaving East Bengal.

Two other batches of youngmen persued the matter and they started using his compound as a thoroughfare. On protesting nigh words passed between the intruders and witness. He estimated the loss of his property at Rs 3,000.

SON KILLED

An old woman next told the Commission how on February 10, her son left for his office in Dacca, did not return in the evening and she was later told that he had been killed. She did not see the dead body. She then changed her residence and a fortnight later, her house was looted.

Nine more witnesses all hailing from village Kaundiya, near Dacca, including a village daffadar (watchman) and a boy narrated how on first Phalgun a Muslim mob had come across the river and started looting Hindu houses. About 35 houses were looted and many Hindus took shelter in Muslim houses.

The village Ansars with what arms they had offered resistance and stopped extensive looting by the raiders. The looted articles were returned to their respective owners. Except this case of looting no other incidents had occurred in that village. While the Hindus were running for taking shelter in Muslim houses, the looters had snatched away things they were carrying on the way.

The Commission adjourned for the day.

REDS PLAY HOAX ON HOME GUARDS

SECUNDERABAD, July 5 (UPI):—Information as to how a band of Communists, disguised as police officers, played a hoax on the Home Guards of village Rapole, shooting down one Ramulu, a Home Guard is now available.

The desperados, it is stated, made good their escape with 8 guns.

The disguised Communists visited the village with two captives, avowedly said to be Communists, and sought the assistance of the Home Guards, who were stationed there in an outpost.

As they entered the outpost, the Communists, who were numerically stronger overwhelmed the Home Guards and made good their escape with 8 guns.

The desperados, it is further stated abducted the Chief of the Home Guards and shot him dead.

The same day they visited another nearby village and played the same hoax on the Home Guards there and injured them.

On receipt of the information, the Civil Administrator of Hyderabad Mr R. G Rebello, accompanied by Rao Sahib Sunderam Pillai, Superintendent of the Hyderabad District Police, rushed to the village and stayed there for a couple of days to restore confidence in the villagers. Investigation is in progress.

Foodgrains Prices Go Up In Bihar

PATNA, July 5, (PTI): Prices of foodgrains are rising in Bihar, according to reports available here from different areas of the State.

The price of coarse rice has shot up to Rs. 40 per maund in Bhagalpur Rs 32 in Muzaffarpur, Rs. 30 in Begusarai and Rs. 28 to 30 in Patna.

Plan To Check Sabotage On Railways

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, July 5.

The Government of India is considering a plan to organise a network of secret informers in the countryside to check sabotage on railway lines. These informers will work under the C.I.D. and the police.

They will watch activities of some political parties in rural areas carefully and send detailed reports to the police. The scheme is likely to be put into operation throughout the nation.

ACTION AGAINST 18 U. P. CONGRESSMEN

LUCKNOW, July 5 (PTI): Eighteen 'Rebel' Congressmen including two members of the U.P. Legislature Council—Mr. Salig Ram Tandon and Mr. Shrikrishna Dutta Paliwal, President of the newly formed Peoples Congress—will be expelled from the U.P. Congress for three years if the recommendation of the Disciplinary Action Sub-Committee is accepted by the Council of Uttar Pradesh Congress Committee when it meets next.

The Sub-Committee which met here yesterday exonerated 8 Congressmen from all charges since they denied their association with the Peoples Congress.

The cases of remaining 8 Congressmen will be considered later.

INTER-'VARSITIES CONFERENCE

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): India will be represented at the forthcoming Inter-Universities Conference in New Zealand by two Vice-Chancellors Dr. A. L. Mudaliar of Madras and Mr. S. Sinha of Patna.

The conference which opens at Wairakai on July 31 will continue till August 21. The sessions will be held at Auckland, Dunedin, Christ Church and Wellington.

POLICE CLASH WITH DACOITS

One Killed, Four Injured

DACCA, July 4. (UPI): One dacoit was killed and four other constables received serious injuries when a police party clashed with some dacoits at Araibazar, 18 miles off Naraingani.

The clash occurred when the police party went to Araibazar to arrest a dacoit.

About 12 persons were arrested in this connection.

Commonwealth Defence Scientists Meeting

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): Dr. D. S. Kothari, Scientific Adviser to the Central Ministry of Defence, is leading the Indian Delegation to the Commonwealth Defence Scientists Conference now meeting in London.

The Indian Delegation includes Dr. R. S. Thakur, Scientific Advisor to the Master-General of Ordinance, Col. S. K. Ray of Army Headquarters, and the army, navy and air forces attaches to the Indian High Commissioner in London.

The object of the conference is to promote scientific research relating to defence in all fields by closer collaboration within the Commonwealth.

MAN BURNT TO DEATH

Five Committed To Session

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 4.

For causing death of one Daud, five Muslims have been committed to stand their trial at the Sessions Court by the Additional District Magistrate of Karachi.

According to the prosecution story, the accused waylaid the deceased Daud near Church Street in Saddar and having gagged him, poured kerosene over his body and burnt him to death on account of his enmity with one of the accused Mahammed Yakub, one of the five accused later turned approver.

RedTape:Par Excellence

NEW DELHI, July 5 (PTI).

ABOUT two thousand documents which include wills, transfer deeds and documents delegating power of attorney, are awaiting disposal in the office of the Delhi Sub-Registrar due to shortage of registers and other necessary documents.

According to a source closely connected with the Sub-Registrar's office documents presented in February last for registration were still lying unattended.

The delay in the disposal of these documents, the same source said, was causing legal difficulties to contracting parties as in the absence of these documents they could not do any further transaction.

BOGUS POLICEMAN GOES CYCLING

NEW DELHI, July 5 (UPI): The Delhi Police are looking for a "bogus policeman" who is alleged to have swindled a local cycle dealer of a brand new cycle.

It is stated that a young man named Kishorilal appeared at the shop of the cycle dealer a few days ago in a constable's uniform, and told the dealer that he had come to Delhi from Hissar on special duty.

He hired a cycle and came back at the appointed time to pay the money and return the bike. On a number of subsequent occasions, he did the same, but on a fine morning he disappeared with a brand new cycle.

Inquiries revealed that there was nobody named Kishorilal in Hissar Police. He is now wanted in two cases of impersonation and cheating.

FARM OCCUPIED FORCIBLY

Socialist Arrested

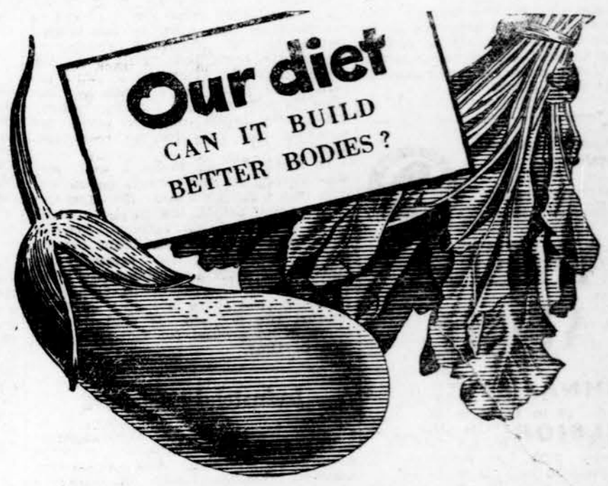
BANARAS, July 5. (PTI): Sri Raj Narain Singh a Socialist worker and three kisans have been arrested at the Ganga Tiri Agriculture Farm about ten miles from here, for taking forcible possession of a portion of the farm.

Following a kisan agitation two months ago the Government had decided to return five hundred acres from the farm to kisans from whom the land was acquired for the fifteen hundred acre Ganga Tiri Agriculture Farm on the border of Banaras and Mirzapore districts.

Without waiting for the formal handing over of the land by the Government, the kisans under the leadership of the Socialist workers, it is alleged, took forcible possession and ploughed the land.

AWARD: Lieutenant-General James H. Doolittle, leader of the first bombing raid on Tokyo in 1943, was named winner of the Harmon International Aviation Award on Tuesday night as the outstanding airman of the 1940-50 decade.

The awards were established in 1925 by the late Clifford Burke Harmon, pioneer American airman, to promote world peace and international goodwill.



OUR DIET can fail to give us maximum nourishment if we spoil good food through bad cooking, or if our knowledge of the various functions of foods is limited. For instance, many consider brinjals, spinach, drumsticks and lettuce dull eating and not particularly nourishing. In fact, these foods can be made very tasty and help enrich our diet with their mineral contents which aid in building the body and keeping it fit.

But minerals alone cannot ensure full health and strength for which we need a balanced diet consisting of *all* the five food factors and in their correct proportions. Besides minerals, the other factors are carbo-hydrates (millets, rice, sweet potatoes, wheat), proteins (dal, milk, nuts, eggs, fish, meat), vitamins (amlas, carrots, tomatoes, lemons, papayas) and fat like *Dalda* which is pure and energy-giving.

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Sedgman And Patty To Contest Men's Singles Final

DROBNY FADES AWAY AGAINST AUSTRALIAN

WIMBLEDON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter):

Staging a brilliant rally after being two sets down, Frank Sedgman, young Australian champion and number one seed, today reached the final of the men's singles in the Wimbledon lawn tennis championships. His courageous back to the wall efforts enabled him todefeat Jaroslav Drobny, former Czechoslovak star now playing for Egypt, by 3-6, 3-6, 6-3, 7-5, 6-2. Sedgman will meet in Friday's final American Budge Patty, winner of the recent French championship, who beat his compatriot Victor Seixas 6-3, 5-7, 6-2, 7-5.

MRS. PATRICIA TODD of the United States is strongly fancied to win the Women's title at Wimbledon. This evening she enters the semifinal round.

Drobny was set for the kill after his fierce serving and driving but he haltered against immaculate stroke play produced by Sedgman and, as the match progressed, he became weakened and despirited and lapsed into costly errors.

Budge Patty recently winner of the French Championship today battled his way into the Wimbledon singles final with a three set to one victory over Vic Seixas (Philadelphia) in an all-American semi-final.

Patty, making a great bid to complete the double of the French and Wimbledon titles, played a subtle game, using the delicate drop shot and stop volley to perfection and showing a fine touch in the lob. Seixas replying mainly on power, put tremendous punch and bite into his ground shots and delivery but Patty had the better control.

Frank Sedgman, Ausralian champion made a brilliant recovery after being two sets down to beat the powerful Jaroslav Drobny, representing Egypt, to qualify to meet Budge Patty in the men's final. The packed centre court crowd was provided with a match worthy of a final. Sedgman, 22 years of age, trailed two sets and a game in the third, but he won his battle of nerves and gradually pulled up to stage a thrilling finale with brilliant retrieving and finely angled shots.

Drobny began with machine-like precision and had Sedgman in real toruble with crisp volleying and powerful driving but Sedgman took the lefthanders service in the second game of the vital third set and holding his own took the lead for the first time in the match. From there on he maintained the initiative to win.

Anticipating a tense struggle in the semi-finals of the Men's Singles in the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships, large crowds queued early today an hour befoe play was due to begin. The gates on the centre court were closed. The weather was fine but cloudy. The two surviving Americans, Budge Patty and Victor Seixas, met in the first semi-final followed by Frank Sedgman, of Australia, number one seed who has been favourite for the title, and Jaroslav Drobny, self-exiled Czech now representing Egypt, in the other semi-final.

The women's quarter-finals were also being played. Three of them were all American affairs, while Mrs. Charles Harrison formerly Mrs. Betty Hilton, of Britain, faced Mrs. Pat Todd, United States, in the other. The remaining ten matches played consisted of men's, women's and mixed doubles.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES (Semi-finals)

Budge Patty (United States) beat Vic Seixas (United States) 6-3 5-7 6-2 7-5.

Frank Sedgman (Australia) beat Jaroslav Drobny (Egypt) 3-6 3-6 6-3 7-5 6-2.

WOMEN'S SINGLES (Quarter-finals)

Miss Louis Brough (United States) beat Miss Shirley Fry (United States) 2-6 6-3 6-4.

Miss Doris Hart (United States) beat Miss Barbara Schofield (United States) 6-1 6-1.

Mrs. Patricia Todd (United States) beat Mrs. S. C. Harrison (Britain) 6-2 6-2.

Mrs. Margaret Dupont (United States) beat Miss Gertrude Moran (United States) 6-4 6-4.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES (Third round)

Mrs. M. Buck and Miss Nancy Chaffee (United States) beat Miss Dorothy Head and Miss Betty Rosenquest (United States) 11-9 8-6.

Miss Louise Brough and Mrs. Margaret Dupont (U. S.) beat Miss M. Eyre and Mrs. H. Philipps (Britain) 6-2 6-2.

Mrs. C. Harrison and Miss K. Tuckey (Britain) beat Miss C. Andrews and Miss Pat Rossers (Britain) 6-3, 6-0.

QUARTER FINALS

Mrs. Thelma Long (Australia) and Mrs. Joy Mottram (Britain) beat Miss Gussie Moran and Mrs. Patricia Todd (United States) 1-6, 9-7, 6-3.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Quarter-finals)

Geoff Brown and Bill Sidwell (Australia) beat Vladimir Cernik (Egypt) and M. Matous 7-5 6-2 6-1.

John Bormwich and Adrian Quist (Australia) beat Mervyn Rose and George Worthing (Australia) 6-4 6-2, 6-4.

FRANK SEDGMAN.....tipped to win this year's honour in the Men's Singles at Wimbledon accounted for Jaroslav Drobny in a very hard fought encounter in the semifinal .this evening.

Poona United Beaten 2-0

POONA AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNEY

POONA, July 5, (PTI): Station Workshop C. M. E. scored a thrilling two-nil victory over Poona United in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament today.

It was a keen match with the defenders from both sides dominating the play. On the run of play Poona United should have won the match, but their forwards fumbled at the all important end and lost glorious opportunities of scoring.

After a barren first half, C.M.E. dictated terms but were unable to penetrate the sturdy defence of Poona United. The teams were on level terms at the final whistle and extra time was played.

In the first minute of the extra time, E. Gabriel, making use of a capital pass, banged the board to score the first goal and repeated the performance in the second session to consolidate their position.

In the third quarter-final, Army Medical Centre, winners of the Maharashtra Championship were held to a goal-less draw by the Poona Police in a keen encounter despite extra time.

Indian Tennis Stars Possess Good Fighting Qualities

KUMAR AND BOSE TO TOUR GERMANY, TURKEY AND GREECE

LONDON July 5. (PTI-Reuter).

India's five tennis players at Wimbledon will split up when the championships end on Saturday.

Dilip Bose, Asian champion, now practically recovered from the effects of a malaria attack which put him out of the singles and mens doubles, plans to play later this month in five tournaments in Germany.

From there he will go to Turkey for the Instanbul Championships and finally compete in the Greek National Championships at Athens before leaving for home in September.

Naresh Kumar, India's number four, goes to Antwerp next week for an international tournament there.

The youg Calcutta player will later join Bose in Germany and proceed to Turkey and Greece with him.

Sumant Misra, giant Indian number two, travels to Switzerland next week to represent India in the Swiss Championship in at Lucerne.

S. L. R. Sawhney, former Indian Davis Cup player, who is in business in England, puts away his racket for the time being to return to his duties.

The only member of India's Wimbledon squad returning home is Narendra Nath.

He is anxious to get back to his post as Indian representative of the Ferguson Company, but plans to have another crack at Wimbledon honours next year.

Wimbeldon crowds admired the sportsmanship and fighting qualities of all the Indian players and they hope will grace the championships for many years to come.

TOMMY FARR WILL RETURN TO RING

LONDON, July 4. (PTI-Reuter): Tommy Farr, the former British and Empire heavyweight boxing champion, who is now 36, will return to the ring in two months.

Promoter Albert Davies, announced this today after he had visited Farr at Brighton during the week-end.

Mr. Davies said: "I have a private arrangement with Farr and you can take it as definite that he will soon be boxing in south Wales".

Farr, married, with three children, has had only eight fights since his memorable contest with Joe Louis for the world title in New York in 1937 when he was narrowly outpointed.

His last fight was in August 1940 when he beat Nicholas by knock out in the third round. He lost eighteen of his recorded eighty-five contests.

RAILWAY AVENGE A DEFEAT

Navy Beaten In Callan Cup Soccer

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Indian Navy succumbed to the G.I.P. Railway by three goals to nil in the Callan Memorial Cup Football Tournament quarter-final, played at the College ground. The winners now meet Tatas in the semi-final and their victory this evening was fully deserved. The Railway avenged their recent Harwood League defeat at the hands of the same team.

The match was even in the initial half but the Railway made some gallant efforts to open their account early and nearly succeeded had the Navy defence weakened. Then in the 24th minute the Railway gave up their close in attempts for some long shots and were rewarded when Shiva tested Roy, the Navy goalkeeper and when the latter failed to collect the ball confidently Bhickoo stepped in to put the finishing touches.

Four minutes later, the Railway consolidated their position when D'Mello who is staging a return back to football after quite some time scored off a pass from Tambe. This goal enabled the Railway to cross over with a lead of two goals.

The second session saw the Railway on top and early on Shiva missed two good scoring chances. The first time the cross bar came in his way and on the second occasion the ball sailed just over the cross bar.

The pressure the Railway were applying soon found the Navy defence slackening and a few minutes before the final whistle Tambe completed his sides tally with a long shot from a pass by Shiva.

JACOB EXTENDS NADKARNI

Byculla Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Byculla Y. M. C. A. Open Table Tennis Tournament —the curtain raiser of the Bombay Season—Commenced today and the first and second rounds in the first quqarter were played and completed today.

Out of the matches played three of them in the first round went to three full hard fought sets.

N. C. Bajaj had to fight very hard and he had to bring out his best to beat his rival V. D. Dalal in the keenly contested tie at the final score 24-22; 25-27; and 21-16.

G. G. Patel after losing the first set to K. S. Khot recovered nicely and came out a winner at 15-21, 21-10; and 21-5.

V. M. Nadkarni the seeded player had a very difficult round. His opponent A. I. Jacob took him to three sets—which were very bitterly contested. Ultimately Nadkarni got better of his opponent and won the match at 21-17; 21-23 and 21-19.

In the second round N. L. Bajaj had also to fight very hard before coming out a winner against his rival D. D. Walwalkar at 15-21, 21-15 and 21-13.

D. Surya gave a hard fight to D. Balwant before going down to him at 21-17; 14-21 and 21-15.

David Solomon was fully extended by M. S. Kilpady and he was taken to three sets before he triumphed over at 21-13, 19-21 and 21-7.

The following are the complete results of the matches played today.

FIRST QUARTER

1ST ROUND: V. V. Krishnayya w.o. 'A' player; N. S. Davar beat M. O. Soans 21-13, 21-12; J. Vataravala beat R. Khandvala 21-17, 21-19; D. D. Walvalkar beat T. Mahadevan 21-9, 21-14; N. L. Bajaj beat V. D. Dalal 24-22, 25-27, 21-16; M. S. Kilpady beat Raziuddin 24-22, 21-12; M. Shaffi beat N. K. Subrao 21-14, 21-10; D. Balwant beat D. S. Talati 21-19, 21-9; M. Hariharan w.o. 'C' player, O. Dyer beat K. G. Jagtiani 21-9, 21-15; J. S. Patkar beat S. J. Balsara 21-17, 21-17; D. Surya w.o. J. D'Silva; D. Solomon beat D. H. Varde 21-11, 21-13; G. G. Patel beat K. S. Khot 15-21, 21-10, 21-5; A. Dinanath beat R. S. Jones 21-8, 21-15; V. M. Nadkarni beat A. I. Jacob 21-17, 21-23, 21-19.

2ND ROUND:—N. S. Davar beat M. Shaffi 21-10, 21-9; O. Dyer beat Y. V. Krishnayya 21-9, 21-15; N. L. Bajaj beat D. D. Walwalkar 15-21, 21-15, 21-13; V. M. Nadkarni beat J. S. Patkar 21-13, 27-25; M. Hariharan beat J. Vataravala 21-9, 21-18; D. Balwant beat D. Surya 21-17, 14-21, 21-15; G. G. Patel beat A. Dinanath, 21-16, 21-14; David Solomon beat M. S. Kilpady 21-13, 19-21, 21-7.

Football At Parel

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Tata Sports gained an odd goal in three win over Goan Sports 'B' in the Second Division of the Harwood Football League played at St. Xaviers College ground early this evening. The winning goal was scored in the very last minute of play.

Rego and D'Silva scored for Tatas, while S. Almeida scored for the losers.

In the Indian Football League game played at the G.I.P. Railway ground this evening two second division sides met and Kohinoor Mills beat Dockyard "B" by a solitary goal scored by Dinker.

AMATEURS NOSED OUT BY RAINBOW

Solitary Goal Takes Winners Into Semi-Final Of Hinrich's

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY.

RAINBOW SPORTS, A JUNIOR DIVISION SOCCER SIDE THIS EVENING ACCOUNTED FOR BOMBAY AMATEURS IN THE SECOND ROUND OF THE HINRICH'S SHIELD FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT AT THE COOPERAGE THIS EVENING BY VIRTUE OF THEIR SOLITARY GOAL VICTORY.

Rainbow Sports are a combination that have for their "forte" short passing methods. Booted play has brought them much success due to these methods which calculate to upset a side with heavy defences.

Bombay Amateurs are in no way different, but instead of using their heads in playing a game of this type they resorted to the long passing methods from the start and only succeeded in recovering when they changed their tactics.

A very dull note was sounded in this evening's game and Rainbow Sports are indeed lucky to have prevailed by a solitary goal. They have to thank Gabriel for obtaining this goal.

The Rainbow forwards possess more dash and pluck, but they should make full use of their clever forward play by using finishing tactics that are first time.

Waghela held the fort with his hefty clearances in deep defence, while Gabriel, Michael, and Gopal were brilliant in attack.

Once more it was a tale of missed chances for the Amateurs and had they capitalized with the numerous scoring chances they should have retired winners by a comfortable margin. Sheenappa saved his side from a bigger defeat with his brilliant goalkeeping.

The all important goal came in the tenth minute of the initial half through Gabriel off a pass from S. K. Gopal Rainbow's outside left.

Amateurs were now gaining ground and pressed for the equalizer but without results and to damp their spirits rain brought about their downfall in the second period of play as Rainbow resorted to crowding out tactics.

The teams were:—

RAINBOW 'A': R. S. Rao; Waghela, Mahadeo; Oscar, John, Sawalram; Mathews, Joseph D'Sa, Gabriel, Michael, S. K. Gopal.

BOMBAY AMATEURS: Sheenappa; Sunder Shetty, N. C. Puthran; Nagappa, Uchil, Aithappa; Sanjiva, V. K. Mendon, K. K. Suvarna, Y. M. Mendon, Salvador.

Referee: T. S. Mani.

ELEVENTH VICTORY FOR RUGBY UNION SIDE

WANGANUI, July 5. (PTI-Reuter): The British Isles Rugby Union team scored their eleventh victory in their tour of New Zealand here today, when they beat Wanganui by 31 points (five goals and two penalty goals) to 3 points (one penalty goal). They led by 16 points to zero at halftime.

Lewis Jones, the nineteen-year old Welsh full back who was flown out last month to strengthen a team weakened by injuries, was in splendid form with his kicking. He converted five tries scored by MacDonald (two) Thomas and Roberts and McCarthy, and kicked two penalty goals making a total of 16 points.

The British team gave a fine display. They were far too polished a side for the home backs to cope with.

PIERRE'S FINE BOWLING FEAT

Takes 8 Lancashire Wickets For 51 Runs

LIVERPOOL, July 5 (PTI-Reuter).

West Indies fast bowler, Lance Pierre, of Trinidad, accomplished his best bowling performance of the tour today when he took 8 Lancashire wickets including the first seven for 51 runs here.

Pierre, whose previous bowling record on the tour was three for 172, was never easy to play on the dry pitch and considering the indifferent light which prevailed most of the day Lancashire collected a much larger total than at one time seemed possible in scoring 174. By close of play West Indies had replied with 135 for three. Frank Worrell was not out 67.

Pierrre's performance equalled the feat of former West Indies test pace bowler E. A. Martindale against Essex and Nottinghamshire in the 1933 tour.

Cyril Washbrook alone mastered the West Indies attack. He made 44 before being caught and bowled by Pierre.

SCORE-BOARD

LANCASHIRE: (First Innings)

C. Washbrook c and b Pierre	44
W. Place c Gomez b Pierre	7
B. Edrich c Marshall b Pierre	0
K. Grieves c Williams b Pierre	30
A. Wharton c Christiani b Pierre	0
Barlow c Stollmeyer b Pierre	4
Greenwood c Worrell b Pierre	27
Tattersall c Johnson b Valentine	15
Pollard run out	3
Berry c Williams b Pierre	27
Statham not out	12
Extras	5
Total	174

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O	M	R	W
Johnson	15	4	42	0
Pierre	19	6	51	8
Worrell	13	2	38	0
Valentine	6	0	23	1
Gomez	4	0	15	0

WEST INDIES (First Innings)

Rae lb.w. b Statham	11
Stollmewer b Greenwood	15
Worrell not out	67
Marshall c Tattersall b Berry	15
Trestrail not out	25
Extras	2
Total (for 3 wkts)	135

FOOTBALL COACHING IN WESTERN INDIA

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Western India Football Associtaion have agreed to appoint two coaches Messrs. Mandon and Govind for Football Coaching and Development. It is intended that the Headquarters of these Coaches be, one at the Cooperage Football Ground and one at the St. Xavier's College Ground with the permission of the St. Xavier's College Authorities.

Clubs and Schools are being asked to select and forward nominations for the coaching scheme. The players should, as far as possible, be between the ages of 14 and 18 years. After selection it is intended to divide these selected candidates into four groups of 15 each making a total of 60, 30 to be trained at the Cooperage and 30 at the St. Xavier's College Ground. These two groups will be given training for two days in the week, Sundays included, and the Course will include physical training, ball control, tactics and the rules of the game.

Further, the Referees' Association is being asked to assist in imparting instructions on the rules of the game in order to assure that the trainees are fully conversant with the rules of the game.

MISS. OAK & TALYARKHAN WIN A KEEN GAME

Three Walk-Overs In W.I.A.A. Open Badminton

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Homi K. Talyarkhan and Miss Vasumati S. Oak in their encounter in the first round of the Mixed Doubles of the W.I.A.A. Club Open Badminton Tournament were concerned in a very exciting and keen struggle against their formidable opponents C. B. Kalappa and Miss T. Dandige and they won their match at the final score at 15-11 15-3.

Originally there were six matches to be played on the schedule; but as three pairs failed to put in their appearance, naturally their opponents got walkovers.

The first set was keenly contested and there were hard fought and long rallies for each point scored; and the spectators rightly appreciated and the players were loudly applauded for their shot, or intelligent placement or for the point rightly earned.

These long drawn rallies told upon the veteran Kalappa and it was quite evident from his play that he was completely tired though he never gave up the fight and for this Kalappa and his partner could score only 3 points; while for the winners it was quite opposite. They were encouraged by every point they won; and both of them put their best in the game and due to their fine play they won the second set at 15-3; and thus they won their match in straight two sets.

In the other two matches Devinder Mohan and Partner, and M. S. Patil and Sumitra Nigudkar—the seeded pair No. 5—won their tie against C. P. Merchant and Miss Mani J. Antia and R. Rangachari and Mrs. Pradhan respectively.

The complete scores were as under:

MIXED DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: M. S. Patil and Miss Sumitra K. Nigudkar beat R. Rangachari and Mrs. Pradhan 15-7 15-7; G. P. Shirke and Mrs. Dixitw.o. M. N. Desai and Partner; R. A. Dongre and Mrs. P. P. Nariman w.o. H. J. H. Talyarkhan and Partner; M. K. Bhopardikar and Miss Telimi H. Vakil w.o. J. M. Kantawala and Princess of Kutch—Shantadevi; Homi K. Talyarkhan and Miss Vasumati S. Oak beat C. B. Kalappa and Miss T. Dandige 15-11; 15-3; Devinder Mohan and Miss Debbet Saldhana beat C. P. Merchant and Miss Mani J. Antia 15-4 15-13.

FIXTURES FOR THURSDAY, 6TH JULY, 1950.

MIXED DOUBLES—2nd Round

6-30 p.m. R. A. Dongra and Mrs. P. P. Nariman vs M. K. Bhopardikar and Miss Tehmi H. Vakeel; 7 p.m. Devinder Mohan and Miss D. Saldhana vs R. D. Desai and Miss S. D. Rege; 7-30 p.m. W. W. Dukle and Miss K. S. Dukle vs M. P. Desai and Partner; 8 p.m. K. H. Jijicawana and Mrs. B. E. Sukhia vs H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias.

Former Champ, Miss Marble, Speaks Out

NEW YORK, July 4. (PTI-Reuter): American tennis stars are out to put an end to the unofficial bar that keeps coloured players out of the American Lawn Tennis championship at Forest Hills, New York, every year.

Writing in the American lawn tennis magazine, Miss Marble said that "the entrance of negroes into national tennis is as inevitable as it has proved to be in baseball, football and boxing".

SECUNDERABAD RACES

HYDERABAD, July 5 (PTI).

The following are the results of the First Day's Secunderabad Races run today:—

THE POONA PLATE (5 F)

RUBAYAT (G. A. Haji) 8-10 B. Khalil 1
GOLDEN HIND (M. H. Khan) 7-4 Ahmed Khan 2
SHAHISTAH (Sir Sultan and Lady S. Chinoy) 8-12 A. G. Mulley .. 3
DESERT QUEEN (Mr. Badridas Daga) 8-4 McGaffin (Jr.) 4
Not run: Ghaflah.
Won by 2½ lengths, 2 lengths and 3 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 3 2/5 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 17/8 for win, Rs. 7, Rs. 15 and Rs. 8 for places.
Winner trained by owner.

THE ALEXANDRIA PLATE (5 F)

MAHA (S. Ranganathan) 8-13, B. McQuade 1
MAMLUKH (Tamavi) 9-1 Mull Singh 2
MARS (S. Azeemuddin) 8-4 S. Chavan 3
PRINCE FARHAN (Mr. Md. Bazlullah) 8-13 A. G. Mulley 4
Not run: Naufal.
Won by 3½ lengths, 1 length, short head.
Time: 1 min. and 9 1/5 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 63 for win, Rs. 12/8, Rs. 13 and Rs. 8/8 for places.
Winner trained by Ismail Khan.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE (Div. I) (6 F)

FOWZIA (Dr. Jalal Pazergan) 8-7 McGraffin 1
CHRISSIE DARLING (Abdul Ali Majid) 7-11 A. G. Mulley 2
ATOMIC (Mr. James Mann) 9-4 McQuade 3
FAIR GOLD (H. Tamavi) 8-8 Mull Singh 4
Not run: Princess of Hindustan, Shookarlya.
Won by short head, half length, shorthead.
Time: 1 min. 16 4/5 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 32 for win, Rs. 8, Rs. 9 and Rs. 9 for places.
Winner trained by Ismail Khan.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE (Div. III) (6 F)

RESHONE (Mr. M. T. Tadani) 9-4 S. Chavan 2
CONTESSA NEUVY (Mr. G. A. Jasdenwalla) 9-2 Ahmed Khan 2
R A F (M/s. E. Chouse Baig and Abdul Rehman) 9-0 A. G. Mulley 3
DAUNTLESS (Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bankers) 8-13 M. McQuade .. 4
Not run: Padsha Begum, Blue Flame, Chandrasekhar.
Won by 4 lengths, 3/4 lengths and shorthead.
Time: 1 minute 18 2/5 secs.
Tote paid: Rs. 8/8 for win, Rs. 6, Rs. 9 and Rs. 7 for places.
Winner trained by Ismail Khan.

THE ASCOT PLATE (5 F)

KURLESHWARI (Mr. J. R. Kolte and Rao Saheb D. B. Bhilare) 8-7 Mull Singh 1
DOMINICA (Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Banker) 8-4 McQuade 2
VERY LITTLE (Messrs. A. H. Ahmedbhoy and N. K. Irani) 7-5 A. G. Mulley 3
COURTSHIP (Messrs. K. K. Gujadhaur and E. Ahmed) 7-6 Ahmed Khan 4
Not run: Marie Lousie, Trunk Call, Paramount Power, Great Lady, King's Dream, Princess Padma, Sunny Boy and Doodle Dandy.
Won by 3 lengths, 2 lengths and 1 length.
Time 1 min. 2 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 17/8 for win, Rs. 6, Rs. 8 and Rs. 6/8 for places.
Winner trained by Baba Khan.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE (Div. II)

ALMA (M/s. S. Malkonda Reddy Sr.) and H. M. K. Reddy (Jr.) 9-4 A. G. Mulley 1
MAYFAIR LADY (Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Tadani) 9-2 Ahmed Khan 2
WEDDING DAY (Mr. Jal Dinshaw) 9-1 B. McQuade 3
DOMINIC'S GIRL (Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bankers) 9-3 McGaffin (Jr.).. 4
Won by 3 lengths, shorthead and 1 3/4 lengths.
Time: 1 min. 16 2/5 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 14 for win, Rs. 6, Rs. 6 and Rs. 6 for places.
Winner trained by Ali Asker.
Favourite: Alma.

THE ARABIAN PLATE (7 F)

JOWDAT AL IRAQ (Mr. H. Tamavi) 10-4 McGaffin (Jr.) 1
OFFICER (Mr. M. H. Khan) 7-6 Ahmed Khan 2
KHALID AMER (Messrs. A. S. Jalal and S. Dawood Beg) Bashu 3
SHARJEEL (P. Narayan Singh) 7-12 G. Henderson 4
Not run: Sanjagh Sa'ad, Amal Al Shabab, Golshan, and Indian Flower.
Won by 3 lengths, short-head and short-head.
Time: 1 min. 40 seconds.
Tote paid Rs. 16/8 for win, Rs. 8, Rs. 7/8 and Rs. 10/8 for places.
Winner trained by owner.
Treble event tote paid Rs. 393/12 each on six tickets.

Mohammedans Suffer Season's Third Defeat

CALCUTTA, July 5 (PTI).

MOHAMMEDANS suffered their third defeat of the season when Sporting Union, a middle-of-the-table team, beat them by one goal to nil in their return match of the Senior Division League on the C. F. C. ground today.

The losers, last year's runners up in the League, were held to a goalless draw by Sporting Union in their first engagement.

East Indian Railway beat the B. N. Railway by two to one, and Bhowanipore earned full points from Dalhousie by the narrowest margin.

A snap goal by Sporting Union's inside-right A. Sen in the fifth minute of the first half sealed the fate of Mohammedan Sporting so far as the championship for this season is concerned. Though the Mohammedans had the better of the exchanges throughout, they were beaten in a clean and fast game which brought to the fore the lamentable holes in their defence. Inside-rights Abid and Kazim had to play more in their side of the field than in their opponents', frequently helping the losing defenders. Latif, the Mohammedan and West Bengal right-half, was the only lone star shining in his team.

The young players of the Sporting Union did remarkably well in holding their own after being one up. They played courageously throughout and often dexteriously.

After being one down before the game was barely four minutes old, East Indian Railway quickly equalised in the sixth minute through their outside-right, S. Ghose.

Outside-right R. Maity scored for B. N. R. from a cross by Satur on the other flank. The all-important goal was scored by the Olympic star, S. Nandy, E.I.R. outside-left, with a direct flag kick in the 18th minute of the second session.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage:

5-45 p.m. Indian Gymkhana vs G. I. P. (Hinrich's Shield Second Round).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel:

4-30 p.m. Dockyard 'A' vs Xaviers 'A'.

5-30 p.m. Little Pioneers 'A' vs G. B. Police 'A' (Indian League Division I).

G.I.P. Railway Gruond, Parel:

4-35 p.m. Rainbow 'B' vs Telephone Club (H.V.M. Cup).

BADMINTON

W.I.A.A. Club House:

6-30 p.m. Mixed Doubles first round (W.I.A.A. Championship).

TAELE TENNIS

Byculla Y.M.C.A.

6 p.m. Men's Singles, second quarter-first and second round.

The Bombay Chronicle

NOT ENOUGH

The aggression against South Korea has produced ringing expressions of deep moral indignation and of profound and enthusiastic satisfacion at the reaction of the Security Council to it. We take two of the latest pronouncements here. Addressing an American Independence Day dinner in London, Mr. Lewis Douglas, U. S. Ambassador to Britain, said that it was heartening to realise "there is in the world a strong and massive sense of moral behaviour" and that it should "quicken the actions of men and of nations in a righteous cause"—the defence of South Korea. We share this gratification. But the question is: what is "moral behaviour" and should it be confined to the defence of Korea? Mr. Winston Churchill has also spoken in inevitable support of U. N. action in defence of South Korea. "We owe it", declaimed Mr. Churchill at the same dinner "not only to ourselves, but to our faith in an institution (the U.N.) if not in world government at least world protection from an aggressive war not to fail in our duty". All very splendid and inspiring. But again a question arises: What is the moral spirit and what are the principles underlying the United Nations—to say nothing of a world government—and are they to be confined to fighting communism and Communist aggression? What are the moral political and human obligations in vindication of which the peoples and nations of the world are to be called upon to fight communism and Communist aggressions? These are questions which the United States and Great Britain must particularly answer first because they are supposed to be leading the world in the present instance of "moral behaviour" and in proving their "faith in the (U.N.) institutions" and secondly because it is they from whom Asia and Africa justifiably demand proof of it all in actual behaviour.

Production Lag

The possibility of the Ramchandra Cotton Mills which was closed by the employers on the ground that they were uneconomic being handed over to the workers to run by the Uttar Pradesh Government might well be viewed with some consternation by the textile industry. When a unit is left idle by a concern, it is a fair presumption that there is a great deal of incompetence rotting it from within. Industry in India has been rather over-inclined to emphasise its special knowledge. But it has shown very little capacity for initiative and enterprise. As one not unfriendly critic of the Indian Capitalist has put it, in India business and industry is neither private nor is it enterprise. If the workers were to take over the management and administration of the Mills, there are hopes that, whatever might be found wanting, on two points there will be a great deal of improvement. The spirit of the workers will show a distinct change for the better and the amount of wastage will show an immediate drop. This is not to say that there is a deliberate neglect of the firm's interest nor that wastage is caused by this one factor only. But there is terrible mood of apathy in Labour today and on the side of business too there are certain practices which do not make for the best production. Anyone who thinks that the best standards of efficiency are now in force or that in all concerns the best men are in their proper jobs, is living in a fool's paradise. Naturally men who have to function as working units in a factory or office, will be particularly anxious to see that inefficiency and incompetence are not tolerated or that personal favourites played. If the workers could be trusted to choose their representatives carefully, they would, doubtless, succeed in rescuing many a decrepit business and in putting it on its legs. There are all kinds of complications in trade union organisation and it is likely that a first experiment will not be a complete success. Nevertheless, even an effort in this direction will result in dangerous repercussions to the textile industry as a whole and to commercial life in the country. There was some months ago a great deal of talk about profit-sharing. That would by all means be the better way. It would be very desirable if the first steps are taken to initiate this reform. If employers would only realise how much is lost by failure to give in in time and gracefully, industrial life could be geared to higher and faster effort. But the desire to prove the other side wrong is so strongly entrenched both in employer and employee that everything else will be sacrificed to it.

"New Teacher Movement"

A movement aimed to pull out the school teacher from the dull routine of school life and class room studies and to make him the centre of intelectual life in the village has been launched by the Ministry of Education, Rajasthan. The authorities are holding training camps to acquaint teachers with their new role. Speaking at one such camps, Shri Prem Narain Mathur Education Minister repeated the platitudes made familiar by education ministers of other States. He said that after independence the teacher must consider himself as an effective instrument for the reconstruction of society. He said that the teacher must aim at turning his students into good citizens and at the same time set up a high ideal of public and private conduct. which could be emulated by the village folk. Is it not expecting too much from the village teacher, who though he is respected for his learning is looked down upon for his poor economic conditions? Everyone talks about what we expect from the teacher and remind him of his high mission and duty but when it comes to giving him fair wages. we are most niggardly. Unless the status of the village teacher is raised to that of the village Patel he can never be the centre of village life. If land can be given as "inam" to revenue and police patels and Devasthan priests why cannot the teacher from whom the nation expects so much be treated in the same way? A good piece of land and house attached to the school would go a long way to relieve his financial distress and raise him in the eyes of the villagers. After all is he not the most enlightened person in the village who can represent and interpret the ideas of the first Government under "Swaraj"?

In the old days the emphasis was on the collection of revenues and maintaining law and order and hence the most important persons in the eyes of the British were the police and revenue patels. But now the primary duty of the Government is uplift of the villagers. The teacher would be the best possible medium to carry out their ideas. Many of the village activities can centre round the teacher. In addition to teaching children, he can conduct adult education classes, impart health and sanitary information, educate villagers in their civic duties, read newspapers to them and switch on the village radio to the right type of broadcasts. There are infinite ways in which the teachers can be utilised if the State Governments give him a fair deal by assuring him a fair standard of living. Mere invitations to official functions and giving him a front seat is not going to raise his status but adequate economic relief would certainly do it and make him a more useful member of the village, round whom the whole activity of the village will rotate.

Thought For The Day

Morality which depends upon the helplessness of a man or woman has not much to recommend it. Morality is rooted in the purity of hearts.

—GANDHIJI.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

NAIROBI, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): Indian members of Nairobi City Council yesterday walked out rather than vote for a European Mayor and Deputy Mayor. The new Mayor, Councillor Norman Harris, formerly of Twickenham, succeeds Sir Richard Woodley who had rejectel an Indian Councillor's proposal that an Indian should be appointed Deputy Mayor.

★

Says a local contemporary: "Unless India ceases to be a police state the widespread fears and doubts regarding the purity and reliability of the proposed elections will not be dispelled."

And what could possibly and in all conscience be a more convincing proof of India being a "police state" than the facts that (a) the paper openly calls it a "police state" and "its (Congress') political adversaries are openly accusing it of systematically using repressive laws and bureaucratic machinery to keep all opposition shackled and gagged" and yet both get away with it?

★

The Santa Cruz weather station predicted on Tuesday, heavy rains within the next forty-eight hours, under the influence of a low pressure area, etc., etc.

In another 24 hours, the weather experts will have vindicated themselves.

★

In his 7,000 word note M. Gromyko declares that only when the Security Council demands the unconditional cessation of American intervention and the immediate withdrawal of American troops from Korea.

Then hadn't M. Gromyko better go and tell the Security Council that directly?

★

A British foreign office spokesman is reported to have said that no reply has yet been received to last week's move by Britain urging the Soviet Government to exercise its influence with Northern Korea to bring the fighting to a stop.

But it is.

★

Latest reliable estimates of the Communist Chinese Air Force, says a war report, place its strength at between 600 and 800 machines and that half of this force is probably in Manchuria and half in North and Central China.

The rest of course is er—further north.

★

PARIS: The French President, M. Vincent Auriol has accepted the resignation of M. Queuille's three-day-old Cabinet and began consultations to find a new Premier-designate.

As a three-day wonder this should replace the proverbial nine-days wonder.

★

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan declared in London that he felt "very sad" about the present Pakistan-Afghanistan relations.

The Afghan Prime Minister will no doubt say he felt even "very, very sad" about the present Pakistan—Afghanistan relations.

BOOKS OF TODAY

SELECTED WRITINGS OF JAWAHARLAL NEHRU. Edited by J. S. Bright published by the Indian Printing Works, New Delhi. Pages 350. Price Rs. 5/8.

BEFORE AND AFTER INDEPENDENCE. A Collection of the Speeches of Nehru. Edited by J. C. Bright. Vols. I and II published by the Indian Printing Works, New Delhi. Pages 612. Price Rs. 7/8.

SPEECHES OF C. RAJAGOPALACHARI. The Governor General's Press. New Delhi. Pages 335.

A GLIMPSE OF THE GANDHI DHARMA. By Shahuras Ujagare and Vishnu Ujagare New Book Company, Bombay Pages 62.

GANDHI THROUGH MY DIARY LEAVES. By Kanji Dwarkadas. Published by the author. Pages 85 Rs. 2.

THE SCIENTIFIC CONCEPT OF RACE AND WORLD PEACE. By Dorothy Keur. The Indian Institute of Culture, Bangalore. Pages 8.

THE ANNALS OF THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF POLITICAL AND SOCIAL SCIENCE. Philadelphia, 1949. Pages 23.

ENCYCLOPAEDIA OF INFORMATION AND GENERAL KNOWLEDGE. Edited by Bijoy Banerji. Kamala Book Depot. Price Rs. 4. Pages 415.

BOMBAY STORY OF THE ISLAND CITY. By A. D. Pusalkar and V. G. Dighe All India Oriental Conference, Bombay. Pages 125. Price Rs. 3.

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND. Washington D. C. Pages 21.

BANKING, PLANNING AND CONSTITUTION MAKING. By K. Y. Shah Vora and Co. Publishers. Pages 113. Price Rs. 4/8.

MOTHER TONGUE MEDIUM AT WORK. By Principal S. N. Agarwal. Department of Publications. Wardha. Pages 31.

INTRODUCING OUR FLAG. Translated from the original by G. P. Rajaratnam. Hind Kitabs, Ltd. Bombay.

Here are two books which can be termed essential companions to Nehru's well-known autobiography and complete the triology. Each represents a different aspect of his ideology. Before and After Independence is a collection of the speeches of Jawaharlal, and Selected Works that of his considered writings. Their importance as the Bible of Indian freedom cannot be overlooked as also their part in moulding the destiny of our hundred millions.

"Selected writings" does not pretend to be a comprehensive collection of Nehru's writings nor that of his masterpieces, embodied in his well-known works "Autobiography", "Discovery of India," "Glimpses of World History". It is just a bouquet of roses from the wide garden of his writings. It comprises memorable passages inspiring messages letters, chit chats, epigrammatic phrases, prophecies and the most quotable quotes. It gives his view of the World in his own words, gives a peep into the golden age of Indian history, gives his story of the fight for freedom, and the communal tanglewood which led to the partition of India. Side by side with this art sections presenting Nehru's views on Modern Scienee religion, and language. The gleanings in every section from his books have also been supplemented by some extracts from his speeches to maintain the continuity of the idea.

However, while the book aims at presenting the cross currents of Indian politics it fails in giving glimpses of Jawaharlal the Man, whose ideas and ideals will determine the future of a continent. The purple passages of his writings too have been sacrificed to the constant pre-occupation with topics of everyday use.

Before And After Independence

This is the first book of its kind ever published in India or abroad, comprising as it does a range of over a thousand selected speeches, uttered by Jawaharlal Nehru over a period of three decades, from 1922 to 1950. It is divided into two sections, the first comprising the speeches delivered between 1922 and 1946 arranged ideologically, and the second speeches between 1946 and 1950, arranged chronologically. The inspiring speeches before freedom touch every aspect of the struggle. Their chief merit is their consistency-never for a moment does he go astray, from the political ideal which he keeps vividly in mind. Many of them are addressed to the youth of the land while several depict the conflict of ideologies. Others are appealed to the people in various exigencies, while a large section is concerned with problems such as those of defence and economics. In fact for politicians and lawyers, journalists and reformers, this section can ofier a valuable guide to the past so varied is the fare. The other section is less inspiring but more down to earth and pregnant with authority. Nehru the international figure stands out, as do his messages to the United Nations, Indonesia and finally at the Colombo Conference and in America which form the best part of this section. It is a period when to quote the editors, "shorn of his idealism Pandit Nehru had to come down to earth and face the music of practical politics. The burden of independence began to sit squarely on his shoulders. He spoke little and to the point. No more could he afford to play with the sentiments of the people. The happiest event of the year was his tour of America." The speeches as a whole are selected to present the down to earth view of things and to provide a key to the past present and future of India.

Speeches

In vivid contrast to the emotional appeal of this volume is another in-

(Continued on Page 7)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Earning While Learning

In supporting the Resolution moved by Shri D. V. Patel in the Municipal Corporation on 29th June 1950 on the need for an early solution to the problem of deserving young students finding it difficult to secure admission into the city colleges, Shri L. N. Welinker has made a wholly wrong approach to the question in stating that of late, several 'earn and learn' students who had one foot in the College and the other in a business firm, also sought admissions. He has gone further and observed that such a kind of education would not only do more harm than good but also jeopardise the legitimate claims of the young blood. It passes comprehension how an educationist of his stature could make such a misleading and harmful statement. Either he has not given his serious thought to this aspect of the question or he has not been able to understand the psychology of the young blood. Anyway it is a wholesome trend in our educational progress, that many of our young men who have been deprived of their legitimate aspiration to a College career, through either lack of resources or other facilities, are now prepared to sacrifice their hard earned money, time and energy to acquire a liberal education, the ultimate aim of a University career. It shows their spirit of self-reliance and the surging wave of enthusiasm to become truly educated citizens of India, to serve the cause of the country, in the different humble walks of life in which they may be placed through more efficient and conscientious work. Mr. Welinker forgets that most of them who have availed themselves of this facility are themselves pure 'young blood' and it is really a phase of our modern educational system which deserves to be encouraged than criticized. There can be certainly no harm but positive good in having as many as of our young blood of this 'learn and earn' category educated in our City Colleges.

—C. V. RADHAKRISHNAN.

Government Colleges And Freeships

On one pretext or another, there has been substantial increase in the tuition fees in all Government Colleges. This has been followed by agitation of students which has now received the moral support of the public. The agitation often labelled 'misdirected' came to a pitch sometime ago in government medical colleges. The Government putting forward one excuse or another maintained the stand taken for increase in fees but at the same time felt the pulse of the justified agitation against any increase in fees. As a face saving device and to divide the rank and file of the students, Government Resolution Health and Local Government Department No. 5956 by 33 dated 2nd September, 1949, accorded sanction to full and partial freeships at the Government Medical Colleges in the State of Bombay.

The matter does not rest here; but the students applying for full or partial freeship is compelled to execute an agreement for observance and performance of various terms and conditions. The agreement makes a strange reading. So far as regularity in studies and attendance is concerned, no student can have cause to complain. Clause 5, which is reproduced hereunder deserves, serious attention and handicaps many students from applying for freeships.

"If required by the Government so to do within a period of six months either from the date of passing the final M.B., B.S., Examination or from the date of the completion of the period of housemanship if awarded to the student or of post-graduate studies if undertaken by the student at any teaching hospital, whichever is earlier, the student shall, for a period of at least five years from the date of his first appointment serve the Government in the Bombay Medical Service Class II cadre, or in such other capacity and on such scale of pay as may be directed by the Government from time to time.'

The agreement further stipulates that if the student shall fail to serve the Government for the full period of five years as directed in Clause 5 or if the freeship is discontinued for any default, the student shall have to refund to the Government, on demand, the amount equivalent to the aggregate value of freeship and the Government may recover the amount as an 'arrear' of land revenue.

The student is further asked to secure a bond duly signed by a surety which, inter alia provides the Government to recover the full value of freeship as an arrear of land revenue under the provisions of the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879.

The compulsory period of service for five years is a cog in the wheel and the Government seems to have deliberately placed this obnoxious feature with a view to create hardships as well as to avoid sanctioning lesser number of freeships. The Government intends securing the services of more qualified doctors but the way it desires to dodge is hardly fair and befits its original purpose. The freeships in other colleges not administered by the Government are awarded to poor and deserving students without such derogatory conditions. Moreover, the scale of the Bombay Medical Service Class II cadre is no way attractive. Medical graduates should be allowed free and unlimited scope to settle at any place and if the Government desire to stipulate a restrictive clause, it should be to the effect that the students who avail themselves of freeships should practise medicine or surgery in the province where they have taken their medical education. This condition should not create a suffocating smoke screen of opposition as the revenues of the province are utilised for growth and development of medical education.

The time is quite opportune for the Minister for Health and Local Government as well as for the Hon. Prime Minister, Shri B. G. Kher to reconsider the implications of the notification of regarding free-studentship.

The whole question of freeships and increased fees deserves the serious attention of the Government and the inexplicable 'plea' of increased cost of medical education should not always be legitimate ground for increase in fees and strange conditions of freeships. The cost of higher education as a whole falling on the shoulders of parents with limited means and higher cost of living are potent factors for a long term happy solution and not be an outcome of frenzied feelings on either side

—KANTILAL D. KORE.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Indian Films

From his 60-day hurricane tour of major film centres of the world, Mr. S. K. Patil, Chairman of the Government of India's Film Inquiry Committee, seems to have returned with the right sort of ideas. Incidentally, apart from the valuable contacts he must have made, he could have gathered most of the information here in India. Though the Indian motion picture industry is the second largest in the world, we have not been able to produce pictures of international standard acceptable to world audiences. Mr. Patil rightly attributes this to low technical standard and adds that the American film industry is eager to help Indian film producers to make up that deficiency. If we could put out for the world market good pictures the American distribution and exhibition agencies would also increase their sale of cameras and projectors. We can learn a lot from the Americans in good photography and sound, coherent and crisp editing, building of sets and modern stagecraft. A little streamlined presentation of our stories would go a long way towards reclaiming them from mediocrity and boredom. All this will not be possible only through the aid of foreign technicians. The film industry must infuse into its veins new blood. Not only talented, cultured and clever persons must be absorded but a close lookout must be kept for picking real artists Early success has proved most detrimental to the progress of the industry. A few individuals and their narrow circle of associates have monopolised the film business stunting not only their vision but also any desire for betterment. The shake-up must come from top to bottom. We must have better producers, directors, technicians, artists, distributors and exhibitors if we are to produce better films and sell them in the world market.

Three Reforms

Mr. Patil has hinted the lines on which recommendations of the Film Inquiry Committee will run. The financial side of the Indian film industry has been abominable. Producers have secured loans at rates varying from 15 to 60 percent. One can imagine where the enormous profits from the film industry are going. Only a Government-sponsored film finance corporation can set this right. Another valuable suggestion has been to constitute a motion picture academy. Such an institute would not only help the industry by exchange of valuable information but also keep statistics and records and provide contacts with the world market. The other reform long due is on the question of censorship. Mr. Patil is for establishing a voluntary system like the American Production and Administrative Code, which is independent of Government control. Of course this presupposes an all round raising of standard before the film industry can and is fit to censor its own productions. On the other hand, what is the special qualification of the men who now ply the censor's scissors? Lastly, Mr. Patil referred to a Anti-Trust Act in the U. S. A., to prevent monopoly in the film business, which is just raising its head in India. Concentration of film production and exhibition in the same hands is bound to affect the quality in the long run and the divorce of this two will ensure free enterprise and discovery of fresh talent which must lead to progress

Sugar Imports

It is reported that the Government of India is planning to import one lakh tons of sugar from foreign countries and it is believed that negotiations with various countries are proceeding. This prompt action on the part of the Government will be welcomed as this year the production of sugar is expeced to be slightly under that of the previous year. It was hoped that a good cane crop and fairly remunerative price for canes, will give an impetus to produce more sugar. But the situation deteriorated owing to unduly high price for Khansari and gur. Some months back the best quality of gur was available in the city for about Rs. 15/- but now the prevailing price is Rs. 20/-. This shows that huge quantities of cane instead of reaching the sugar mills, were used in manufacturing gur which comparatively yielded higher profits. The traders on their part fully exploited the situation by raising gur prices at the cost of consumers. This shows that the merchants have lost all sense of patriotism and are indulging in anti-social activities. Thus the decision of the Government to import foreign sugar will have a salutary effect on the situation in checking any undue rise in the price of chrystal sugar. Much of the demand for gur comes due to limited supply of sugar distributed under ration. But if we are assured of a regular supply and a fair quantity of sugar, the demand for gur will automatically fall off and the entire situation will readjust in proportion to the supply and actual needs. The foreign sugar will be available much cheaper than controlled prices and, if the Government intends to lower the cost of living in this country, they can do so without asy loss by offering foreign sugar at a lower price and thus teach a lesson to those who refuse to cooperate wih Government aims.

Pondicherry Incident

Yet another proof was given of the lawlessness prevailing in French India when the house of Mr. Lambert Saravane, French India Deputy in the National Assembly of France, was attacked in broad daylight by a mob carrying dangerous weapons. Mr. Saravane was lucky enough to repel with fire-arms the attack, which lasted for more than an hour; otherwise his house would have suffered the same fate as 70 other houses which were recently burnt down in Pondicherry. The police were, apparently, no-where on the scene. No attempt has been made to trace the culprits of this or earlier cases of arson and looting. The situation in French India is getting more complex as there are further splits in the political parties. The French Government seems to have lost confidence in the Socialist Party and a new party under the leadership of Lambert Saravane has emerged. This has brought the quick wrath of his enemies on his head. While the persecution of pro-merger elements continues, the ranks of vested interests, which were supporting the French, seem to be dividing. The authorities are planning to rush through the referendum before the uncertain situation settles down. because this is their only chance to get the vote in their favour. Only recently electoral rolls were completed, inspite of the protests made by pro-merger elements. The Government of India are insisting on settling modalities of the referendum before it can be held but the French authorities are banking on the 1948 agreement and, unless New Delhi denounces it in time, the French may carry out the referendum at this most unsuitable time and when all persons eligible to vote are not on the rolls.

CHECK GROWTH OF POPULATION

Industries Association Chief's Plea

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"Increased production in industry and agriculture will fail to raise the standard of living of the people unless the rapid growth in population is checked effectively and in time", observed Mr. H. P. Merchant, the incoming President of the Association of Indian Industries, at the annual general meeting of the organisation this evening.

He sounded a warning that unless there was a co-ordinated effort, both from the public and the Government, the population problem would grow in intensity and India would never be able to achieve economic self-sufficiency or raise her standard of living.

He referred to the impediments in the wav of increased production and said that foremost among them was the lack of capital. He urged the Bombay Government to set up an Industrial Finance Corporation at an early date. He also made a plea for liberalising the policy of the Central Industrial Finance Corporation.

Removal of unnecessary controls on expansion of existing concerns or setting up of new ones, a steady import policy assuring a regular supply of raw materials, requisite facilities for industries in Greater Bombay, and amendment of certain clauses of the Labour Relations Bill, were some of the other problems touched upon by Mr. Merchant.

The outgoing President, Mr. B. S. Dabke emphasised the need for solving the refugee problem without any serious delay as discontent was likely to be exploited by the Communists for their own selfish ends in a situation that was already tense with the outbreak of war in Korea.

He made a plea for setting up of a governmental machinery to organise the production drive in the country. Referring to the newly-set up Planning Commission, he said that it was necessary to co-ordinate the activities of the Target Committees with those of the Planning Commission. He urged that preference should be given to the growth of heavy industries, including manufacture of machinery for the rapid industrialisation of the country.

A policy of gradual de-control, wherever self-sufficiency in production was in sight, was also advocated by him He then referred to the questions of private enterprise versus nationalisation, price and wage level and foreign capital.

EXPORT OF COARSE CLOTH

Ban Lifted

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): The Government of India have lifted the ban, temporarily imposed in April last on the export of coarse and medium cloth. it is authoritatively stated here.

Originally, the export quota for textile goods was fixed at 800 million yards during the cotton year 1949-50 (upto September 1, 1950). In February, this quota was almost completed and the Government imposed a temporary ban on the export of medium and coarse cloth, while the export of fine and superfine cloth was allowed freely. The export quota has been increased by 300 million yards to cover the period upto December 1950 and the ban on medium and coarse cloth has been lifted. Licences are expected to be issued evenly for the next six months for the remnants of the total quota of 1,100 million yards.

MOTHER TONGUE SIDE-TRACKED

Madras Government Criticised

MADRAS, July 5. (PTI).

Five prominent Tamilians of Madras including Mr. R. K. Shanmugham Chetty, former Finance Minister of India and Mr. O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar, former Chief Minister of Madras today protested against the Madras Government's proposal to make Tamil an optional subject in high schools.

In a joint statement issued today, they said in no other state in India had "the mother tongue" been made optional in the educational curriculum of high schools.

SARDAR DATAR SINGH

CALCUTTA, July 5 (PTI): Sardar Datar Singh, Additional Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture and Vice-Chairman of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, will arrive here tomorrow to study the possibility and extent of the increased jute production in West Bengal and other neighbouring states.

He will visit the jute growing districts of this region to assess the extent of increased sowing for a correct picture of the expected yield this year.

BRITAIN'S GOLD AND DOLLAR RESERVES INCREASE

Restrictions On Expenditure To Continue

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

SIR STAFFORD CRIPS, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in Parliament today that the sterling area's net gold and dollar surplus amounted to 180 million dollars in the second qquarter of 1950.

This compared with a surplus of 40 million dollars in the first quarter of the year. It compared also with a deficit of 31 million dollars in the fourth quarter of 1949.

Receipts under the European Recovery Programme amounted to 240 million dollars. Britain also drew 18 million dollars on the Canadian credit. Reserves rose by 438 million dollars so that at the end of June they stood at 2,422 million dollars compared with 1,340 million dollars at the lowest point immediately before devaluation.

The recent increase in the reserves, the Chancellor said, had involved a corresponding decrease in the sterling resources of the exchange equalisation account.

To replenish these resources he proposed to issue £ 300,000,000 to that account from the exchequer this week.

Influences bringing about an improvement in Britain's affairs had continued to be partly at work, he said.

Britain's expenditure on dollar imports and that of other Commonwealth countries had continued to be kept within the limits imposed a year or so ago. Finance Ministers' Conference in July last year decided to aim at 25 per cent reduction in dollar expenditure by Commonwealth countries of the sterling area.

RESULT OF AID

The Chancellor said most of the increase in the reserve was the direct result of the assistance received under the European Recovery Programme.

Sir Stafford warned that although they had increased over the last nine months, Britain's reserves of gold and dollars were still far below any level necessary for her to face with equanimity all the sudden and substantial changes in external conditions which might take place.

"It is for this reason that we must firmly maintain our policies of restraint on personal incomes and expenditures, especially on dollar imports, while providing the maximum encouragement to dollar earnings."

Vyshinsky And Gromyko Attend Ball

MOSCOW, July 5. (PTI-Reuter): Soviet Foreign Minister M. Andrei Vyshinsky, and M. Gromyko, were among guests invited to a traditional fourth of July ball at Mr. Kirk's residence last night to celebrate the anniversary of American Independence. M. Gromyko attended last year's reception.

POLICE SERVICE LEFT UNPAID

Case Against Madras Exhibition Committee

MADRAS July 5, (PTI): The Inspector General of Police, representing Madras State has filed a suit in the city civil court against the All-India Industrial and Khadi Exhibition Committee for recovery of the cost of special policing service rendered during the exhibition held in Madras from September 14 to October 24, 1947.

The defendants to the suit are the Secretary of the Exhibition Committee and its four vice-presidents.

The case for the plaintiff was that the defendants, under the patronage of the Andhra Congress Building Fund Committee, conducted the Exhibition Committee, special policing was provided at the cost of the defendants' Committee. A sum of Rs. 4,437-11-0 was charged at the usual rate for providing the special policing services.

The plaintiff alleged that the defendants accepted the bill and paid Rs. 720/-. The balance, the plaintiff stated, still remained unpaid in spite of repeated reminders.

The judge admitted the case and directed summons to be issued to the defendants. The case was posted to August one for hearing.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 5.

Previous closing	.....	33.24
Today's opening	.....	33.25
Difference	.....	+01
Today's closing	.....	33.30
Difference	.....	+06

Stop Press

ONLY TEN MILLIONS

WASHINGTON.—The Senate Appropriation Committee was reported to have voted only 10 million dollars for President Truman's point four programme for aid to backward areas of the world, though the President had asked for 45 million dollars.

ARMS DIVERTED TO KOREA

From Western Europe

WASHINGTON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): Some arms and military supplies destined for the defence of Western Europe may be diverted as a temporary measure, for the use of American forces fighting in Korea, Mr. Roger Tubby, a State Department spokesman, said here today.

Mr. Tubby said any materials diverted to Korea would be replaced later so that the American arms programme for Western Europe would not suffer.

He categorically denied a press report here that a secret decision had been made to divert many millions of dollars worth of new American weapons from Europe to the Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Burma and Indonesia.

"No decision on any level has been made about this," Mr. Tubby said. "The story is highly speculative and is not true."

Mr. Tubby said a military mission would leave for Indo-China soon to review the situation there.

He would not say if this was a direct result of President Truman's promise last week of increased military aid for Indo-China and the Philippines.

COMMONS DEBATE

(Continued from page 1)

activities of the Security Council should be impeded by the absence of a member." The custom had grown up in the United Nations that if a permanent member present at a meeting had abstained from voting, the resolution of the Security Council should be regarded as legally effective and not invalidated by the fact that the permanent member had not cast an affirmative vote, he added.

"The Charter does not permit a permanent member by deliberate absence to impose a blanketing veto on all Security Council proceedings, the Prime Minister declared.

"The broad principle is that all States may be endangered if the aggressor is allowed to get away with the fruits of aggression in any part of the world.

CHINESE DELEGATION

Mr. Attlee earlier had dealt with the suggestion that China, a permanent member of the Security Council, was not validly represented.

He said this was a matter of procedure to be decided by a simple majority of seven members after the examination of credentials. The right of China's present Representative to continue to represent China had been so decided, and in accordance with Security Council rules and practice he was therefore entitled to occupy China's seat and cast her vote.

"Russia has no right to impose its own view on the question of Chinese representation on other members of the Security Council", he declared.

OPPOSITION'S SUPPORT

Opposition leader Mr. Churchill, rising to pledge opposition support, declared Conservatives fully endorsed the Government's view that President Truman's action was right, and that the British Government, accompanied as it had been by other members of the Commonwealth, was also right in acting as it had done.

NEW BLOOD IN G.P.C.C.

Sweeping Changes Expected

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 5: Sweeping changes are likely in Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee and the District Congress Committees as new blood has entered the Congress ranks in the recent Congress panchayat elections. It has not only created a new feeling in the Congress circles but also made big Congress leaders enlist new blood in the office bearers of the Gujarat Congress Committee.

Various compliants have been received by the G.P.C.C. regarding unfair methods employed by certan people in the delegates election. It is alleged that undue influence was exerted on voters. The Provincial Congress Committee is enquiring into the complaints.

PASSENGERS BOUND TO BURMA STRANDED

Passport Difficulties

CALCUTTA, July 5 (PTI).

About two hundred South Indian passengers intending to proceed to Burma are stranded in Calcutta owing to the refusal of the air and shipping companies to issue any ticket to passengers not carrying passports from the Government of India, as required under the regulation introduced by the Government of Burma from July 1.

On a telegraphic representation made by these passengers, the Government of Burma have, it is learnt, advised their representative in Calcutta that previous arrangements with regard to the entry of Indian into Burma needing no passport, should continue until further notice. But as no directive from the Government of India in compliance with the Government of Burma's latest order has so far been received in Calcutta, the air and shipping companies are still insisting on the production of the Government of India's passoprt.

Some of the passengers, it is learnt, took "emergency certificates" from the Government of West Bengal today and are shortly proceeding to Burma either by air or by steamer, while the rest are awaiting the Government of India's instructions.

FRENCH LEADER'S MISSION

Ministry-Making Feelers

PARIS, July 5 (PTI-Reuter).—President Vincent Auriol today invited M. Guy Mollet, Secretary-General of the Socialist Party, to "undertake a mission of information" with a view to forming a new Government.

The Socialist leader, who accepted the invitation, made it clear that he had accepted the "mission of information" with a view to reaching agreement between the so-called "Government parties" on a possible programme and not with a view to himself becoming Premier-designate.

IMPORT CONTROL INQUIRY

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): The three-man Committee appointed by the Government of India on July 3 to enquire into the working of import control and recommend improvement in its administration is expected to complete its work within two months from now, it is learnt.

The Committee, it is understood will not issue any "formal questionnaire or record any formal evidence" as it has to race against time.

It will, however hold consultations with representatives of trade and commerce very shortly when it tours the four port cities namely Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras.

The Committee has already set itself to preliminaries.

FUTURE OF CARIBBEAN TERRITORIES

Britain Welcomes Scheme For Federation

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

THE British Government is "strongly in favour" of federation of the British Caribbean territories, Lord Hall, First Lord of the Admiralty, told the House of Lords last night.

But it would not "foist" federation on them. Nor would it enslow down constitutional progress of the largest individual colonies to that of toe slowest members, he said.

He was replying to a debate on a report by the Standing Closer Association of the British Caribbean, which Colonial Secretary Creech Jones has recommended to the West Indian legislatures for "serious examination and discussion."

Lord Hall said he had no doubt that ultimately there would be a strong desire for federation.

So far only Grenada had come to a final conclusion and that was in favour.

TRINIDAD CAPITAL

The report of the Standing Closer Association, published by the Colonial Office last March, proposed linking all the West Indian colonies in a "British Caribbean Federation."

The federation would comprise Barbados, Britisth Guiana, British Honduras, Jamaica, Antigua, St. Kitts-Nevis, Montserrat, Trinidad, Grenada, St. Vincent, St. Lucia and Dominica.

Trinidad was suggested as the capital.

A federation legislature was recommended, consisting of the Governor-General, a Senate and a House of Assembly.

The Governor-General would be empowered to reserve for the British Government's approval bills on defence, external affairs and measures affecting the financial stability of the federation.

Lord Hall said an important factor which influenced the Standing Closer Association in favour of federation was that it was possible to make progress towards Dominion Status as a federation which would not be possible by individual colonies or separate units.

London Stock Exchange

Price Movements Irregular

LONDON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter).—Any desire to broaden business at the start of the new trading period on the London Stock Exchange today was checked by the situation in Korea. Caution and hesitancy were again uppermost in all sections and the price movements revealed irregularity.

The opening trend was to slightly lower levels, with gilt-edged fractionally and declines of few pence widespread in industrial groups. The sentiment improved later, however, in anticipation of an announcement of Britain's gold and dollar reserve figures. Some losses were regained and small net gains were occasionally shown.

Among oils, Burmah's were depressed to three sterling on the Chairman's denial that the company contemplated capital repayment. Selling resulted in losses of up to one and half points in Japanese bonds. Other foreigners were quietly steady.

Kaffirs recovered from a dull start and, although irregular, closed with many small gains on balance.

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES
2½ per cent B. Consols 69-1/4
3½ per cent Con. Loan 94-1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 106 3/4
3½ per cent War Loan 92-3/4
3 per cent War Loan 103½
4 per cent Victory Bonds 109
3 per cent Savings Bonds 94 5/8
British Transport 89

INDUSTRIALS
Asso. Port Cement 85
Br. Amr. Tobacco 5-1/16
Br. Cell Ordy. 20-4½
Cal. Elec. 21-6
Cal. Tramways 24-6
Carreras 5 11/16
J and P Coats 57/6
Courtaulds 35/9
Distilleries 17-9
Dunlop Rubber 60/3
Elec. and Music 21/4½
Fine Cot. Spinners 21-1½
Ford Motors 43/4½
Imperial Chemical 40/6
Imperial Tobacco 5 1/16
Indian Iron and Steel 42-6
Int. Nickel 53½
Lever Bros. and Unilever 40/4½
Marks and Spencer 79
Pinchin and Johnson 40-3
Standard Motors 21/6
Vickers 28/4½
Woolworth 46/9
Fed Malaya 89
S. L. Distilleries Ord 20
Do. Pref. 20-7 1/2

TEA SHARES
Assam Consolidated 13-6
Assam Frontier 12/6
Assam 20/3
Empire of India 21-9
Imperial 25

JUTES
Barnagore 16½
Samugger 281/1-1/2

RUBBER
Anglo-Dutch Plant of Java 9-3
Kuala Kelampong 13-6
Invest Trust 18/4½

MINING SHARES
Burma Corp. 3/6
Crown 5-1/16
Nundydroog 9
Spring 10/1½
Sub Nigel 4-3/8
Southern Mal Times 21/10½
French Mines 23/6
Petalling Test 18
Hongkong Tin 10-6
Union Corp 211-3
Con. Tin (Burma) 1
Indian Copper 3/4½
Blyvoors 42/10½
Simmer and Jacks 7-4½
Con. Goldfield 50
Orange Free State 42-6

OILS
Anglo-Iranian 126/10½
Attock 23/9
Burma 3-1/32
Mexican Eagle 16/10½
Royal Dutch 22
Shell Transport 3-5/32

SHIPPING
P and O Steam 47-6
Indian General 6
Nominal Banks 10-3/16
Mercantile Bank of India 22½

Pakistan Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 5.

Cotton market was steady at decline on better enquiry and larger exports stimulated by sharp freight rates concession for Japan.

Yesterday's spot sales: 2,500 exports, 19,105 bales largely for Kobe and Hongkong.

Cottonseeds became steady on reports of the agreement reached between two Dominions allowing free private trade in cottonseeds.

Freight rates for Japanese ports lowered from Rs. 50 to Rs. 36 during the past fortnight.

CURRENT RATES: Cotton NT 74-3, Punjab 289, F 77, Four F 74-8, New Crop NT October 72-8, Cottonseeds NT Ready 5-4, Gold 101.

Indore Stock Exchange

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, July 5.

The following were final quotations on Indore Stock Exchange today: Dash Indore Malwa 106, Hukamchand Mills 425, Bhandari Mills 570, Vinod Mills 324, Kalyanmal Mill 64, Kalyanmal Mill Pref 74, Rajkumar Mills 76, Indore Bank 65.

On Indore Bada Sarafa Association, Forward Silver opened at 180-15, highest 182-2, lowest 180-8 and closed 181-15.

On Indore Bullion Exchange Forward Gold commenced at 115-12, highest 116-6, lowest 115-10 and closed 116-5.

RESTRICTION ENDS: The Hyderabad Government have decided to remove the restriction imposed by the Public Companies (Limitation of Dividends) Regulation of 1358 Fasli, retrospectively with effect from April 1, 1950, says a Finance Department Press Note issued on Tuesday.

KOREAN WAR

(Continued from Page 1)

cuated Suwon were regrouping around the American advanced positions.

Their retreat, termed "not exactly orderly, but not a rout by any means" by an American spokesman, came as General MacArthur's headquarters announced a "strong enveloping movement" by Communist forces east of the Suwon line.

This line had run south-east from Inchon Port, 20 miles west of Seoul, which the Communists claimed in a Pyongyang radio broadcast to have captured yesterday.

Further east, a Communist column reported to be going south from Chunchon, a railway town about 50 miles north-east of Seoul, towards Wonju, another railway town about 50 miles south of Chunchon, was reported here to be apparently a small movement of only about one regiment of North Koreans.

MACARTHUR'S COMMUNIQUE

TOKYO.—North Korean forces today launched a frontal attack on the Suwon line as other elements continued an enveloping movement on Yongdongpo-Inchon-Suwon triangle, General MacArthur's headquarters announced.

Yongdongpo is five miles west of the captured South Korean capital of Seoul. Inchon, on the coast further west, is the port for Seoul, and Suwon, former American advanced headquarters, is 25 miles south of Seoul. The Communists had driven the defenders on to high ground north of Osan, on the main road 11 miles south-east of Suwon, the communique said.

"North Korean forces continue to press the South Koreans from the north, at the same time extending their columns around the east flank of the defending forces, with the apparent objective of cutting off their retreat," the communique added.

"Reported movements of troops and material across the Han River from the Seoul area into the recently captured area indicates preparation for further aggressive action."

The communique said the American Army continued to move supplies, munitions and men by air and sea from Japan to Korea. A North Korean column was reported to be heading from Pyiu to Ichon, 25 miles west of Suwon, while North Korean troops in Wonju were advancing toward Chuinju. Communist light tanks had been reported on the east coast near the 38th Parallel. Air strikes against North Korean targets inflicted heavy damage at Pyongyang. And at Hafju, 70 miles to the south. Air force bombers flew 16 sorties against the railway northwest of Munsam with reported good results. Fighter units flew 158 sorties, attacking a variety of targets, the communique said.

AIR STRIKES

A combined British and American aircraft carrier task fleet made a series of highly successful air strikes against military targets in North Korea on Monday and Tuesday, it was officially announced today.

LAIKALI CASE TO GO TO FULL BENCH

SECUNDERABAD July 5 (UPI).

The Laikali escape case will be referred to a Full Bench.

The learned judges Mr. Justice Sripath Rao Palnitkar and Mr. Justice Saidat Ali Khan, felt that since a very difficult point regarding the validity of the Hyderabad Public Safety and Public Interest Act and some points of the Indian Constitution ought to be decided, this case shall be referred to a full bench as the only competent body.

Surprise Shower In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): A surprise shower accompanied by thunderstorms lasting over an hour in Delhi this morning disturbed the city's population of displaced persons and caused attendance in Government offices to thin down considerably. The rainfall recorded was point six four inches.

Weather experts do not anticipate regular monsoons for another week yet but forecast that thundershowers might continue tonight and tomorrow morning.

Run Over By Police Van

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 5: A boy of seven ws killed by police van yesterday. It is said that the driver was driving the van rashly. He has been arrested.

BOOKS OF TODAY

(Continued from Page 6)

corporating the speeches of C. Rajagopalachari, during the short period—as Governor-General—June 1948 to January 1950. Their lucidity, terseness, and subject matter very much to the point strike the individual note and they are pregnant with the voice of reason that one always associated with him. They range from civic, educational and informal addresses to more official ones. The political note does not sound through these selections very obstrusively however the grouping in chronological rather than ideological order fails to lend unity to the book.

More Gandhian Literature

The literal avalanche of literature on the Mahatma that is daily being forced on a bewildered public provides very little that is new. Gandhi Dharma is yet another addition. It tries to set out the fundamentals of the Gandhian gospel, to show how he raised standards higher by his Satyagraha doctrine, based primarily on Ahimsa, Truth and Brahmacharya. The present little booklet is no more attractive than other current works on the subject, having nothing new about its presentation and approach.

Reminiscences

Kanji Dwarkadas reminiscences of Gandhi through his Diary Leaves is an exception to the general rut of Gandhian literature, inasmuch as it is an objective study written by a man who never came under the hypnotic influence of Gandhi but who as General Secretary of the National Home Rule League, came into contact with many of the great men of the day. However the author's preoccupation with his own movements and words destroys much of the desired effect.

Dwarkadas whose interest and connection with labour in various capacities, both Government and private for a period of well over three decades is well-known, records some of his conversations with Gandhi on this vital problem and these form the highlight of the book, which reveals Gandhi from a different angle than that seen by many of his followers in the past.

The Race Problem

This paper by Dorothy Kent the Associate Professor of Anthropology at a College in New York formed the subject of discussion of the special session of the Indian Institute of Culture. As a refutation of the present day talk of superior and inferior races and as a demonstration of how races can live together sharing a common culture and yet retaining their individuality, her paper is outstanding. New York city forms the centre of many of her statements, and educationists in India would find much to bearten them in the statement that in New York City some years ago a special school was created for training those children who gave promise of highest intellectual achievement from the elementary school level-short work indeed of the chosen people notion!

American Education

Although this volume on Education is aimed at opening solutions for significant problems that have troubled leaders in American society, it contains a few articles on the vital problem of education that will be of help to Indian educators and thinkers as well. Every cycle in the life of the American citizen covering the education of the young child, Adult Education in the United States and finally teacher Welfare and the Society's Responsibility towards it are presented. Such facts as the following are brought into intimate focus, thus reads one article if one were to canvas among the neighbours in any neighbourhood or city or rural area and ask them if they were undertaking or planning to undertake some form of education, continuous study outside of working hours, one might find to his surprise that 30 to 50 of them were in that category. There are supplementary Book Reviews of New Literature in the field of Social Sciences.

Encyclopaedias

To the many encyclopaedias and books on general knowledge that are at present cropping up has been added yet another. Bijoy Banerji's attempt which tends towards the ambitious and takes in its stride such varied subjects as the growth of Primitive Society and Culture and a glimpse of world culture, as well as important charters declarations and documents, the Hydrogen Bomb and Einstein's New Theory side by side with the much discussed Constitution of India cannot but tend to be scrappy owing to the vast nature of the subjects covered. The encyclopaedia abounds in lists of names and the biographical sketches cannot but confine themselves to names and mere dates.

Bombay

Here in a little booklet is the story of the little island city of Bombay in simple outline. How this tropical island which almost up to 1500A.D. slumbered in peaceful repose till the first European set foot on its soil, was transformed into one of the largest cities in the East and the beehive of commerce and industry has been narrated in chapters that will present interesting problems to a student of history, particularly the brief descriptions of places of historical and cultural interest, like the caves of Bombay.

Monetary Fund

A book that will be of interest to all economists, "International Monetary Fund" is a schedule of the par values which have been established under the articles of agreement of the International Monetary Fund. These are expressed both in terms of gold and of U. S. dollar in a uniform manner.

The Mother Tongue

Whether or not the introduction of the Mother Tongue medium of instruction in the country will prove to be a successful experiment is a moot point among educationists. Principal S. N. Agarwal of the Government Seksaria College of Commerce at Wardha here describes in a brief pamphlet the first experiments at Wardha and Nagpur since 1946. The place of English in such a scheme and the difficulties offered by way of text books and Technical terms are discussed briefly. Interesting in this attempt is the introduction of stenotyping classes in the regional languages and the telegraph code in Hindi a scheme in the air. A book meant for students and teachers, it gives extracts from various speeches made at different times.

Three Addresses

The three subjects included in the title, Banking, Planning and Constitution making are examined in the three addresses delivered by the author in Calcutta in January 1949. The first, the Presidential address to the Annual Conference of the Imperial Bank of India Staff Associations has a special significance in that it makes the close scrutiny of the Banking organisation and legislation in the country which the author later tried to give effect to in the radical amendments he proposed on the Consolidating Banking Bill in the Legislative Assembly. The address on Planning has an informative section on the gaps in Planning left by the National Planning series. The third address, although essentially an address on the Draft Constitution, however, examines the purpose of a Constitution from a somewhat unusual approach. An ambitious work that needs consideration.

Our Flag

Hind Kitabs Publication, "Introducing our Flag" which appeared originally in Kannada is meant essentially for young boys and girls. The symbolical significance of the Flag, the tricolour pattern and the Asoka wheel is described shortly, as also how the concept of the flag originally developed. The book also contains the original words and renderings of national songs like the Vande Mataram and Jana Gana Mana.

—P. D.

SLIM TO VISIT DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 5, (PTI): Field-Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the Imperial General Staff is arriving in New Delhi on Saturday on his way back from Australia.

He will be staying at Government House.

During his two days' visit he will meet President and the Prime Minister of India. He will also meet General K. M. Cariappa, C.-in-C. Indian Army and Air-Marshal R. Ivelaw-Chapman C.-in-C. Indian Air Force.

Before leaving for Karachi on July 10 Field-Marshal Slim will address senior officers of the Indian Defence Services.

QUIT NOTICE: About 400 employees of the Karachi Food and Civil Supplies Department have been served with notices terminating their services with effect from August 1, 1950.

U.S. MONOPOLY OF ATOM NO LONGER JUSTIFIED

American Scientist Urges Change In Policy

NEW YORK, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. David E. Lilienthal, former Chairman of the United States Atomic Energy Commission, said in an article today that he was convinced the American monopoly of atomic industrial "know-how" was no longer justified and should be drastically changed.

Mr. Lilienthal said the people of the United States had been "sold the biggest gold brick" in their history this was the notion "that a few of our bright people discovered the secret formula of the atom, a secret we can keep by locking it in a vault."

NO JUSTIFICATION

"I believe in secrecy about atomic weapons," he wrote. "This is a clear necessity. But this necessity does not justify the enormous and all embracing scope of Government monopoly of information, plants, materials and know-how now provided for."

Secrecy was hard on the United States' technical progress and its cost was "staggering."

FIRST STEP

Under the Manhattan district project everything was stamped "secret," even books available "on the shelves of almost every technical library in this country—and Russia" and some equipment which could be purchased in hundreds of stores throughout the country.

"An ordinary screw driver used to tighten a screw in an assembly involving atomic materials was treated as 'restricted data.'

R

GOVERNMENT CLOTH SHOP

IN ADDITION to the 12 Government Cloth Shops already functioning in Bombay one more Government Cloth Shop has been opened at Gogte Mansion, Bhatwadi, near Opera House Tram Terminus. All varieties of first grade Indian Mill made cloth are available at controlled rates.

Atomic Energy Body's Chief In City

Mr. J. D. Choksi, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission visited the Bharat Bijli Ltd. Photo shows Mr. Choksi going round the factory.

TRUMAN'S STROKE OF DIPLOMACY

What Influenced India On Korean Policy

NEW YORK, July 5, (PTI).

MR. Arthur Krock, the New York Times Political Writer, yesterday said that President Truman's assurance of military aid in Indo-China greatly influenced India's acceptance of the United Nation's Korean resolution, cables D. P. Wagle, P.T.I. Correspondent.

The paper published under the heading "an example of diplomacy at its best."

Mr. Krock asserted that Mr. Truman's specific announcement of accelerated military aid to Indo-China "played an important, possibly an indispensable, part in persuading Prime Minister Nehru and the Government of India to endorse the second resolution of the United Nations on Korea."

Mr. Krock's interpretation that it was the paragraph about Indo-China, purposely put into the President's statement by the State Department, that won over India caused surprise among circles conversant with India's foreign policy.

India has not recognised the Bao Dai regime in Indo-China, and the New Delhi communication to the United Nations, read at the last meeting of the Security Council made it clear that India's acceptance of the U.N. decision on Korea involved no modification of her foreign policy.

INDIA'S POLICY

Mr. Krock said: "Mr. Nehru on many occasions has maintained the determination to associate India with nothing international which promotes or justifies aggression or does violence to the law of nations. His delay in notifying Mr. B. N. Rau to vote for the second resolution arose from the fact that he required complete persuasion that neither element was involved in the military intervention of the United Nations and the United States in Korea."

"The first part of the persuasion", Mr. Krock said, was supplied by the inclusion in the President's communique of the following paragraph:

"I have similarly directed acceleration in the furnishing of military assistance to the forces of France and the associated states in Indo-China and the dispatch of a military mission to provide close working relations with these forces".

SECOND PART

He added: "The second part of the process of persuading Mr. Nehru was contributed by one of the great diplomats of this period Mr. L W Henderson, Ambassador of the United States at New Delhi.

On Mr. Henderson devolved the task of meeting the doubts and questions of the Prime Minister, whose foreign policy is based on neutrality as between the United States and Soviet Russia in any mere conflict of ideology or any move by either which he interprets as strategy in a strugle for world power.

"What Mr. Nehru wanted, before giving his consent to the second resolution of the United Nations, was certainty that, in arming the new line in Asia and the Pacific against the militant world Communists, the sole objectives were to preserve world peace, protect the independence of free nations and restore compliance with the Charter.

Mr. Henderson was able to supply that in hours of conference, but, lacking the President's paragraph which ordered the acceleration of military assistance to Indo-China, he might have been unable to do so.

"Indo-China lies on the highroad to Asia's great sub-continent, which so recently won its independence and intends to preserve it. The chief threat to independence is external aggression whether direct or in the form of manipulated civil war and this is the threat also being resisted by the associated states in Indonesia.

These three points, when emphasised by Mr. Henderson, made it clear to the Prime Minister that both national and international objectives were wholly intertwined with the intervention of the United Nations and the United States in South-East Asia."

EVACUEE PROPERTY: Evacuees who have migrated from Bihar to East Pakistan, owing to communal disturbances, will have the right to sell or exchange their properties under the Indo-Pakistan Agreement of April 8, 1950, says a Bihar Government press note.

U. N. Defines Aggression

GENEVA, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): Jurists of the United Nations International Law Commission decided after lengthy debate yesterday that "the use of armed force for any purpose other than self defence or the execution of a United Nations mandate" is a crime against the peace and security of mankind.

This definition of aggression is intended for inclusion as crime one in a code of offences against the peace and security of mankind which the Commission is drafting for the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Russia and Czechoslovakia have left the Commission in protest at the presence of a Chinese delegate appointed under the Nationalist regime.

INDIAN OFFER NOT RECEIVED

WASHINGTON, July 5. (PTI-Reuter): An American State Department spokesman said yesterday that a reported offer from India to mediate in the Korean war had not been received here up to early afternoon.

The spokesman said it was difficult for him to see how the United States could take part in any mediation efforts with Russia, since the Korean war issue was one between North Korea and the United Nations.

43 Nations Now Support U. N. Stand On Korea

NEW YORK, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): Communist and Arab countries are predominant among the fifteen United Nations members who have either opposed or so far withheld support from the Security Council resolution on Korea. Till today, 43 member nations had extended support.

Among the Arab countries Egypt has abstained and the Yemen has merely acknowledged receipt of the resolution.

Iraq, Lebanon, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Afghanistan, Burma, Bylo-Russia, Siberia and Ukraine have not yet replied.

N. Korean Air Losses

TOKYO, July 5, (PTI-Reuter). North Korean air losses to date include seven planes destroyed, one probably destroyed, and four damaged, General MacArthur's Headquarters announced today. Five motor torpedo-boats and six trawlers had been sunk by the navy.

WILL RUSSSIA QUIT THE U. N.?

View In Washington Circles

WASHINGTON, July 5, (PTI-

THE possibility that Russia may leave the United Nations is being discussed here following Moscow's violently-worded request today that the Security Council demand the withdrawal of the United States from Korea.

United States diplomats in Lake Success and world capitals have succeeded in obtaining the fullest possible backing of the majority of countries in the United Nations for United States military action in Korea.

Though backed by a genuinely aroused world public opinion, they have sometimes had not too easy a task.

Mobilisation of this world opinion has been accomplished only by slowing down United States military intervention in Korea to a step by step process. But the consensus of opinion here is that the diplomatic and propaganda advantages of creating a united non-Communist world offsets the first military setbacks in Korea, due in part to those delays.

There is growing dissatisfaction here that Russia should have escaped condemnation by the United Nations for responsibility for supplying and authorising the North Korean attack.

There is growing support for the thesis that the United Nations should notify the Soviet Union, and possibly Communist China, that any aid given to North Korea would be breach of the Security Council's resolution, a violation of the United Nations Charter, and a breach of world peace that could not be overlooked by the United Nations.

FREE PEOPLE ARE ON YOUR SIDE

Truman's Letter To Dr. Chang

WASHINGTON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman told Dr. John Myun Chang, South Korean Ambassador in the United States yesterday that "all the free people of the world are on your side".

In a letter Dr. Chang made public yesterday, the President said free people everywhere "pray for the success of the Korean defenders, and bitterly condemn the unprovoked Communist attack. This is clearly shown by the quick and decisive action of the United Nations Security Council, and by public opinion everywhere in the democratic world".

By the staunch resistance of your government and your people you are showing the world that freedom-loving people will fight against Communist aggression wherever it arises".

CALL SPECIAL SESSION OF PARLIAMENT

Mr. Saksena On Korean War Policy

GORAKHPUR, July 5 (PTI): Mr. Shibbanlal Saksena, M.P. in a communication to Dr Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Union has requested him to call a special session of the Parliament to consider the Cabinet decision to endorse the Security Council resolution with regard to Korean situation.

He pointed out that the situation was extremely grave and was bound to involve us in a senseless war on behalf of the reactionaries for their imperialistic ends.

MACARTHUR AS U. N. COMMANDER

WASHINGTON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): Diplomatic sources forecast here yesterday that General Douglas MacArthur would probably be named as United Nations Commander in Korea within a few days and that forces under his command would be given the right to fly the United Nations flag.

LOSS OF BREAD TICKETS: For loss of Bread Tickets, the full deposit of Rs. 250 by Khimji Deoji and Co., the Proprietor Ration Shop No. 372, Sleater Road, has been forfeited to Government.

PUSH SOUTH CONTINUED

North Korean Communique

LONDON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter):—North Korean troops yesterday continued a push south of Seoul "pursuing and annihilating fleeling puppet troops, "according to a Northern communique from Pyongyang picked up in London.

Communist fighters bombed southern infrantry and motorised units between Seoul and Suwon and raided Suwon airstrip, destroying trucks and a locomotive, the report added.

Another communique said Yyongyang, the Northern capital, was bombed twice yesterday, the first by 39 American planes and then by more than 20 Two of them were shot down.

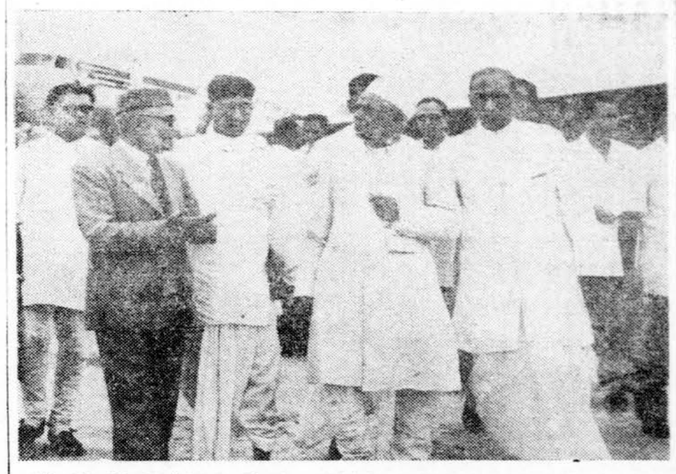
The American planes dropped 800 bombs in the city and surrounding causing heavy damage to houses and cultural installations".

S. Korean Morale Stiffens

ARRIVAL OF U. S. TROOPS

WASHINGTON, July 5. (PTI-Reuter): An American Army spokesman said yesterday that the morale of the South Korean troops had stiffened with the arrival of American troops in the battle area. A communique issued by General Douglas MacArthur's Allied Headquarters in Tokyo had pointed out that American troops went into action late on Monday for the first time. An Army spokesman here said this did not necessarily mean that American troops were actually fighting the North Korean in the battle line.

DIWAKAR AT DACCA



The Hon'ble Shri R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, arrived at the Tejgaon aerodrome, Dacca, recently in connection with the meeting of the Indo-Pakistan Information Consultative Committee. He was received at the airport by the Hon'ble Khwaja Shahabuddin, Pakistan's Minister for Information and Broadcasting; Mr. S. K. Basu, Deputy High Commissioner for India in Dacca and high officials of the East Bengal Government. Photo shows the Hon'ble Khwaja Shahabuddin chatting with the Hon'ble Shri Diwakar on his arrival at the airport.

NO OFFER FROM INDIA TO MEDIATE

Speculation In U. S. Discounted

NEW YORK, July 5, (PTI).

THE Indian delegation to the United Nations has been answering numerous querries during the past two days arising from a report that India was about to mediate or had offered to mediate in the Korea dispute, cables D. P. Wagle PTI correspondent.

The speculation seems to have arisen from the fact that in notifying its acceptance of the Security Council resolution, India expressed the hope that even at that late stage a sentative on the Security Council, ruled out.

Both Mr. B. N. Rau, India's representative on the Security Council, and Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador in Wasington denied any knowledge of an offer by the Government of India to mediate in Korea.

The New York "Times" in a despatch from Laks Success today said that mediation procedures to end the Korean war were generally ruled out at the United Nations.

TALKS USELESS

The view firmly held in most quarters, the paper added, was that talks were useless until the Communist troops withdrew behind the 38th Parallel.

The paper quoted "United States and British circles" as holding that mediation was out of question" as far as military settlement is concerned".

RAU'S EFFORTS

Apart from the reference to "mediation" in the Government of India's communique, one possible reason for linking India with mediation manoeuvres in Korea is believed to be the attmept of Mr. Rau to bring about a high level meeting of "two of the leading powers" for general East-West peace talks.

These talks, which Mr. Rau has initiated among Security Council members have been suspended for a few days. It is considered prossible that both Washington and Moscow have been apprised of these through normal diplomatic channels and that they have probably been misconstrued by some as Korean mediation porposals.

GUARDIAN FIXES AUGUST AS "DATE FOR TROUBLE"

Only Quick End Of Korean War Will Ensure Peace

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

IN an editorial on the Korean conflict and today's Commons debate on the situation ,the Manchester "Guardian" said today, "the best chance for preventing an extension of the war is to bring the Korean campaign into a successful and rapid end."

"M. Gromyko's statement yesterday, still cautious, marks a slight swelling of the Russian mutterings and protests", the paper said.

Comparing Russia to a mastodon, in whose case it used to take time for a stimulus to communicate to the nervous centre the paper said, "Doubtless the eventual reactions of a mastodon were unpleasantly vigorous"

DATE FOR TROUBLE

It added that the dangerous period for the international cosequences of Korea may be late August and September, "the traditional European date for trouble"

"It would be especially awkward if the United Nations had to undertake amphibious operations to force a re-entry."

THE DIFFERENCE

The paper asked: "How does the North Korean army manage to be so efficient?"

"It is as disquieting to see what Communist discipline can do with an anarchic people like the Koreans as it is to see what the American From a political point of view, the military mission failed to do with the South Koreans"

paper said, it would be a good thing if a way could be found of placing all the United Nations forces in the field under some visible United Nations control at least formally.

The paper uttered a warning against accepting General Chiang Kai Shek's offer of Kuomintang soldiers.

"It is only a month or two ago that the Kuomintang was prophesying that it would be rescued by the outbreak of world war within a hundred days" They must be given no opportunity to make things more difficult than they are at present".

DEPLORABLE ALLIES

The paper found it disquieting that though the western powers act with rectitude, they so often find themselves saddled with "rather deplorable allies", and quoted as examples Dr Syngman Rhee's Government and the Emperor Bao Dai.

Discussing long-term questions, the paper commented: "Suppose the Americans force their way back to the 38th Parallel. What happens afterwards? A large army of occupation may be needed in South Korea, with a supporting army in Japan. Perhaps it is Russia's object to tie down a sizeable part of America's available forces".

The paper concluded: "As soon as the first difficulties in the fighting are overcome, the search for the political solution must be taken up actively".

SUPREME SOVIET OPENS

Stalin Absent?

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): Deputy Premiers Vyacheslav Molotov and G. M. Malenkov were among top Soviet leaders who attended the opening in Moscow yesterday of the Supreme Soviet of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic, according to Tass, official Soviet News Agency.

The agency, in a message received in London, also named several other Soviet leaders but did not mention Marshal Stalin. Foreign diplomats and press representatives were also present, the agency said.

The RSFSR is the largest in the Soviet Union with a population of 109 million out of a total of 170 million.

Yesterday's fourth session of the Soviet approved agenda. Confirmation of the state budget of the RSFSR for 1950 and of a report on the fulfilment of the states budget for 1949: 2. The confirmation of the orders of the presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the R.S.F.S.R.

The first speaker was the Minister of Finance of the R.S.F.S.R. M. Ivan Fadeev.

AN ACT OF UNPARDONABLE AGGRESSION

U. S. Envoy On North Korean Attack

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter)

MR. Lewis Douglas, United States Ambassador to Britain, said here last night that it was heartening to realise "there is in the world a strong and massive sense of moral behaviour" and that it should "quicken the actions of men and of nations in a righteous cause"— the defence of South Korea.

Addressing the Independence Day dinner of the American Society in London at the Dorchester Hotel, he said the Republic of Korea— against which there had been an "act of unparadonable aggression"— remained the only Government of Korea recognised by the United Nations.

The disturbance of the peace in Korea had not commenced in the United States. They were not considered in 10 Downing Street. They were not launched in the Security Council. They did not commence in South Korea.

"These disturbances of the peace, this act of unparadonable aggression, started when the North Korean organised troops crossed in force the 38th Parallel.

"It was only then that the Security Council considered the problem in a wholly lawful meeting the legality of which was not then and has not since then been doubted by any member attending."

CHECKING ILLEGAL DRUG TRADE

UNESCO Plan To Call World Conference

GENEVA, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Economic and Social Council decided today to call an international conference here on August 14 to plan action against the illegal drug trade.

The major drug-producing countries (India, Persia, Turkey, Russia and Yugoslavia), and the major drug-manufacturing countries (France, Holland, Britain Russia and the United States) will be invited to attend.

United Nations experts are believed to be concerned at the increased of drug peddling especially into the United States.

SPIES SENTENCED TO DEATH

Bucharest Trial

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): A Bucharest Military Tribunal yesterday sentenced two alleged spies to death, the Rumanian News Agency reported in a dispatch received in London.

One of them was a former airline pilot, Vasile Ciobanu, who "made headlines" three years ago when two passengers forced him at gun point to land in Turkey.

The other was Micolae Vaisan a former merchant navy officer.

Five others, including a woman, got from seven to 29 years forced labour, lost their civil rights and had their property confiscated.

Prosecution accused the defendants of "many acts of high treason as well as spying. All were found guilty of "plotting against the social order and facilitating illegal border crossings"

TOBACCO MAGNATE'S FORTUNE

NOTTINGHAM, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): John Dane Player, millionaire tobacco magnate who died last April, left more than £2,500,000 gross, it was disclosed yesterday. But the Treasury has taken nearly £2,000,000 of it in duty. "J.D." was one of the two sons of the first John Player who founded the Player tobacco empire. He was 85.

BOC'S ASSETS IN INDIA

No Talks, Says Chairman

GLASGOW, July 5 (PTI-Reuter):—Sir Kenneth B. Harper, Chairman of the Burmah Oil Company, said yesterday that "no talks had taken place" with the Anglo-Iranian Company or any other group on the question of the Burmah Oil Company's assets in India.

He was replying at a meeting of the company to a shareholder who asked whether in view of persistent rumours he would say if such talks had taken place or were taking place. Sir Kenneth Harper said a government payment of £4,500,000 sterling for war damage to the company's installations in Burmah would be incorporated in the 1950 accounts.

NATIONAL MOURNING FOR MINERS

LAGOS (Nigeria), July 5 (PTI-Reuter): A day of national mourning was held in Nigeria for the 21 miners killed in last November's riot at the Enugu Coalfield.

Newspapers published special mourning editions, some firms and business houses closed, and mass was said in Roman Catholic Churches throughout the country.

Pro-Leopold Cabinet Gets Confidence Vote

BRUSSELS, July 5 (PTI-Reuter):—Belgium's four weeks old "Bring Back Leopold' Government early today received a slender vote of confidence in the Senate—the Belgian Upper House—after a 13-hour debate on the new government's programme.

Ninety members voted in favour of the government and 83 against.

The new Cabinet received a vote of confidence from the Chamber of Deputies—the Lower House—four days ago.

FUCHS NOT TO BE FREED

Press Reports Discounted

LONDON, July 5. (PTI-Reuter): Suggestions that Klaus Eril Fuchs, atom-scientist spy who has served four months of a 14 years' sentence, will shortly be released from prison were authoritatively denied here today.

The Home Office is responsible for movements and releases of prisoners, but it has refused to disclose information about such matters.

But unofficially it was learned from usually reliable quarters that no question had arisen of Fuchs being released in the near future.

The London taploid "Daily Mirror" yesterday reported that Fuchs may soon be doing scientific work for Britain again. It stated, "A provisional period of two years had been fixed for a thorough vetting of the ex-spy. But he may be released if it is felt that his allegiance to Communism has waned sufficiently."

During the week-end, it was learned that Fuchs had been transferred from one prison to another and his transfer was interpreted by some observers as a first step to his eventual release.

HUMAN RIGHTS DRAFT TO BE RECONSIDERED

GENEVA July 5, (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Economic and Social Council today decided to "reconsider in its broad aspects" the controversial draft covenant on human rights, before passing it to the General Assembly.

The covenant is the first attempt to implement part of the universal declaration of human rights.

The covenant did not win unanimous approval in the Human Rights Commission, which drafted it.

Before the Council decided to reconsider the covenant, delegates defeated two motions to pass it direct to the General Assembly or to consult Governments with a view to action at the next session.

ANOTHER MEDAL FOR CHURCHILL

LONDON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Winston Churchill, Britain's wartime Premier last night added another medal to his rows of decorations—this one awarded for his contributions to military literature.

The award, the Cheseny Gold Medal, instituted in 1899 as a memorial to General Sir George Chesney, is for authors of "an original literary work, treating of naval or military science and literature and which has a bearing on the welfare of the British Empire".

The medal has only been awarded 19 times since its inception.

MR. REES-WILLIAMS TO REJOIN GOVERNMENT

LONDON July 5 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. David Rees-Williams British Colonial Under-Secretary until he was defeated at the General election in February is to rejoin the Government—this time as Peer. He has not yet chosen his title. Raised to the peerage in the last honours list, he will sit in the House of Lords as Under Secretary for Commonwealth Relations. He succeeds Lord Holden who has resigned "owing to the temporary pressure of urgent p...

Indian Navymen Buy Cycles In Singapore

SINGAPORE, July 5 (PTI): Ratings of the Indian Naval Squadron now visiting Singapore have purchased a large number of cycles, to be taken with them to India.

Bicycle dealers in the city reported record sales during the last few days owing to this fact. The explanation for the purchases is that cycles cost more in India.

DACCA, July 5, (UPI): A representative meeting of the members of the minority community held here on July 2 urged Government to extend the date for the submission of statements to the East Bengal Commission of disturbances which broke out in that province early this year, as person having knowledge of these disturbances were mostly scattered.

SCATTERED SELLING IN TATA STEELS

Mills Steady But Burmas Decline

BOMBAY, July 5.

The Bombay Stock Exchange rated steady today with moderate buying support in all speculative counters. There was fairly good demand for cotton mill shares traders look for some increase in cloth price and good prospects for export business.

There was limited activity in Steel Shares but with improved buying quotation displayed hardening tendency. Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1661/4 and declined at Rs. 1656/- under Scattered liquidation but advanced at Rs. 1662/8 on renewed support. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 326/- and improved at Rs. 327/- Indian Irons were done at Rs. 29/13 while Bengal Steels changed hands at Rs. 20/13.

There was fairly active demand for Rs. 962/- and advanced at Rs. 967/- Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 297/- and gained two points at Rs. 299/-. Swadeshi Mill Shares were placed at Rs. 248.

Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 482 and declined at Rs. 477/- on continued liquidation by bulls as Burma is near war zone. Scindia Shares were done at Rs. 11/13.

Later on there was increased selling and Tata Steel Defds. declined at Rs. 1,655 while Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 326-4. Bombay Dyeings also quietened at Rs. 962-12 and Burmas declined further at Rs. 472-8 and steadied at Rs. 473-12. Trading was restricted and tone was barely steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	963 12
Kohinoor Mills (21)	299 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	248 0
Central India Mills (6)	229 8
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	212 8
New Great Eastern (3-2)	132 0
Indore (8-3)	106 14
Gokak Mills (12) XD	237 0
Century Spinning (15)	231 4
Indian Bleaching (8)	141 8
Sidhan (20)	305 0
Finlay Mills (15)	241 4
Morarji Goculdas (S)	160 0
Edward Sassoon	222 8
Meyer (12)	74 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 12
India United Ord. (14-9)	11 10
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 11 9
Madhusudan (15)	175 0
Podar (9)	121 4
Khatau (5)	145 10
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	326 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1658 12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	144 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	155 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	475 0
Belapur (9)	223 0
Shivrajpur (1-8)	34 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	11 13
Premier Construction (4)	87 0
Tata Chemical	12 8
Tata Oil (2)	40 8
India Iron (0-12)	29 13
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	20 13
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 8
Indian Copper	2 6 0
Wimco (11)	220 0
Alcock (28-2)	277 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	152 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1417 8
Tata Power (25)	1530 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone (5)	54 0
Phoenix (6)	126 4
Indian Mfg (40)	2950 0
Kuria XL	105 0
Colaba (12)	80 0
New City (11)	172 8
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury	600 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat (2)	28 8
Mysore Defd (4)	151 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 0
Model Mills (12-8)	145 10
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	582 8
Vishnu Cotton (6)	190 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur (200)	3030 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	17 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	43 9
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	213 12
Sassoon Silk (3)	36 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	16 12
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	162 8
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	118 2
Ahmedabad New XD	111 8
Surat Electric (5)	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 0
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (8)	128 0
Bombay Suburban (3)	164 6
Bombay Suburban New	152 8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1840 0
Imperial Bank P (8-12)	451 4
Central Bank (2)	82 12
Central Bank New (1-8)	83 0
Bank of India (4)	179 8
Union (0-5)	7 5
Baroda (2-8)	128 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 4
United Commercial (1-12)	43 12
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (2)	63 8
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	41 0
Universal (0-4)	9 0
Industrial and Prudential	28 1
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	218 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	160 0
Burma Petrol	1 6 6
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	51 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	323 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	52 0
Mukund Iron	4 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	115 0
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	19 8
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	126 4
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	53 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 10
Andhra Valley (7)	1221 4
Tata Power (7-8)	1327 8
Hydro Electric (7) XD	131 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	212 8
Central India (5)	650 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	269 6
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Srinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	134 6
Pre Construction First	99 8
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	130 0
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	73 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 7
New Victoria	2 2
New Victoria Pref.	4 4
Phalton	92 8
Gold Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan	105 0
Osmanshahi XD	120 0
Ajam Shahi X D	110 0
Air Service	3 8
Air India	60 0
Hind Motor	5 5
Indian Steam	6 10

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 5.

The Bombay Bullion market was again firm today with increased buying in silver section. Daily arrivals are increasing and they run above the average daily offtake but the market is moving in tune with Korean war news.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 181 and declined at Rs. 180-11 on scattered profit-taking. At this level there was renewed speculative buying and the market improved at Rs. 181-4. Ready mint silver was quoted at Rs. 181-4 while Bullion bars were placed at Rs. 180-12.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 115-6 and after declining at Rs. 115-3 improved at Rs. 115-6. Ready gold was placed at Rs. 115-14 and Sovereigns were done at Rs. 76.

Thereafter Silver declined at Rs. 180-8 but sharply advanced at Rs. 182-6 on active buying and closed as under:

Ready Silver	..... Rs.	181	4 0
Forward	.....	182	0 0
Ready Gold	.....	116	4 0
Forward	.....	115	14 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 5.

The local produce market was quietly steady with restricted business. Rajkot castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 216-8 and quotations in the local market were as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality ready	44	12	0
Bold ready	43	14	0
Madras Coromandal	44	8	0
Oil Bombay Mills	23	6	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	23	1	6
Oil August	23	7	0
LINSEED—			
Bold ready	37	11	0
Small Satna	36	8	0
Bold July	38	1	0
Oil	20	10	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Bold	26	10	0
Ready	28	5	0
Madras quality	28	9	0
August	28	12	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 5.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
2-1/4 per cent 1954	99	0	0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	97	1	0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	1	0
3 per cent 1976	95	8	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	97	1	0
3 per cent 1951/54	101	0	0
3 per cent 1953/55	101	10	0
3 per cent 1957	101	8	0
3 per cent 1959/61	101	3	0
3 per cent 1963/65	100	1	0
3 per cent 1964	99	15	0
3 per cent 1966/68	99	14	0
3 per cent 1970/75	99	12	0
3-1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960/70	109	10	0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109	14	0
4 per cent 1958/68	112	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	13	0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	2	0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	10	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.-W. F. 1952	98	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/62	99	7	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	10	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	0	0
4 per cent B Municipality	109	12	0
5 per cent B Municipality 1959	113	8	0
6 per cent B Municipal 1954	113	0	0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, July 5.

Tata Ordinary 326-8; Tata Deferred 1668-12; Indian Iron 29-13; Steel Corporation of Bengal 20-13; Bombay Dyeing 966-12; Central India 229-14; Gokak 237-8; Kohinoor 299-6; Simplex 212-8; Swadeshi 248-12; Tata Power 1530; Associated Cement 155-10; Belapur 223-12; Bombay Burma (Old) 475; Scindia 11-13; Central Bank 82-12; New India 63-8; Tata 2nd Pref. 144.

Sustained Business In Brussels Stocks

BRUSSELS, July 4.

Business was more sustained but price changes were mostly in buyers favour. Losses sometimes were severe. Geomines at 1940 to 1945 against 1910 was one of the few resistant features on a ECA credit of 1,700,000 dollars to geomines reimburseable by ore shipments.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 5.

MILLS

Apollo 2-12 2-13 2-12.
A. Advance 213-12.
Bharat 28-4.
B. Dyeing 962-8 63-12 60-10 68-12 63-12.
C. India 229-8 29 30-8 29-8.
C. India Pref. 650.
Colaba 80.
Elphinstone Ord. 54.
E. Textiles 221-4 22-8.
Finlay 240 41-8.
Gokak 239-8 38 39-8 37.
Hindustan 2925.
I.U. Defd. 1-11-6 1-12-3 1-11-9.
I.U. Ord. 11-10 11-11 11-10.
Indore 106-4 6-14.
Kohinoor 297 97-8 96 300 297-8 99.
Laxmi 582-8.
Madhusudan 175.
Model 145-10.
Podar 121-4.
Sassoon Silk 36.
Simplex 210-8 14 12-8.
Svadeshi 247 46-8 49 48.
Western 2925.
Scindia 11-13 11-14 11-11 11-14-6 11-12 11-13.

BANKS

Baroda 128.
Central 82-12.
Central New 83.
Imperial Old 1850.
Imperial New 450 51-4.
India 179-8.
Union 7-5.
U. Commercial 44-4 43-12.

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 118-12 18-2.
Andhra 1420 17-8.
Suburban 154-6.
Surat 131-4.
Hydro 153 52.
Hydro Pref. 131-4.
Power 1530.
New India 63-8.
Vulcan 13-2.

STEELS

B Steel 20-15 20-13.
I. Iron 29-13 29-12 29-13.
Tata Defd. 1660 62-8 56-4 65 52-8 53-12.
Tata Ord. 326-8 26-12 26-8 27-8 25-8 26-8.
Tata IInd Pref. 144-12.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 278-12 76-4 77-8.
A.C.C. 155-4 54-12 55-4.
Belapur 223 22 23-8 23.
B.B. Old 483-12 75 77-8 73-12 75.
B.B. New 163-12 60.
B.B. Petrol 1-6-6.
B.I.C 8-8.
I. Copper 2-6.
Dharamsey 51-8 52.
P. Const 87-8 87 87-12 87.
Shivrajpur 34-8.
Tata Chem. 12-6 12-7 12-6 12-8.
Tata Oil 41 40-8.
Wimco 220.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 112-8 11-8.
B. Suburban Elec. New 152-8.
All India Gen. Ins. 8.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 5.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 4th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C. Montrea l Rs. 430 1/2.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldş 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10 63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1-84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12 23-12.26

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone: Easy.

Pronounced Lull On Paris Bourse

PARIS, July 4.

There was a pronounced lull on the Bourse. Although Korean disturbance still provided an uneasy background, the recent heavy losses attracted some renewed support and prices appeared more resistant. In forwards, rallying attempts developed but were rather timid and gains lacked uniformity. Rentes appeared better but best prices were not maintained.

Amsterdam Several Points Higher

AMSTERDAM, July 4.

Cheered by the action of the London market, the bourse firmed up with prices several points higher. Unilver were unaffected by the annual report but internationals displayed allround strength. Plantations were similarly higher. Shippings were well maintained.

London Pepper Market Inactive

LONDON, July 4.

The pepper market was inactive with prices little changed. Black Lampong July/August was offered at 8sh 9d and white muntok at 14sh 4d shipping weight with white sarawak at 14sh 8d delivered weight per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar afloat was quoted nominally at 1050sh. and July August at 1,000sh. per cwt c.i.f. United Kingdom.

Alexandria Cotton

BOMBAY, July 4.

KARNAK:	
July	73 90—70
November	72.25—20
January	71.75
ASHMOUNI:	
August	97.00—700
October	59.95— 65
December	59.10— 50

LONDON COPRA AND OIL MARKETS

Five Tons Change Hand Business

LONDON, July 4.

The copra market was firm with business in Straits/Dutch East Indies fair mercantable July/August at £78 1/2 sterling and further buyers per ton delivered weight c.i.f. Philippines bulk July/August was quoted nominally at dollars 210 per ton c.i.f.

Cocoanutoil was steady, straits in drums 117 1/2, in bulk 112 1/2, Ceylon in drums 119, in bulk 114, all sellers sterling per ton cost insurance freight July shipment.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 4.

2 1/2 per cent Br. Consols	£69
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961	£93 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	£106 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan on or after Dec. 1st '52	£91 3/8
Chartered Bank of India	£10 3/16
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£77 1/2
National Bank of India	£32 3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,557

U. S. A. COTTON LOAN RATE

Expectation For 29.45 Cents Per Lb

NEW YORK, July 3.

Mid-June parity for cotton 31.00 against last month 30.75 and last year 30.38.

According to private Washington advices E.C.A. new cotton authorisations are 11,700,000 dollars to Germany and half a million dollars to Denmark.

On the basis of the mid-June parity price of 31 cents traders figure that the 1950 loan rate will be around 29.45 cents a pound compared with 29.43 current loan, but sellers anticipate the mid-July parity, which is the actual base for determinating the crop loan figure, will show further increase.

SINGAPORE PEPPER STEADY

SINGAPORE, July 4.

Pepper: Although five tons black loose changed hands at 450, the market today was steady unchanged at 470 for black lampong and 760 for white muntok, all dollars per picul.

London Bullion

LONDON, July 4.

London silver spot and forward 63 1/2d
London gold bars fine per oz ..12-8-0

FIRM NOTE CONTINUES

Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, July 5, (PTI): The Calcutta Stock Exchange today continued its firm note round all sections along with a large volume of business transacted.

The following are today's final transactions upto 3 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. Paper 97-3 small lot, Three per cent Loan 1986 97, Three per cent Loan 51-54 101, Three per cent 1957 101-7, Three per cent 70-75 99-6, Three per cent 63-65 99-15 small lot.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7-9.

COTTON: New Victoria ordy. 2-3.

COALS: Burrakur 13-10, Equitable 44-12, New Beerbhoom 15-8, South Karanpura 25, Talcher 2-13.

JUTES: Bally 254, Anglo-India 246, Auckland 145, Belvedere 274. Budge Budge 190, Barnagore 248, Fort William 250, Ganges 298, Howrah 30-2, India 173, Megna 160, Presidency 8, Union 210.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 7-12, Burn and Co. 259, Indian Iron 29-14, Kumardhubi Eng. 7-11, Marshall 8, Steel Corpn. 20-14.

MISCELLANEOUUS: Indian Copper 2-7, Assam Bengal Cement defd. 1-7, Sone Valley 6-5, Calcutta Electric 14-15, Bharat Airways 2-12, B.I.C. 8-9, Calcutta Tramways 17, Indian Cable 57-6, Ivan Jones 5-9, Jardine Henderson 152-8, British Burma Petrol 1-9, Bengal Paper 57-8 Ex-Div. Titaghur Paper 24-12, Ex-Rights.

SUGARS: Carew and Co. 3-1, Old Dyer Meakin Brewery 11-12, Ramjugger Cane 13-6.

TEAS: Baghmari 25, Banarhat 316, Bhatkowam 28-9, Dibrugarh 12-2 small lot.

Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, July 5.

The following are today's quotations on the Madras share market:-

SECURITIES: Three percent paper 97/4, three percent 1986 97/1, three percent 1953/55 101/10, three percent 1970/75 99/11, three percent 1966/68 99/13 Govt. of Travancore, three percent 1952/54 102/5, Govt. of Madras, Three percent 1956 100/10, three percent 1960 100/7.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/3, Cochin Malabar 5/5, Devashola 15/4, Nelliampathy 1/4, Ouchterlony 6/-, Peermade 57/-, Pullangode 1/6/6, Thirumbadi 2/9 T. R. and T. Co. 5/10, preference six percent 8/13, Vaikundam 7/4.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 133/8 pref. seven and half 185/4, Cambodia 11/-, Coimbatore CM 143/8 do Pioneer 120/8, do spg. 51/12, Dhanalakshmi 229/8, Lakshmi 72/8, Madura 35/5, Mettur 335, Radhakrishna 181/-, Rajalakshmi 74/8, Ranjias (gavilas 57/- Trav. Rayons 4/-, Trichinopoly 13/12, Vasanta 107/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra cement 70/- FACT 5/5, Indian cement 15/8, pref. five percent 98/8.

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, July 5.

120 Ready Japan	.....	8 4	0
150 Ready Japan	.....	7 14	0
120 Ready Italy	.....	7 12	0
150 Ready Italy	.....	7 2	0
150 D. BOX JULY—			
Opening	.....	1325 0	0
Highest	.....	1372 0	0
Lowest	.....	1315 0	0
Close	.....	1368 0	0
DOUBLE 40 STAPLE—			
Opening	.....	7 1	0
Highest	.....	7 4	0
Lowest	.....	7 1	0
Closing	.....	7 2	6

Ahmedabad Stock Exchange

(From Our Correspondent)

Ahmedabad, July 5: Market remained closed today in honour of the death of Sjt. Mayabhai Sankalchand, a member of the Stock Exchange.

DYES AND CHEMICALS

Increased Speculative Activity

BOMBAY, July 4.

Market ruled unsteady due to war rumours. No demand from Up-country and no transaction between merchants and real consumers.

Unavailability of goods booking since 2 1/2 months put the consumers and hand-loom weavers to serious losses as they could not get their ordered goods in time.

Due to Korean war market for Dyes and Chemicals are unsteady and heavy speculation prevails in the market. Practically there is no demand from up-country and from real consumers. There is transaction between Merchants, Brokers and the parties who want to take early opportunity of the situation. Most of the Importers are holding their stock with a view to get a good opportunity. The rates given by speculators and merchants are not the correct rates and the consumers are eagerly watching the situation.

Since 2 1/2 months goods booking to M.S.M. and S. I. Rly. is closed and many merchants made a representation to the Railway Minister. Authorities just 15 days back for the immediate restoration of goods booking but the Minister in charge has not done anything so far and thereby poor consumers and handloom weavers to whom the Government want to better their lot are suffering under various hardships and their purchased goods is getting spoiled and they have faced serious losses. The earlier the booking is open to these lines the better for the poor consumers and hand-loom weavers.

SAPTHOLS: Market is unsteady due to war rumours.

CHEMICALS: Bleaching Powder: Market for this item has suddenly gone up to Rs. 55/ due to the shortage of goods and also good demand for this item.

RANGOLITE: The rate for this item has gone up to Rs. 3/ as the parties are holding the goods.

SAPTHOLS

CAS	9	0
CBS	13	0
CBO	13	12
CSW	15	0
CSG	19	8
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	12	12
Fast Scarlet CKR Base	13	8
Fast Red CKCR Base	13	12
Fast Red CB Base	14	4
Fast Garnet CKGBC Base	5	0
Fast Yellow CGC Base	7	0
Fast Corinth CB Base	9	4
Fast Orange CGC Base	11	0
Fast Orange CKGR Base	11	0
Fast Bordeaux CGP Base	14	12
Fast Blue CB Base	13	8
Fast Scarlet CG Base	7	0
Fast Red CTR Base	12	0
Fast Red CGL Base	10	8
Fast Bordeaux CGP Salt	5	12
Fast Scarlet CKR Salt	5	8
Fast Blue CB Salt	6	8
Fast Blue CBB Salt	19	0
Fast Violet CB Salt	13	8

DIRECT COLOURS

Direct Black Extra	5	0
Direct Yellow 5G	12	0
Direct Sky Blue Extra	9	0
Diazo Black Extra	5	0
Crysophenine G Extra	12	4
Benzopurpurine 4B	7	8
Tarquoise Blue G	16	0
Delta Purpurine 5B Conc	8	0
Congo Red H Dark (56)	4	7

SULPHUR COLOURS

Sulphur Black 692	3	6
Sulphur Black CBO	2	7
Sulphur Black HK Grains	3	2
ACID BASIC and OTHERS		
Methylene Blue Extra	7	0
Magneta Extra 0	8	8
Metanil Yellow Extra	4	4
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	7	8
Magenta Extra 0	8	8
Diamond Green	8	0
Bismark Brown Extra	4	8
Melachite Green Crys.	7	8
Auramine Extra	7	12
Acid Orange Extra	3	0
Acid Scarlet	4	8
Kumkum Scarlet	7	0
Rhodamine B Extra 500 per cent	23	0

VAT FAST DYES

Vat Blue GCDN	39	0
Vat Blue RSN	38	0
Vat Dark Blue BO	38	0
Vat Brlt. Green B 900	34	0
Vat Brlt. Green B 3200	138	0
Vat Brlt. Green B Highly Conc.	80	0
Vat Green B Paste	19	0
Vat Red Violet R H	37	0
Vat Yellow GC	45	0
Vat Violet 4r and 2 R Powder	55	0
Vat Black BB	32	0
Vat Pink R	55	0
PRINTING COLOURS		
Printosol O	15	0
Printosol CO 4B	30	0
Printosol Blue IBC	57	0
Printosol Green IB	77	0
Golden Yellow IGK	71	0
Rapid Red	16	0
Rapid Orange	16	0
Rapid Blue	15	4
Rapid Brown	22	0
Rapidozan Blue	30	0
Rapidozan Violet	30	0
CHEMICALS		
Bisulphite of Soda	105	0
Turkey Red Oil	45	0
Monopol Napthol Soap	45	0
Sitric Acid	225	0
Soda Bycarb	21	0
Soda Ash Light USA	21	0
Ammonia Bycarb Powder	70	0
Rajan Chinis	30	0
White Sugar of Lead	145	0
Brown Sugar of Lead	110	0
Tri Sodium Phosphate	60	0
Bleaching Powder	55	0
Nitrite of Soda	70	0
Sodium Sulphide English	37	0
Sodium Sulphide Indian small	35	0
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	30	0
Aniline Salt	1	14
Bichromate of Potash	127	0
Bichromate of Soda	70	0
Caustic Soda 1 lb pkg.,	0	6
Caustic Soda 450 lbs pkg.	38	0
Acetic Acid	1	2
Zinc Dust	150	0
Bordeaux Crys.	40	0
Formal De Hyde	0	8
Rangolite C	3	0

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is the account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 30th day of June:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	36,60,93,000
Notes in circulation	11,68,52,77,000
Total Notes issued	1205,13,70,000
Total Liabilities	1205,13,70,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
Held in India	40,01 71,000
Foreign Securities	638,15.11,000
B. Rupee Coin	55,29,63,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	471,67,05,000
Total Assets	12,05,13,70,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 56.273 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5.00.00,000
Deposits:—	
Central Government	140,67,22,000
Other Governments	15,19.60,000
Banks	52,43,65,000
Others	63,57,89,000
Bills Payable	3,81,18,000
Other Liabilities	12,13,70,000
Rupees	297,83,24,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	36,60,93,000
Rupee Coin	11,34,000
Subsidiary Coin	131,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Internal	1,09,00,000
Government Treasury Bills	66,68,000
Balances held abroad	189,24,92,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	93,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	10,01,11,000
Investments	57,05,00,000
Other Assets	2,09,95,000
Rupees	297,83,24,000

Indian Cotton Figures

BOMBAY, July 4.

	1949-50 Bales	1948-49 Balec
RECEIPTS (BY RAIL and SEA)		
30th June to 3rd July	26255	5499
1st Sept. to 3rd July	1664509	1418305
SHIPMENTS 30TH JUNE TO 3R

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

ECONOMIC CRISIS IN SIKKIM

Rains Disrupt Supply Lines To India

GANGTOK, July 5. (PTI).

SIKKIM, the mountain-state of India in the Himalayas, has been facing a crisis due to its supply lines through Darjeeling being dislocaed by the recent heavy rain, landslips and floods in the Tista and the Yatung.

Local stocks of rice and paddy have been seized by the Government under an ordinance and strict rationing has been enforced. The State had imported ten thonsand maunds of rice through Nepal just before the break of the monsoon and it is hoped that with the help of the seized stocks the State would be able to carry on till the end of August.

The Dewan who had gone to Calcutta for importing five hundred tons of Siam rice, recently returned here unsuccessful.

Salt, cloth, kerosene, petrol, mustard oil and other essential commodities were also reported to be in short supply. Opening of through traffic to Sikkim will take some months, it is estimaed.

The Rangopo river which is also in spate has washed away the Rangopo bridge constructed recently at a cost of three lakhs of rupees.

Rumania Expels Three Church Officials

BUCHAREST, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): Rumania has ordered the three chief officials of the Bucharest Papal Nunciature to leave the country within three days, it was disclosed here today.

The expelled officials are: Monsignor Gerald Patrick Charr Regent of the Nunciature, Monsignor Guido Del Mestri, Auditor, and Mr. John Kirk, Secretary.

Italian Bandit King Shot Dead

CASTEL VETRANO, SICILY, July 5, (PTI-Reuter): Salvatore Giulino, notorious Sicilian Bandit "King", reputed to have killed 105 policemen, was shot dead here today in a fierce gun battle with the police.

The 27-year-old handsome bandit leader, who had terrorised the Palermo area of Sicily for almost five years, was killed in this little village in southwest corner of the island after slipping through a police cordon thrown around his headquarters further north.

Until last year he worked with a virtual impunity in the rugged hills outside Palermo, amoushing police men and holding wealthy Sicilians to ransom.

MODERN ROBIN HOOD

Local people regarded him a modern Robin Hood because of his legendary generosity to the poor.

Partly because of this and partly because of his ruthless shooting of traitor, the local police protected him from the police, giving him sanctuary and refusing information to the law.

A year ago, when Giuliano's activities became a major political issue, Italian Interior Minister Mario Scelba set up a special two-thousand strong anti-bandit force which combed the island for Giuliano and lieutenants.

Chose Queen's Home By Accident

GARDENER'S PLEA IN LONDON

LONDON, July 5 (PTI-Reuter):—Gerard Obrien 26-year-old gardener charged with assaulting Mrs. Alice Knight, Queen Mary's housekeeper at Marlborough House, London, chose the Queen's home to break into "by accident", the prosecution alleged at Bow Street Magistrate Court yesterday.

Mr. F. Donald Barry, Prosecutor, said there was no reason to disbelieve Obrien's statement that he did not have the faintest idea what house he was breaking into.

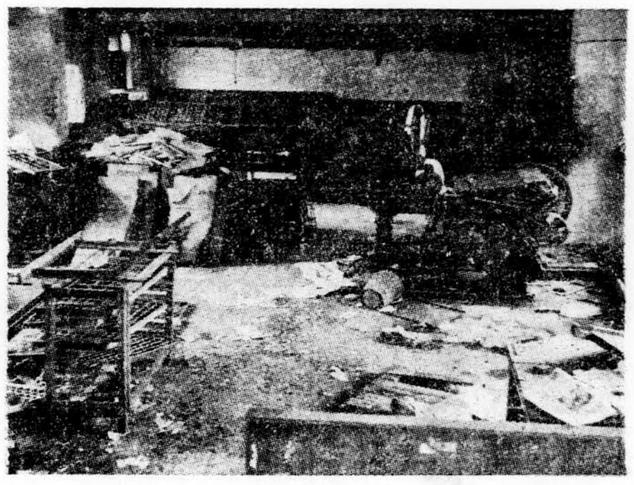
He was prepared to break into any house to steal that night, and it was pure chance that he broke into Marlborough House, Mr. Barry added.

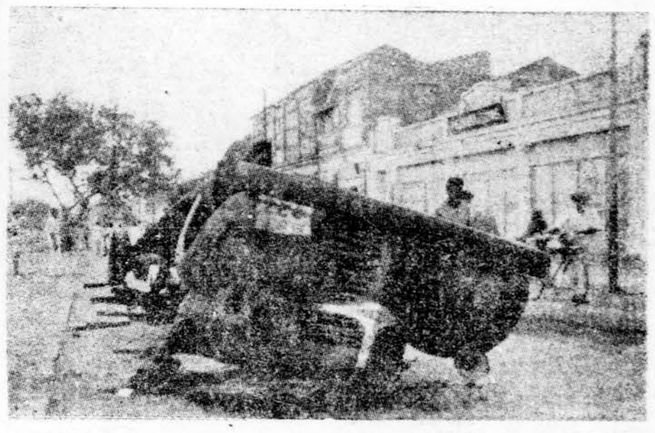
Obrien was charged with assaulting Mrs. Knight with intent to rob her, and with being armed with a knife.

He was also charged with assaulting Mrs. Winifred Ralph, Mrs. Knight's attendant, and with stealing a handbag at Caxton Hall near Marlborough House.

Mr. Barry said Obrien made a statement to the police saying he had a lot of drink that night and climbed over the wall of a house not knowing whose house it was.

Disturbaces In Rajkot





In the recent disturbances in Rajkot on June 30, mob turned turtle a State Transport bus near Rava Vilas. The hooligans also raided the newspaper 'Nutan Saurashtra' office and burnt paper and damaged machinery. The picture on the left shows a part of the ransacked office.

Nip The Aggression In The Bud

CHURCHILL PLEADS FIRM STAND IN KOREAN WAR

LONDON, July 5, (PTI-Reuter).

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL predicted here last night that if the Communist won in Korea a third world war would be hurled upon the world.

"We owe it not only to ourselves, but to our faith in an institution, if not world Government at least world protection from an aggressive war, not to fail in our duty now", he said.

Mr. Churchill was addressing Britons and Americans celebrating Independence Day at a dinner of the American Society in London. Earlier he had said he did not think "what is happening now" had brought nearer the danger of a third world war.

He said that Russians have built up an empire far beyond their dreams out of a war in which they would have been conquered or driven beyond the Ural mountains, in spite of the bravery with which the Russian Army fought for its native soil.

"They would have been conquered and driven out but for the immense diversionary aid of Britain and the United States on land, sea, and above all, in the air."

"Just when we thought we had finished with Hitler and Mussolini we found Stalin, and Communism lumping up against us, representing the former Hitler tyranny with an Asiatic guise.

BETTER HOPE

"It seems to me there is a better hope for a general settlement with Soviet Russia following upon the defeat of aggression in Korea on a localised scale, than that we should drift on while large quantities of these devastating weapons (atom bombs) are accumulated.

"I feel there is nothing more likely to bring on a third world war than drift. We have only to be morally united and fearless to give mankind the best hope of avoiding another supreme catastrophe.

"The British and Americans do not war with races or governments as such. Tyranny, external or internal, is our foe, whatever trappings or disguises it wears, whatever language it speaks or perverts.

"We must forever be on our guard and always vigilant against it, and in all this we march together, not only if need be in the fire of the enemy, but also in the realms of thought which are sacred to the rights and dignity of man, which are so imposingly written down in the Declaration of Independence, which has become a common creed on both sides of the Atlantic Ocean."

The British Parliament, Mr. Churchill said, was divided, but "nevertheless we shall not allow domestic party quarrels, grievous though they may be, to mar the unity of our national or international action."

Hand Disfigured: £ 5,000 Damages

LEEDS (Yorkshire), July 5. (PTI-Reuter): A twelve-year old girl whose right hand was said to resemble a birds claw after an operation for removal of a birthmark, was yesterday awarded £5,000 damages and costs against the Ministry of Health which runs Britain's hospitals.

Mr. Justice Croom-Johnson, said three serious operations were performed on the girl, Patricia Neely whose forearm was badly scarred, prossiy disfigured and "so shrunken and horrible it looked as if it had been struck by lightning or tortured".

15,000 NEW TREES IN OKHAMANDAL

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, July 4.

The Mamlatdar of Dwarka has under instructions from the Collector of the Amreli District arranged for planting 15,000 new trees in Okhamandal, the bleak hinterland of Bombay State lying to the extreme north-western extremity of Kathiawar.

Arrangements are being made for planting altogether 1,00,000 new trees in the Amreli District by August 15.

U. P. Zamindari Abolition Fund

ALLAHABAD, July 5, (PTI): A sum of Rs. 74,89,377 has been collected from Allahabad District for the Zamindari Abolition Fund started by the Uttar Pradesh Government to meet the compensation and rehabilitation grant to zamindars.

The Zamindari Abolition and Land Reform Bill is on the anvil and when the Bill is passed by the Legislature and receives the assent of the President, vesting order will be issued by the Government and from that date all estates shall vest in Government.

Westerling's Trial

SINGAPORE, July 5 (PTI): Magistrate here today adjourned until July 19 the hearing of the Indonesian Government's application for the extradition of Captain Ray "Turco" Westerling.

Counsel for the Indonesian Government said the extradition documents had not yet been received from Djakarta.

U. P. Journalists To Observe 'D' Day

LUCKNOW, July 5 (PTI).

THE Standing Committee of the Uttar Pradesh Working Journalists Federation has decided to observe August 1 as "Demand Day."

The Committee at a meeting on Sunday last decided to hold meetings on that day to reiterate their demands of salary, hours of work, leave rules, provident fund and better working conditions.

The Committee, in a resolution, requested the daily newspapers of the State to observe a sixday week and close on Sunday.

It disapproved the attitude of the Imperial Press Conference held at Ottawa regarding the question of freedom of the Press. It supported the statute drawn up by the United Nations Commission in this connection. The Committee also disagreed with the stand taken by the Indian delegates at the Conference.

CONGRESSMEN AND COURT

Prakasam's Reply To Nadar

MADRAS, July 5 (PTI): Mr. T. Prakasam, former Premier of Madras, said in a statement today that it was wrong to lay down a rule that law courts should not be resorted to by aggrieved persons to get redress and those who go to courts would be liable to disciplinary action."

Mr. Prakasam was referring to a recent statement made by Mr. Kamraja Nadar, President of the Tamilnad Congress Committee, in which Mr. Nadar had stated that "Congressmen should not take recourse to courts of law for settling Congress election disputes."

Mr. Prakasam said: "Any attempt to suppress constitutional remedies would weaken the Congress and the people...

"Ever since the election matter was taken to the Calcutta High Court and thereafter in other courts and stay orders have been issued, much tension has been relieved in the country", Mr. Prakasam said.

LOCUSTS MOVEMENT

NEW DELHI, July 5 (PTI): The heaviest concentration of locust swarms in India was noticed during the week ended June 30 in the eastern parts of Bikaner and Jaipur Division, Southern Punjab and the Western Districts of the U. P., states the Director of Locust Control, India.

Swarms were also noticed in many districts in Rajasthan, Saurashtra, PEPSU, Punjab, Delhi, U. P., Vindhya Pradesh and Bihar.

The report says that a number of swarms entered Rajasthan from west and north-west. They were mostly immature. A few swarms already present in the country moved further east and reached Patna and Ranchi. In the Punjab, a number of districts, formerly free from locusts, were visited. These are Jullundur, Ludhiana, Ambala and Amritsar.

TURNING KHAR LANDS INTO PADDY FIELDS

More Than 11,000 Acres To Be Under Plough

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

OVER 11,000 acres of Khar lands will be brought under cultivation when the schemes which have already been approved by the Khar Lands Development Board are executed. Already, an area of 3,500 acres has been put under the plough.

The Board has so far approved 33 schemes of khar land development and work on 17 of them is in progress. The 33 schemes are distributed among the Districts of Thana, Kolaba, Karwar and Ratnagiri. There are 17 schemes, covering an acreage of 6,326, in the Kolaba District, 11 schemes, covering an acreage of 3,768, in the Thana District, four schemes, covering an acreage of 904 in the Kanara District and one scheme, covering an acreage of 195, in the Ratnagiri District. The total cost of all these schemes is estimated to be Rs. 7,81,525, the average cost per acre being Rs. 70.

ADDITIONAL YIELD

Out of the area of 5,530 acres covered by the schemes which have already been completed for all practical purposes, an area of about 3,500 acres is being actually brought under cultivation during the current year for the first time. It was lying fallow from seven to 30 years. The paddy yield of this land this year is estimated at 903 tons approximately, representing an additional income of Rs. 1,96,000 to agriculturists. The yield for the next year will naturally be higher. The remaining area of 2,030 acres was actually under cultivation. It will now have an assured crop and an additional yield of about three maunds per acre.

NEW SCHEMES

Twenty-two more development schemes, covering an area of 5,948 acres and costing Rs. 2,80,020, have been investigated and technically examined and they will be considered by the Board at its sixth meeting to be held on July 10. Ten of these schemes are in the Kolaba District, seven in the Thana District, four in the Ratnagiri District and one in the Broach District.

After the Board has approved these schemes, they would be put into execution immediately after the monsoon. The works are likely to be completed by the end of the year or in January 1951.

Besides the above-mentioned scheme, a few more proposals have been received by the Board and they are under investigation. Further, khar land works involving capital expenditure of about Rs. 9,28,000 financed under the Kolaba Rice Schemes, during the last three years, and now transferred to the Board for maintenance by the Agricultural and Forest Department, are under further survey and technical scrutiny of the Board's staff.

The Board has passed budget estimates amounting to Rs. 32,00,000 for development of khar lands during the current year and has already submitted it to the Government for approval.

Out of the total estimated cost, the Government's 40 per cent contribution amounts to 12,80,000. The Government contribution is eligible for grant of 50 per cent subsidy from the Government of India, as these are 'Grow More Food' schemes, which yield immediate results.

DOZEN RIFLES STOLEN

Reds Raid Police Station

KURNOOL, July 5, (PTI): Mr. P. V. Chelapathi Mudaliar, Collector of Kurnool, told pressmen today that his "on-the-spot inquiry" into the raid on the Pullalacheruvu police station by a gang on the night of July 1 disclosed that the raiders had stolen a dozen rifles and 150 live cartridges from the station. Pullalacheruvu is 160 miles from Kurnool on the border of Guntur District.

Mr. Mudaliar, who returned to Kurnool today, said that the raiders were believed to be Communists from Palnad Taluk of Guntur District.

"Strong contingents of special armed police have since been posted in villages bordering Guntur District to protect the people from surprise attacks by gangs", he said.

The Collector added that reserve forests and hills in the neighbourhood of Pullalacheruvu were being combed to see if the raiders were hiding there.

MAHAGUJARAT CONGRESS

5 Representatives From Kutch Elected

MANDVI, (Kutch) July 4.

Keen contests were observed in two districts of Kutch, namely Wagad and Mundra, Anjar, to elect representatives for the Mahagujarat Congress Committee.

Mr. Kantiprasad Antani and Mr. Ranchhodbhai Natha, both members of the Chief Commissioner's Advisory Council, were elected by thumping majority in their respective areas.

The opposition led by the right-wing rebels inside the Congress was reduced to a microscopic minority, both its candidates being defeated.

Three other members, Mr. Gulabshanker Dholakia, Mr. Premjee Raghawjee and Dr. Noshir Dastoor, were elected unopposed.

BHAWALPUR BAN ON URDU WEEKLY

The Government of Bhawalpur State have prohibited publication of a weekly Urdu newspaper the 'Absar'. It is said, the paper continued indulging in anti-Government activities though warned a number of times.

EX-HYDERABADI COMMITS SUICIDE

Could Get No Job In Pakistan

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, July 4.

Acute unemployment prevailing in Pakistan is said to be the cause of suicide by Mr Nazimuddin, former Joint Secretary in the Political Branch of the Nizam's Government.

It is stated, Mr. Nazimuddin was unemployed ever since the fall of Hyderabad State after India's 'Police Action' when he escaped to Pakistan along with his wife, eight children and an ailing sister-in-law for shelter. He applied for various vacancies in Pakistan but failing to get an appointment he is reported to have taken poison in desperation.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THE other day a friend called me to dinner and a flick. His excuse was that we had not done anything of this kind for ages. So I went over and we sat down to eat about 9 p.m. and then something went wrong, and he announced that we had to pick up two or three more persons; and finally we reached the theatre at 10 p.m. The main picture had already started and, with some justice, one of our party mildly protested that it was difficult to follow a show if one came late to it. My friend was not seriously perturbed and he sat solidly through the show, breathing heavily at the appropriate parts and even at one point letting out a hefty laugh which nearly literally brought the house down. So far as I am concerned I do not follow any picture, so it does not matter when I step in. I have a few healthy instincts, such as cheering when Pandit Jawaharlal's face appears on the screen and going to sleep over the comics, but otherwise I regard a cinema as a place to go to with friends.

When we stepped out of the cinema, the grumbling woman repeated her plaint. If we had only been in time, she said. My friend turned to her with the greatest good humour. If she would only realise, he said, it is best to miss the beginning of all pictures because it gets you right into the heart of the story.

We admired the composure of the man but we were hardly prepared for what followed. The woman asked him to be good enough to explain what it was all about. She was very sweet about it and, if I may say so, deceptively sweet. The old boy fell for it.

It is an experiment worth trying out; next time you go late to a picture, try to construct the first part with some five people around you. My friend did quite a good job, even though we all knew it was wrong. And we would have gone off, none the wiser but for the fact that we had acquired one more at the theatre, a man who had been right through the show. With a superior smile, he said, "And that proves the case to the hilt. Your tale is not the story of the picture." The collapse was complete.

Nandini Mehta's Appeal Fails

HIGH COURT'S JUDGEMENT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Mrs. Nandini Mehta ..... Appellant (Original Petitioner)

Versus

Bhagwandas C. Mehta .. Respondent.

On counsel for the appellant stating that he did not wish to prosecute the appeal, after it had been heard for five days, their Lordships dismissed the appeal. Counsel for the respondent thereupon stated that, without undertaking any obligation, his client was going to pay his wife Rs. 1,250 a month so long as she stayed with her mother or brother, or if circumstances did not permit her to stay with either of them, he would in addition pay the rent of a flat not exceeding Rs. 300 per month. Counsel for the respondent further stated, that without undertaking any obligation to do so, his client would have no objection to his wife having all reasonable access to the children and even to permit her to take the children for a holiday out of Bombay in consultation with him during school vacations, and to bear the reasonable expenses of such holidays. Counsel for the respondent stated that his client wanted him to state that in doing all that, he did not in any way recognize the right of his wife to stay separately from him. The counsel for the respondent not objecting, their Lordships, however, directed that the order as to costs in the lower court should stand, and that the respondent was to pay the appellant's costs of the appeal as between attorney and client.

The petitioner was married to the respondent, a mill-owner and ex-Chairman of the Bombay Millowners' Association, on 8th February 1939 under the Special Marriage Act and there are three children of the marriage.

PETITIONER'S PLEA

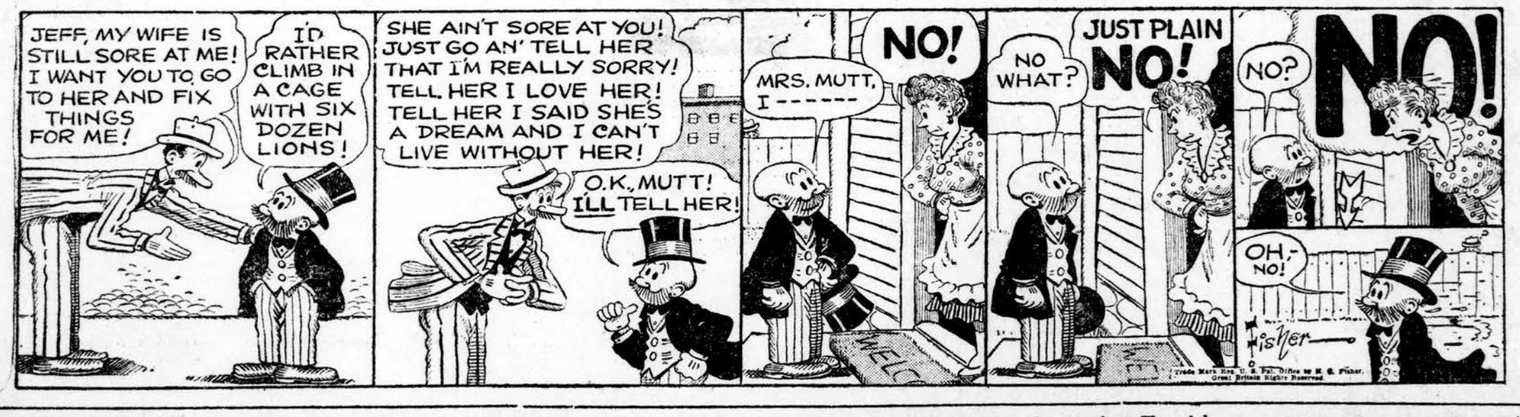
The petitioner alleged that the respondent habitually treated her with cruelty and often abused and insulted her in intemperate language. The petitioner alleged that on the night of 14th March 1949, the respondent assaulted her and the petitioner was compelled to leave the matrimonial home that very night. The petitioner urged that the conduct of the respondent had rendered future co-habitation dangerous, and she therefore claimed judicial separation from him.

The respondent denied all allegations of cruelty and prayed that the petition be dismissed. The respondent stated that the petitioner, influenced by the teachings of one Krishnamurti as to non-attachment and absolute personal freedom, had completely abandoned conjugal relations with the respondent and had neglected the children.

Holding that the incidents complained of were of a minor character, the trial judge Mr. Justice Weston had dismissed the petition in January last after a protracted hearing. From that dismissal, the petitioner had filed the present appeal.

Mr. Purshottam Trikamdas and Mr. K. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the appellant.

MUTT AND JEFF—This Apparently Isn't Old Home Week At Mutt's House **By BUD FISHER**


JEFF, MY WIFE IS STILL SORE AT ME! I WANT YOU TO GO TO HER AND FIX THINGS FOR ME!
I'D RATHER CLIMB IN A CAGE WITH SIX DOZEN LIONS!
SHE AIN'T SORE AT YOU! JUST GO AN' TELL HER THAT I'M REALLY SORRY! TELL HER I LOVE HER! TELL HER I SAID SHE'S A DREAM AND I CAN'T LIVE WITHOUT HER!
O.K., MUTT! I'LL TELL HER!
MRS. MUTT, I------
NO!
NO WHAT?
JUST PLAIN NO!
NO?
NO!
OH, NO!
Fisher

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